

**CONTAINS PARACETAMOL****Package leaflet: information for the user****IXPRIM® effervescent 37.5 mg/325 mg effervescent tablets**

Tramadol hydrochloride/Paracetamol

**Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.**

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, please ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet (see section 4).

What is in this leaflet:

1. What IXPRI M is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take IXPRI M
3. How to take IXPRI M
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store IXPRI M
6. Contents of the pack and other information

**1. What IXPRI M is and what it is used for**

IXPRI M is a combination of two analgesics, tramadol hydrochloride and paracetamol, which act together to relieve your pain.

IXPRI M is intended for use in the treatment of moderate to severe pain when your doctor recommends that a combination of tramadol hydrochloride and paracetamol is needed.

IXPRI M should only be taken by adults and adolescents over 12 years.

**2. What you need to know before you take IXPRI M****Do not take IXPRI M**

- if you are allergic to tramadol hydrochloride, paracetamol, sunset yellow or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6);
- in acute poisoning with alcohol, sleeping pills, pain relievers or other psychotropic medicines (medicines that affect mood and emotions);
- if you are also taking MAO inhibitors (certain medicines used for treatment of depression or Parkinson's disease) or have taken them in the last 14 days before treatment with IXPRI M;
- if you suffer from a severe liver disorder;
- if you have epilepsy that is not adequately controlled on your current medicine.

**Warnings and precautions****Talk to your doctor before taking IXXPRIM**

- if you take other medicines containing paracetamol or tramadol hydrochloride;
- if you have liver problems or liver disease or if you notice your eyes and skin turning yellow. This may suggest jaundice or problems with your bile ducts.
- if you have kidney problems;
- if you have severe difficulties in breathing for example asthma or severe lung problems;
- if you have epilepsy or have already experienced fits or seizures;
- if you suffer from depression and you are taking antidepressants as some of them may interact with tramadol (see “Other medicines and IXXPRIM”);
- if you have recently suffered from a head injury, shock or severe headaches associated with vomiting;
- if you are dependent on any medicines including those used to relieve pain, for example morphine;
- take other medicines to treat pain that contain buprenorphine, nalbuphine or pentazocine;
- if you are going to have an anaesthetic. Tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking IXXPRIM.

If any of the above-mentioned points applied to you in the past or applies to you while you are taking IXXPRIM, please make sure your doctor knows. He/she can then decide whether you should continue to use this medicine.

**Sleep-related breathing disorders**

TRAMACET contains an active substance that belongs to the group of opioids. Opioids can cause sleep-related breathing disorders, for example central sleep apnea (shallow/pause of breathing during sleep) and sleep-related hypoxemia (low level of oxygen in the blood).

The risk of experiencing central sleep apnea is dependent on the dose of opioids. Your doctor may consider decreasing your total opioid dosage if you experience central sleep apnea.

There is a small risk that you may experience a so-called serotonin syndrome that can occur after having taken tramadol in combination with certain antidepressants or tramadol alone. Seek medical advice immediately if you have any of the symptoms related to this serious syndrome (see section 4 “Possible side effects”).

Tramadol is transformed in the liver by an enzyme. Some people have a variation of this enzyme and this can affect people in different ways. In some people, they may not get enough pain relief but other people are more likely to get serious side effects. If you notice any of the following side effects, you must stop taking this medicine and seek immediate medical advice: slow or shallow breathing, confusion, sleepiness, small pupils, feeling or being sick, constipation, lack of appetite.

**Children and adolescents**

Use in children with breathing problems:

Tramadol is not recommended in children with breathing problems, since the symptoms of tramadol toxicity may be worse in these children.

Talk to your doctor if you experience any of the following symptoms while taking IXXPRIM:

Extreme fatigue, lack of appetite, severe abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting or low blood pressure.

This may indicate that you have adrenal insufficiency (low cortisol levels) If you have these symptoms, contact your doctor, who will decide if you need to take hormone supplement.

**Other medicines and IXXPRIM**

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

**Important: This medicine contains paracetamol and tramadol hydrochloride. Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicine containing paracetamol or tramadol hydrochloride, so that you do not exceed the maximum daily doses.**

You **must not** take IXPRIIM together with monoamine oxidase inhibitors (“MAOIs”) (see section “Do not take IXPRIIM”).

