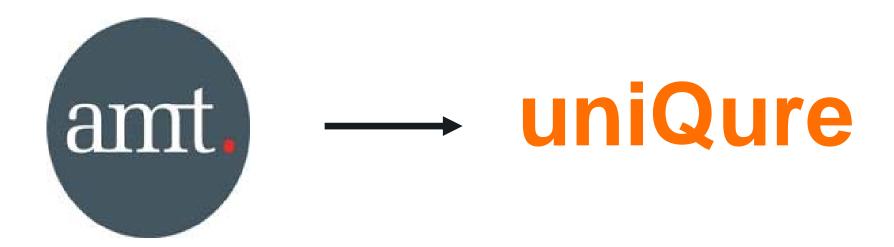
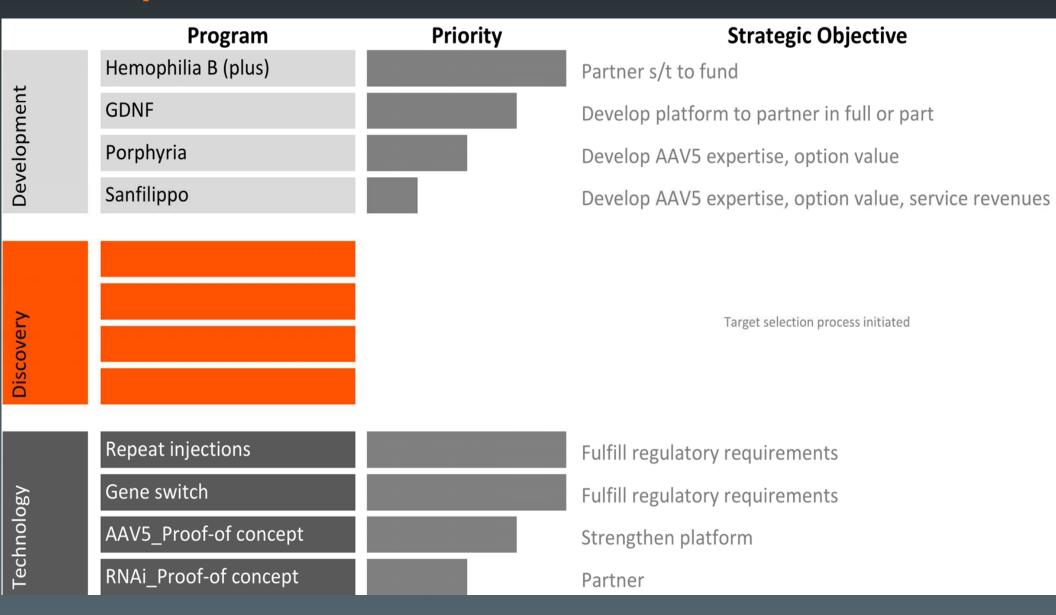
Harald Petry ESOF Dublin July 2012

uniQure – the New AMT



Corporate Focus uniQure 2012

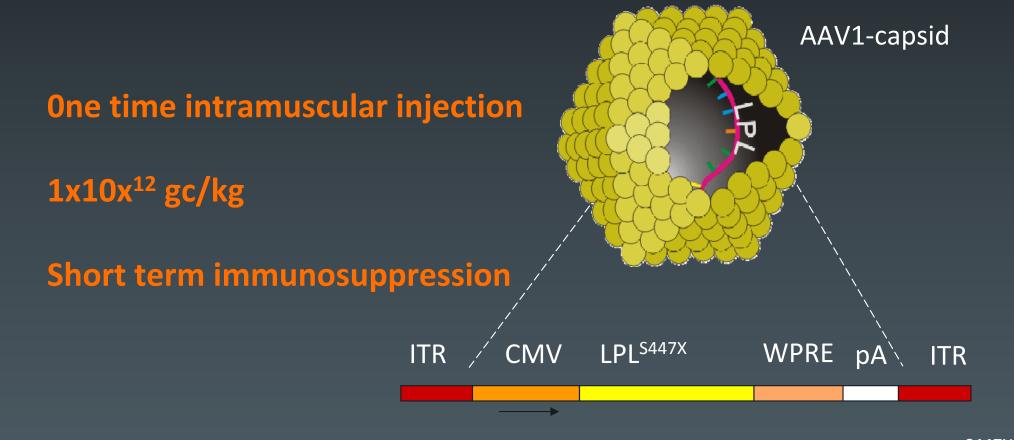


Glybera:

not in the active portfolio, but in the back of our mind

- How is Glybera influencing uniQure's Portfolio:
 experience and established technology platforms
- Lessons learned from Glybera:
 step up in clinical development
 enter new ground,
 e.g. re-administration, regulated gene expression,
 gene targeting

