

Package leaflet: Information for the user

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 20 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg Film-coated Tablets

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Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg Film-coated Tablets

olmesartan medoxomil/amlodipine/hydrochlorothiazide

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel
3. How to take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is and what it is used for

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel contains three active substances called olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine (as amlodipine besilate) and hydrochlorothiazide. All three substances help to control high blood pressure.

- **Olmesartan medoxomil** belongs to a group of medicines called “angiotensin-II receptor antagonists”, which lowers blood pressure by relaxing the blood vessels.
- **Amlodipine** belongs to a group of substances called “calcium channel blockers”. Amlodipine also lowers blood pressure by relaxing blood vessels.
- **Hydrochlorothiazide** is one of a group of medicines called thiazide diuretics (“water tablets”). It lowers blood pressure by making your kidneys produce more urine, thus helping the body to get rid of extra fluid.

The actions of these substances contribute to decrease your blood pressure.

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is used for the treatment of high blood pressure

- in adult patients whose blood pressure is not adequately controlled on the combination of olmesartan medoxomil and amlodipine taken as a fixed-dose combination
- in patients, who are already taking a fixed-dose combination of olmesartan medoxomil and hydrochlorothiazide plus amlodipine as a single tablet, or a fixed-dose combination of olmesartan medoxomil and amlodipine plus hydrochlorothiazide as a single tablet

2. What you need to know before you take Olmesartan

medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel

DO NOT take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel if

- you are allergic to olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine or a particular group of calcium channel blockers (dihydropyridines), to hydrochlorothiazide or to substances similar to hydrochlorothiazide (sulphonamides) or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6). If you think you may be allergic talk to your doctor before taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel
- you have severe kidney problems
- you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren
- you have low potassium, low sodium, high calcium or high uric acid (with symptoms of gout or kidney stones) levels in your blood that have not improved when treated
- you are more than 3 months pregnant. (It is also better to avoid Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel in early pregnancy - see section “Pregnancy and breast-feeding”)
- you have severe liver problems, if bile secretion is impaired or drainage of bile from the gall bladder is blocked (e.g. by gallstones), or if you are jaundiced (yellowing of the skin and eyes)
- you have poor blood supply to your tissues with symptoms such as low blood pressure, low pulse, fast heartbeat or shock (including cardiogenic shock, which means shock due to severe heart troubles)
- you have very low blood pressure
- the blood flow from your heart is slow or blocked. This may happen if the blood vessel or valve that takes blood away from your heart is narrowed (aortic stenosis)
- your heart doesn't pump enough blood after a heart attack (acute myocardial infarction). Low heart output may make you feel short of breath or have swelling in your feet and ankles

Do not take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel if any of the above applies to you.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel.

Tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure:

- an ACE-inhibitor (for example enalapril, lisinopril, ramipril), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems
- aliskiren

Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.

See also information under the heading “DO NOT take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel if”.

Tell your doctor if you have any of the following health issues:

- kidney problems or a kidney transplant
- liver disease
- heart failure or problems with your heart valves or heart muscle
- severe vomiting, diarrhoea, treatment with high doses of diuretics (“water tablets”) or if you are on a low salt diet
- increased levels of potassium in your blood
- problems with your adrenal glands (hormone-producing glands on top of the kidneys)
- diabetes
- lupus erythematosus (an autoimmune disease)
- allergies or asthma
- skin reactions such as sunburn or rash after being in the sun or using a sunbed
- if you have had skin cancer or if you develop an unexpected skin lesion during the treatment.

Treatment with hydrochlorothiazide, particularly long term use with high doses, may increase the

risk of some types of skin and lip cancer (non-melanoma skin cancer). Protect your skin from sun exposure and UV rays while taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel.

Contact your doctor if you experience any of the following symptoms:

- diarrhoea that is severe, persistent and causing substantial weight loss. Your doctor will evaluate your symptoms and decide on how to continue your blood pressure medication
- decrease in vision or eye pain. These could be symptoms of fluid accumulation in the vascular layer of the eye (choroidal effusion) or an increase of pressure in your eye and can happen within hours to weeks of taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel. This can lead to permanent vision impairment, if not treated
- if you experienced breathing or lung problems (including inflammation or fluid in the lungs) following hydrochlorothiazide intake in the past. If you develop any severe shortness of breath or difficulty breathing after taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel, seek medical attention immediately.

As with any medicine, which reduces blood pressure, an excessive drop in blood pressure in patients with blood flow disturbances of the heart or brain could lead to a heart attack or stroke. Your doctor will therefore check your blood pressure carefully.