IXPRIIM is not recommended to be taken with the following:

- carbamazepine (a medicine commonly used to treat epilepsy or some types of pain such as severe pain attacks in the face called trigeminal neuralgia).
- buprenorphine, nalbuphine or pentazocine (opioid-type pain relievers). The pain-relieving effect may be reduced.

The risk of side effects increases.

- if you are taking triptans (for migraine) or selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitors, “SSRIs” (for depression ). If you experience confusion, restlessness, fever, sweating, uncoordinated movement of limbs or eyes, uncontrollable jerking of muscles or diarrhoea you should call your doctor.
- if you are taking other pain relievers such as morphine and codeine (also as cough medicine), baclofen (a muscle relaxant) medicines used to lower blood pressure or medicines to treat allergies. You may feel drowsy or feel faint. If this happens, tell your doctor.

Concomitant use of IXPRIIM and sedative medicines such as benzodiazepines or related drugs increases the risk of drowsiness, difficulties in breathing (respiratory depression), coma and may be life-threatening. Because of this, concomitant use should only be considered when other treatment options are not possible. However if your doctor prescribes IXPRIIM together with sedative medicines the dose and duration of concomitant treatment should be limited by your doctor.

Please tell your doctor about all sedative medicines you are taking, and follow your doctor’s dose recommendation closely. It could be helpful to inform friends or relatives to be aware of the signs and symptoms stated above. Contact your doctor when experiencing such symptoms.

- if you are taking medicines which may cause convulsions (fits), such as certain antidepressants or antipsychotics. The risk having a fit may increase if you take IXPRIIM at the same time. Your doctor will tell you whether IXPRIIM is suitable for you.
- if you are taking certain antidepressants, IXPRIIM may interact with these medicines and you may experience serotonin syndrome (see section 4 “Possible side effects”).
- if you are taking warfarin or phenprocoumon (for blood thinning). The effectiveness of such medicines may be altered and bleeding may occur. Any prolonged or unexpected bleeding should be reported to your doctor immediately.

The effectiveness of IXPRIIM may be altered if you also take

- metoclopramide, domperidone or ondansetron (medicines for treatment of nausea and vomiting),
- cholestyramine (medicine to reduce cholesterol in the blood),

Your doctor will tell you which medicines are safe to take with IXPRIIM.

### **Taking IXPRIIM with food and alcohol**

IXPRIIM may make you feel drowsy. Alcohol may make you feel drowsier, so it is best not to drink alcohol while you are taking IXPRIIM.

### **Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility**

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

**As IXPRI M contains tramadol hydrochloride, you should not take this medicine during pregnancy or breast-feeding. If you become pregnant during treatment with IXPRI M, please consult your doctor before taking any further tablets.**

### **Breast-feeding**

Tramadol is excreted into breast milk. For this reason, you should not take IXPRI M more than once during breast-feeding, or alternatively, if you take IXPRI M more than once, you should stop breast-feeding. Based on human experience tramadol is suggested not to influence female or male fertility. No data on the influence of the combination of tramadol and paracetamol on fertility are available.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking any medicine.

### **Driving and using machines**

IXPRI M may make you feel drowsy and this may affect your ability to drive, or use tools and machines, safely.

### **IXPRI M contains Sunset yellow E110 and sodium**

The medicinal product contains the colorant Sunset yellow E110 which may cause allergic reactions.

This medicinal product contains 7.8 mmol (or 179.4 mg) sodium (main component of cooking/ table salt) in each effervescent tablet. This is equivalent to 9.1% of the recommended maximum daily dietary intake of sodium for an adult. Talk to your doctor or pharmacist if you need 2 or more tablets daily for a prolonged period, especially if you have been advised to follow a low salt (sodium) diet.

## **3. HOW TO TAKE IXPRI M**

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

You should take IXPRI M for as short a time as possible.

The use in children below the age of 12 years is not recommended.

The dosage should be adjusted to the intensity of your pain and your individual pain sensitivity. In general the lowest pain-relieving dose should be taken.

The recommended starting dose, unless otherwise prescribed by your doctor, is 2 effervescent tablets for adults and adolescents over 12 years.