What is Glybera



AAV2-LPLS447X

CT-AMT-010: dose response / mammalian cell produced CT-AMT-011-01: dose response / insect cell produced

CT-AMT-011-02: single dose /insect cell produced

For what is Glybera?

Disease

LPLD - Lack of lipoprotein lipase necessary in fat metabolism

Manifestations

Chylomicronemia

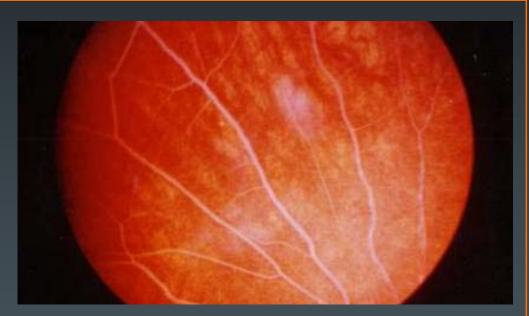
Pancreatitis (potentially lethal)

Diabetes mellitus

Atherosclerosis

Treatment

AAV-based gene therapy - LPLD gene to restore body's natural fat metabolism





LPL biology



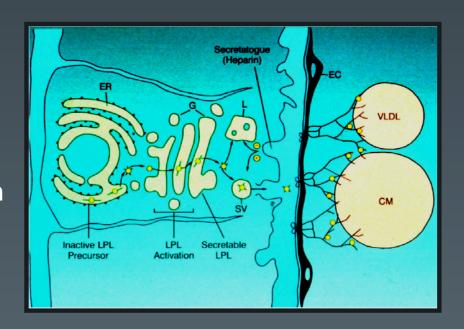
Secreted into the circulation as a catalytically active enzyme

Mainly bound to endothelium

Substrate: triglycerides(in chylomicrons and VLDL)

Crucial function in lipid metabolism

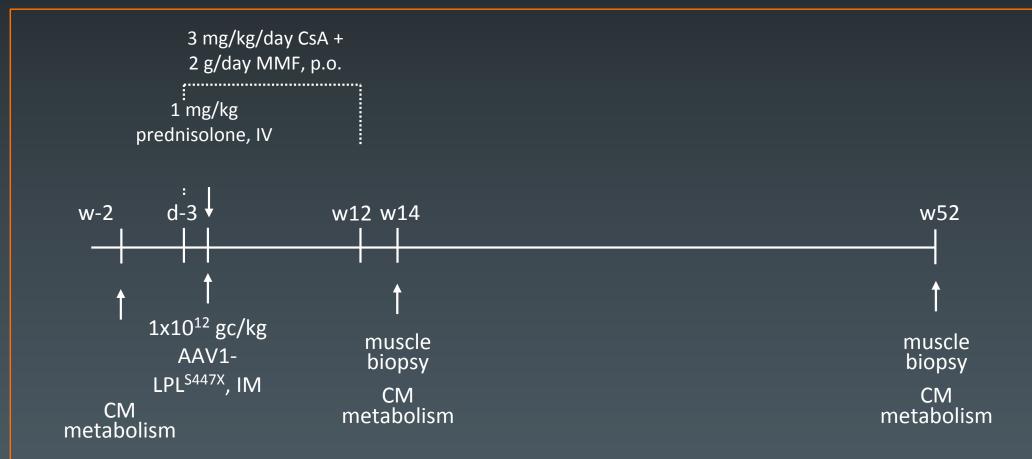
- hydrolysis of triglycerides
- lipoprotein binding: bridging function