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel may cause a rise in blood fat levels and uric acid levels (the cause of gout – painful swelling of the joints). Your doctor will probably want to do a blood test from time to time to check these.

This medicine may change the levels of certain chemicals in your blood called electrolytes. Your doctor may want to do a blood test from time to time to check these. Signs of electrolyte changes are: thirst, dryness of the mouth, muscle pain or cramps, tired muscles, low blood pressure (hypotension), feeling weak, sluggish, tired, sleepy or restless, nausea, vomiting, less need to pass urine, a rapid heart rate. **Tell your doctor if you notice these symptoms.**

If you are due to have tests for parathyroid function you should stop taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel before these tests are carried out.

You must tell your doctor if you think that you are (or might become) pregnant. Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is not recommended in early pregnancy and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see section “Pregnancy and breast-feeding”).

Children and adolescents (under 18)

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is not recommended for children and adolescents under the age of 18.

Other medicines and Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any of the following:

- **other blood pressure lowering medicines**, as the effect of Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel can be increased. Your doctor may need to change your dose and/or to take other precautions: If you are taking an **ACE-inhibitor** or **aliskiren** (see also information under the headings “DO NOT take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel if” and “Warnings and precautions”)
- **lithium** (a medicine used to treat mood swings and some types of depression), used at the same time as Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel may increase the toxicity of lithium. If you have to take lithium your doctor will measure your lithium blood levels
- **diltiazem, verapamil**, used for heart rhythm problems and high blood pressure
- **rifampicin, erythromycin, clarithromycin, tetracyclines or sparfloxacin**, antibiotics used for tuberculosis and other infections
- **St. John’s wort** (*Hypericum perforatum*), a herbal remedy for the treatment of depression

- **cisapride**, used to increase food movement in the stomach and gut
- **diphemanil**, used to treat a slow heartbeat or reduce sweating
- **halofantrine**, used for malaria
- **vincamine IV**, used to improve circulation to the nervous system
- **amantadine**, used for Parkinson's disease
- **potassium supplements, salt substitutes containing potassium, "water tablets"** (diuretics), **heparin** (for thinning the blood and preventing blood clots), **ACE inhibitors** (for lowering blood pressure), **laxatives, steroids, adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH), carbenoxolone** (for treatment of mouth and stomach ulcers), **penicillin G sodium** (also called benzylpenicillin sodium, an antibiotic), **certain pain killers** such as acetylsalicylic acid or salicylates. Using these medicines at the same time as Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel may alter the levels of potassium in your blood
- **Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs** (NSAIDs, medicines used to relieve pain, swelling and other symptoms of inflammation, including arthritis), used at the same time as Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel may increase the risk of kidney failure. The effect of Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel can be decreased by NSAIDs. In case of high dosages of salicylate the toxic effect on central nervous system may be increased
- **sleeping tablets, sedatives and anti-depressant medicines**, as using these medicines together with Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel may cause a sudden drop in blood pressure when standing up
- **colesevelam hydrochloride**, a drug that lowers the level of cholesterol in your blood, as the effect of Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel may be decreased. Your doctor may advise you to take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel at least 4 hours before colesevelam hydrochloride
- **certain antacids** (indigestion or heartburn remedies) as the effect of Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel can be slightly decreased
- **certain muscle relaxing medicines** such as baclofen and tubocurarine
- **anticholinergic agents** such as atropine and biperiden
- **calcium supplements**
- **dantrolene** (infusion for severe body temperature abnormalities)
- **simvastatin**, used to lower levels of cholesterol and fats (triglycerides) in the blood
- **medicines used to control your body's immune response** (such as tacrolimus, cyclosporine), enabling your body to accept the transplanted organ

Also, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any of the following medicines to treat:

- **certain mental health problems** such as thioridazine, chlorpromazine, levomepromazine, trifluoperazine, cyamemazine, sulpiride, amisulpride, pimozide, sultopride, tiapride, droperidol or haloperidol
- **low blood sugar** (e.g. diazoxide) or **high blood pressure** (e.g. beta-blockers, methyl dopa) as Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel can affect how these drugs work
- **heart rhythm problems** such as mizolastine, pentamidine, terfenadine, dofetilide, ibutilide or erythromycin injections
- **HIV/AIDS** (e.g. ritonavir, indinavir, nelfinavir)
- **fungal infections** (e.g. ketoconazole, itraconazole, amphotericin)
- **heart problems**, such as quinidine, hydroquinidine, disopyramide, amiodarone, sotalol, bepridil or digitalis
- **cancers**, such as amifostine, cyclophosphamide or methotrexate
- **low blood pressure and slow heart rate**, such as noradrenaline
- **gout**, such as probenecid, sulfinpyrazone and allopurinol
- **high blood fat levels**, such as colestyramine and colestipol
- **high blood sugar**, such as metformin or insulin

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other

medicines.