If required, further doses may be taken, as recommended by your doctor. The shortest time between doses must be at least 6 hours.

**Do not take more than 8 IXPRI M effervescent tablets per day.**

Do not take IXPRI M more often than your doctor has told you.

**Older people**

In older patients (above 75 years) the excretion of tramadol may be delayed. If this applies to you, your doctor may recommend prolonging the dosage interval.

**Severe liver or kidney disease (insufficiency) /dialysis patients**

Patients with severe liver and/or kidney insufficiency should not take IXPGRIM. If in your case the insufficiency is mild or moderate, your doctor may recommend prolonging the dosage interval.

**Method of administration:**

The effervescent tablets are for oral use.

Effervescent tablets should be taken dissolved in a glass of drinking water.

If you think that the effect of IXPGRIM is too strong (i.e. you feel very drowsy or have difficulty breathing) or too weak (i.e. you have inadequate pain relief), contact your doctor.

**If you take more IXPGRIM than you should:**

In such cases please contact your doctor or pharmacist immediately even if you feel well. There is a risk of liver damage which may only show later.

**If you forget to take IXPGRIM:**

If you forget to take the effervescent tablets, pain is likely to return. Do not take a double dose to make up for forgotten individual doses, simply continue taking the effervescent tablets as before.

**If you stop taking IXPGRIM:**

You should not suddenly stop taking this medicine unless your doctor tells you to. If you want to stop taking your medicine, discuss this with your doctor first, particularly if you have been taking it for a long time. Your doctor will advise you when and how to stop, which may be by lowering the dose gradually to reduce the chance of developing unnecessary side effects (withdrawal symptoms).

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

**4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, IXPGRIM can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Very common: may affect more than 1 in 10 people

- nausea,
- dizziness, drowsiness.

Common: may affect up to 1 in 10 people

- vomiting, digestion problems (constipation, flatulence, diarrhoea), stomach pain, dry mouth,
- itching, sweating (hyperhidrosis),
- headache, shaking,
- confusional state, sleep disorders, mood changes (anxiety, nervousness, a feeling of high spirits).

Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people

- increase in pulse or blood pressure, heart rate or heart rhythm disorders,
- tingling, numbness or feeling of pins and needles in the limbs, ringing in the ear, involuntary muscle twitching,

- depression, nightmares, hallucination (hearing, seeing or sensing things that are not really there), memory lapses,
- difficulty breathing
- difficulty swallowing, blood in the stools,
- skin reactions (for example rashes, hives),
- increase in liver enzyme values,
- presence of albumin in urine, difficulties or pain on passing urine,
- shivering, hot flushes, pain in the chest.

Rare: may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people

- fits, difficulties in carrying out coordinated movements, transient loss of consciousness (syncope),
- drug dependence,
- delirium,
- vision blurred, constriction of the pupils (miosis)
- speech disorders,
- excessive dilation of the pupils (mydriasis).

Unknown: frequency not known

- decrease in blood sugar level (hypoglycaemia)

The following are recognised side effects which have been reported by people using medicines that contain only tramadol hydrochloride or only paracetamol. However, if you experience any of these while taking IXPRI M, you should tell your doctor:

- feeling faint when getting up from a lying or sitting position, slow heart rate, fainting, changes in appetite, muscle weakness, slower or weaker breathing, mood changes, changes in activity, changes in perception, worsening of existing asthma.
- Use of IXPRI M together with medicines used to thin the blood (e.g. phenprocoumon, warfarin) may increase the bleeding risk. Any prolonged or unexpected bleeding should be reported to your doctor immediately.
- In some rare cases a skin rash, indicating an allergic reaction, may develop with sudden swelling of the face and neck, difficulties breathing or drop of blood pressure and fainting. If this happens to you, stop treatment and see a doctor immediately. You must not take the medicine again.

In rare cases, using a medicine of the type of tramadol hydrochloride may make you become dependent on it, making it hard to stop taking it.