Expression:

heart muscle, adipose tissue, <u>skeletal muscle</u>

Design 3rd clinical study AMT-011-02



- 5 subjects, 1x10¹² gc/kg AAV1-LPL^{S447X} + CsA/MMF (oral) + prednisolone (IV)
- 1 month run-in + 1 year follow-up

(ECOGENE-21 Clinical Trial Center, Chicoutimi, Quebec, Canada)

Long term safety data of Glybera

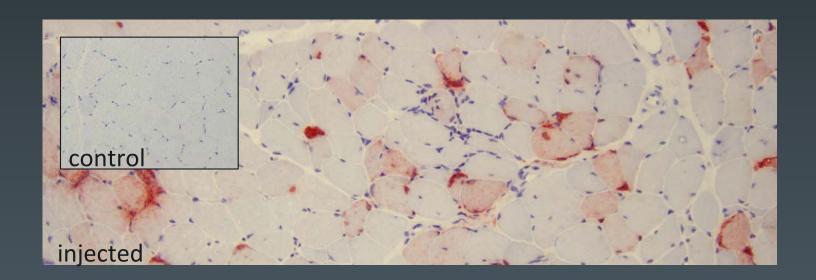
 Follow-up period is up to 5 years post-dosing (for recommended Glybera dose)

No major safety concerns:

- Most frequently reported AEs were local reactions (bruising, myalgia, muscle pain), headache, and nausea
- All of these were transient and of mild to moderate intensity
- No pattern of significant changes in laboratory parameters (other than plasma lipids)
- No clinical evidence of long-term effects on muscle function or loss of LPL expression in muscle

Well tolerated treatment

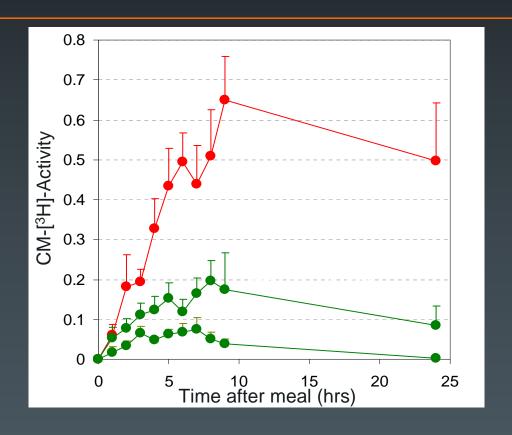
LPL vector DNA and expression



LPLS447X expression in muscle, 1 year post administration

Sier-Ferreira et al 2012 in prep

Effect on postprandial CM metabolism



- disturbed CM metabolism in untreated LPL deficient patients; majority circulates as large/buoyant CM
- greatly improved CM metabolism after treatment (1x10¹² gc/kg AAV1-LPL^{S447X}); minority circulates as large/buoyant CM
- persistence up to 1 year after treatment

Carpentier et al 2012

Immune response – a hurdle for re-adminsitration?

What type of immune response was observed during clinical development of Glybera

Some of the lessons we learned for the future



Systemic immune response

	Tcells				antibodies			
	AAV		LPL		AAV		LPL	
	В	А	В	Α	В	А	В	Α
01- 001	-	1/9	-	-	+	++	-	-
01- 002	-	5/8	-	-	+	++	•	-
01- 003	-	1/8	•	•	ı	‡	1	-
02- 001	-	2/8	-	-	+	+	1	-
02- 002	-	1/8	-	-	-	++	-	-



Local Immune reponse

Gene expression despite systemic immune response triggered a detailed analysis of the local immune response

- Granzyme B and Fas ligand both are markers for cytolytic activity
 - > expression not observed in LPL expressing muscle tissue
- Fox P3 and CD24 both are markers for T-regulatory cells
 - > expression observed in LPL expressing muscle tissue

Those studies suggest a type of local tolerance

Summary Glybera

- No safety conern
 - > no CPK increase
- Systemic immune response against AAV capsid proteins but not LPL
- Local immune reponse is indicating local tolerance
- Local long term (monitored for 1 year) expression of LPL despite local immune response
- Systemic acitivity of LPL
- Decreased risk for pancreatitis (followe for 3-5 years)