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel with food and drink

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel can be taken with or without food.

Grapefruit juice and grapefruit should not be consumed by people who are taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel. This is because grapefruit and grapefruit juice can lead to an increase in the blood levels of the active ingredient amlodipine, which can cause an unpredictable increase in the blood pressure lowering effect of Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel.

Take care when drinking alcohol while you are taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel as some people feel faint or dizzy. If this happens to you, do not drink any alcohol.

Elderly

If you are over 65 years of age your doctor will regularly check your blood pressure at any dose increase, to make sure that your blood pressure does not become too low.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Pregnancy

You must tell your doctor if you think that you are (or might become) pregnant. Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine. Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is not recommended during pregnancy and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy.

If you become pregnant during treatment with Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel please inform and see your doctor without delay.

Breast-feeding

Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding or about to start breast-feeding. Amlodipine and hydrochlorothiazide have been shown to pass into breast milk in small amounts. Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is not recommended for mothers who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed.

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines

You may feel sleepy, sick or dizzy or get a headache while being treated for your high blood pressure. If this happens do not drive or use machines until the symptoms wear off. Ask your doctor for advice.

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel contains lactose

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

3. How to take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Dosage

The recommended dose of Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is one tablet per day.

Method of administration

The tablet can be taken with or without food. Swallow the tablet with some fluid (such as a glass of water). The tablet should not be chewed. Do not take the tablet with grapefruit juice.

If possible, take your daily dose at the same time each day, for example at breakfast time.

40 mg/5 mg/25 mg and 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg:

The score line is not intended for breaking the tablet.

If you take more Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel than you should

If you take more tablets than you should you may experience low blood pressure with symptoms such as dizziness, fast or slow heartbeat.

If you take more tablets than you should or if a child accidentally swallows some go to your doctor or nearest emergency department immediately and take your medicine pack or this leaflet with you.

Excess fluid may accumulate in your lungs (pulmonary oedema) causing shortness of breath that may develop up to 24-48 hours after intake.

If you forget to take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel

If you forget to take a dose take your normal dose the following day as usual. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

If you stop taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel

It is important to continue to take Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel unless your doctor tells you to stop.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. If side effects do occur they are often mild and do not require treatment to be stopped.

Although not many people may get them, the following side effects can be serious:

Allergic reactions with swelling of the face, mouth and/or larynx (voice box) together with itching and rash may occur during treatment with Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel. **If this happens, stop taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel and contact your doctor immediately.**

Severe light-headedness or fainting, as Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel can cause the blood pressure to fall too low in susceptible individuals. **If this happens, stop taking Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel, contact your doctor immediately and lay down flat.**

Frequency not known: If you experience yellowing of the whites of the eyes, dark urine, itching of the skin, even if you started therapy with Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel longer time ago, **contact your doctor immediately** who will evaluate your symptoms and decide on how to continue your blood pressure medication.

Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people)

Acute respiratory distress (signs include severe shortness of breath, fever, weakness, and confusion).

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel is a combination of three active substances. The following information firstly gives the other side effects reported so far with the combination Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel (besides those already mentioned above) and, secondly, those side effects, which are known for each of the separate substances or when two substances are given together.

To give you an idea of how many patients might get side effects, they have been listed according to how frequently they are reported.

These are the other side effects known about so far with Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel:

If these side effects occur, they are often mild and **you do not need to stop your treatment.**

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

- upper respiratory tract infection
- sore throat and nose
- urinary tract infection
- dizziness
- headache
- awareness of heartbeat
- low blood pressure
- nausea
- diarrhoea
- constipation
- cramps
- joint swelling
- feeling more of an urge to pass urine
- weakness
- ankle swelling
- tiredness
- abnormal laboratory values

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

- dizziness on standing up
- vertigo
- fast heartbeat
- feeling faint
- redness and warm feeling of the face
- cough
- dry mouth
- muscular weakness
- inability to get or maintain an erection

These are the side effects, which are known for each of the separate substances or when two of the substances are given together:

They may be side effects for Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel, even if they have not been reported so far.

Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)

- oedema (fluid retention)

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

- bronchitis
- stomach and gut infection
- vomiting
- increased blood sugar
- sugar in urine
- confusion
- feeling sleepy
- visual disturbance (including double vision and blurred vision)

- runny or stuffy nose
- sore throat
- difficult breathing
- cough
- abdominal pain
- heartburn
- stomach discomfort
- flatulence
- pain in the joints or bones
- back pain
- skeletal pain
- blood in the urine
- flu-like symptoms
- chest pain
- pain

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

- reduced number of a type of blood cells known as platelets, which can result in bruising easily or a prolonged bleeding time
- anaphylactic reactions
- abnormally reduced appetite (anorexia)
- problems sleeping
- irritability
- mood changes including feeling anxious
- feeling “down” or depressed
- shiver
- sleep disturbances
- distorted sense of taste
- loss of consciousness
- reduced sense of touch
- tingling sensations
- worsening of short-sightedness
- ringing in the ears (tinnitus)
- angina (pain or uncomfortable feeling in the chest, known as angina pectoris)
- irregular heartbeat
- rash
- loss of hair
- allergic inflammation of the skin
- redness of skin
- purplish spots or patches on the skin due to small haemorrhages (purpura)
- discolouration of the skin
- red itchy bumps (hives)
- increased sweating
- itching
- skin eruption
- skin reactions to light such as sunburn or rash
- muscle pain
- problems passing urine
- feeling the urge to pass urine at night
- breast enlargement in men
- decreased sexual desire
- swelling of the face
- feeling unwell
- weight increase or decrease

- exhaustion

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people)

- swollen and sore salivary glands
- reduced number of white cells in the blood, which could increase the risk of infections
- low red blood cell count (anaemia)
- bone marrow damage
- restlessness
- feeling uninterested (apathy)
- fits (convulsions)
- objects you look at appearing yellow
- dry eyes
- blood clots (thrombosis, embolism)
- fluid accumulation in the lungs
- pneumonia
- inflammation of blood vessels and small blood vessels in the skin
- inflammation of the pancreas
- yellowing of the skin and eyes
- acute inflammation of the gall bladder
- symptoms of lupus erythematosus such as rash, joint pains and cold hands and fingers
- severe skin reactions including intense skin rash, hives, reddening of the skin over your whole body, severe itching, blistering, peeling and swelling of the skin, inflammation of mucous membranes (Stevens Johnson Syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis), which is sometimes life-threatening
- impaired movement
- acute kidney failure
- non-infectious kidney inflammation
- poor kidney function
- fever

Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people)

- high muscle tension
- numbness of hands or feet
- heart attack
- inflammation of the stomach
- thickening of the gums
- blockage in the gut
- inflammation of the liver

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)

- decrease in vision or eye pain due to high pressure (possible signs of fluid accumulation in the vascular layer of the eye (choroidal effusion) or acute angle-closure glaucoma)
- trembling, rigid posture, mask-like face, slow movements and a shuffling, unbalanced walk
- skin and lip cancer (Non-melanoma skin cancer)

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via:

HPRA Pharmacovigilance

Website: www.hpra.ie

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton, and blister after “EXP”. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicine does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel contains

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 20 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets

The active substances are olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine (as besilate) and hydrochlorothiazide. Each film-coated tablet contains 20 mg olmesartan medoxomil, 5 mg amlodipine (as besilate) and 12.5 mg hydrochlorothiazide.

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core

Lactose monohydrate, cellulose microcrystalline (E 460), crospovidone (E 1202), silica, colloidal anhydrous (E 551), magnesium stearate.

Film coat

hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, macrogol (E 1521), titanium dioxide (E 171), iron oxide yellow (E 172), iron oxide red (E 172), iron oxide black (E 172)

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets.

The active substances are olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine (as besilate) and hydrochlorothiazide. Each film-coated tablet contains 40 mg olmesartan medoxomil, 5 mg amlodipine (as besilate) and 12.5 mg hydrochlorothiazide.

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core:

Lactose monohydrate, cellulose microcrystalline (E 460), crospovidone (E 1202), silica, colloidal anhydrous (E 551), magnesium stearate.

Film coat

hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, macrogol (E 1521), titanium dioxide (E 171), iron oxide yellow (E 172), iron oxide red (E 172)

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg /12.5 mg film-coated tablets

The active substances are olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine (as besilate) and hydrochlorothiazide. Each film-coated tablet contains 40 mg olmesartan medoxomil, 10 mg amlodipine (as besilate) and 12.5 mg hydrochlorothiazide.

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core:

Lactose monohydrate, cellulose microcrystalline (E 460), crospovidone (E 1202), silica, colloidal anhydrous (E 551), magnesium stearate.