On rare occasions, people who have been taking tramadol hydrochloride for some time may feel unwell if they stop treatment abruptly. They may feel agitated, anxious, nervous or shaky. They may be hyperactive, have difficulty sleeping and have stomach or bowel disorders. Very few people may also get panic attacks, hallucinations, unusual perceptions such as itching, tingling and numbness, and noise in the ears (tinnitus). If you experience any of these complaints after stopping IXPRI M, please consult your doctor.

- Frequency not known: hiccups.

Serotonin syndrome, that can manifest as mental status changes (e.g. agitation, hallucinations, coma), and other effects, such as fever, increase in heart rate, unstable blood pressure, involuntary twitching, muscular rigidity, lack of coordination and/or gastrointestinal symptoms (e.g. nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea) (see section 2 “What you need to know before you take IXPRI M”).

In exceptional cases blood tests may reveal certain abnormalities, for instance, low counts of blood platelets, which may result in nose bleeds or bleeding gums.

Very rare cases of serious skin reactions have been reported with paracetamol.

Rare cases of respiratory depression have been reported with tramadol.

### **Reporting of side effects**

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects via HPRA Pharmacovigilance Website: [www.hpra.ie](http://www.hpra.ie). By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

## **5. HOW TO STORE IXXPRIM**

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and the aluminium strip or on the carton and the bottom of the plastic tablet container. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

### **Packed in strips of coated aluminium foil:**

Do not store above 25° C.

### **Packed in plastic tablet containers:**

Do not store above 30° C.

After first opening: Keep the container tightly closed in order to protect from moisture.

Do not store above 30° C.

Shelf-life after first opening: 1 year, not exceeding the expiry date.

Do not throw away any medicines via waste water or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

## **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

### **What IXXPRIM contains**

- The active substances are tramadol hydrochloride and paracetamol.  
One effervescent tablet contains 37.5 mg tramadol hydrochloride and 325 mg paracetamol.

- The other ingredients are:

Monosodium citrate anhydrous, citric acid anhydrous, Povidone K30, sodium hydrogen carbonate, Macrogol 6000, silica colloidal anhydrous, magnesium stearate, Flavour Orange (maltodextrin (maize), modified starch (E1450), natural and artificial flavourings), acesulfame potassium, saccharin sodium, Sunset yellow (E110)

### **What IXXPRIM looks like and contents of the pack**

IXXPRIM effervescent tablets are off white to slightly rosy coloured with some coloured speckles.

The tablets are packed in strips of coated aluminium foil or plastic tubes.

IxxPRIM comes in boxes of 2, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 or 100 effervescent tablets packed in aluminium strips  
or in boxes of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 or 100 effervescent tablets packed in plastic tablet containers.

Not all pack sizes will be marketed.

### Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

#### Marketing Authorisation Holder:

Grünenthal Pharma Ltd.  
4045 Kingswood Road  
Citywest Business Park  
Citywest  
Co. Dublin  
Ireland

#### Manufacturer:

Grünenthal GmbH  
Zieglerstraße 6,  
D-52078 Aachen  
Germany

### This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

Austria	Zaldiar® 37.5 mg / 325 mg – Brausetablette
Belgium	Pontalsic® 37,5 mg / 325 mg, bruistablet / comprimé effervescent / Brausetablette Zaldiar® 37,5 mg / 325 mg, bruistablet / comprimé effervescent / Brausetablette
France	Ixxprim® 37,5mg/325mg, comprimé effervescent Zaldiar® 37,5mg/325mg, comprimé effervescent
Germany	Zaldiar® 37,5 mg / 325 mg Brausetabletten
Hungary	Zaldiar® 37.5 mg/325 mg, pezsgőtabletta
Ireland	Ixxprim® effervescent 37.5 mg/325 mg, effervescent tablet
Luxembourg	Zaldiar® 37,5 mg / 325 mg, bruistablet / comprimé effervescent / Brausetablette
Netherlands	Zaldiar® Bruis, 37,5 mg/325 mg, bruistabletten
Portugal	Zaldiar® EFE 37,5mg/325 mg comprimidos efervescentes
Slovenia	Zaldiar® 37,5 mg/325 mg šumeče tablete
Spain	Zaldiar® 37,5 mg/325 mg comprimidos efervescentes
United Kingdom (NI)	Tramacet® 37.5 mg/325 mg effervescent tablet

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