Film coat

hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, macrogol (E 1521), titanium dioxide (E 171), iron oxide yellow (E 172), iron oxide red (E 172), iron oxide black (E 172)

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/5 mg/25 mg film-coated tablets

The active substances are olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine (as besilate) and hydrochlorothiazide. Each film-coated tablet contains 40 mg olmesartan medoxomil, 5 mg amlodipine (as besilate) and 25 mg hydrochlorothiazide.

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core:

Lactose monohydrate, cellulose microcrystalline (E 460), crospovidone (E 1202), silica, colloidal anhydrous (E 551), magnesium stearate.

Film coat

hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, macrogol (E 1521), titanium dioxide (E 171), iron oxide yellow (E 172), iron oxide red (E 172)

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg film-coated tablets

The active substances are olmesartan medoxomil, amlodipine (as besilate) and hydrochlorothiazide. Each film-coated tablet contains 40 mg olmesartan medoxomil, 10 mg amlodipine (as besilate) and 25 mg hydrochlorothiazide.

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core:

Lactose monohydrate, cellulose microcrystalline (E 460), crospovidone (E 1202), silica, colloidal anhydrous (E 551), magnesium stearate.

Film coat

hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, macrogol (E 1521), titanium dioxide (E 171), iron oxide yellow (E 172), iron oxide red (E 172), iron oxide black (E 172)

What Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel looks like and contents of the pack

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 20 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg are orange white, round, biconvex film-coated tablets with a diameter of 8.1 ± 0.2 mm

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg are light yellow, round, biconvex film-coated tablets with a diameter of 11.1 ± 0.2 mm

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg/12.5 mg are greyish red, round, biconvex film-coated tablets with a diameter of 11.1 ± 0.2 mm

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/5 mg/25 mg are light yellow, oval, biconvex film-coated tablets with score line on one side and a length of 16.4 ± 0.2 mm.

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg are greyish red, oval, biconvex film-coated tablets with score line on one side and a length of 16.4 ± 0.2 mm.

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel are available in packs of 14x1, 28x1, 30x1, 56x1, 98x1, 100x1 in oPA-Alu-PVC/Alu perforated unit dose blisters

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Clonmel Healthcare Ltd, Waterford Road, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary, Ireland

Manufacturer

STADA Arzneimittel AG, Stadastraße 2-18, D-61118 Bad Vilbel, Germany
Clonmel Healthcare Ltd, Waterford Road, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary, Ireland

This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

Belgium:

Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 20/5/12,5 mg filmomhulde tabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/5/12,5 mg filmomhulde tabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/10/12,5 mg filmomhulde tabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/5/25 mg filmomhulde tabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/10/25 mg filmomhulde tabletten

Luxembourg:

Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 20/5/12,5 mg comprimés pelliculés
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/5/12,5 mg comprimés pelliculés
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/10/12,5 mg comprimés pelliculés
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/5/25 mg comprimés pelliculés
Olmesartan/Amlodipine/HCT EG 40/10/25 mg comprimés pelliculés

Germany:

Olmesartan/Amlodipin/HCT AL 20 mg/5 mg/12,5 mg Filmtabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipin/HCT AL 40 mg/5 mg/12,5 mg Filmtabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipin/HCT AL 40 mg/10 mg/12,5 mg Filmtabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipin/HCT AL 40 mg/5 mg/25 mg Filmtabletten
Olmesartan/Amlodipin/HCT AL 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg Filmtabletten

Spain:

Olmesartan/Amlodipino/hidroclorotiazida STADA 20 mg/5 mg/12,5 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película EFG
Olmesartan/Amlodipino/hidroclorotiazida STADA 40 mg/5 mg/12,5 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película EFG
Olmesartan/Amlodipino/hidroclorotiazida STADA 40 mg/10 mg/12,5 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película EFG
Olmesartan/Amlodipino/hidroclorotiazida STADA 40 mg/5 mg/25 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película EFG
Olmesartan/Amlodipino/hidroclorotiazida STADA 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película EFG

Ireland:

Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 20 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets
Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/5 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets
Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/5 mg/25 mg film-coated tablets
Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets
Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine/Hydrochlorothiazide Clonmel 40 mg/10 mg/25 mg film-coated tablets

Portugal:

Amlodipina + Olmesartan medoxomilo + Hidroclorotiazida Ciclum

Croatia:

OMELIA

Italy:
Olmesartan/Amlodipina/Idroclorotiazide EG

This leaflet was last revised in May 2022.