PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

TRIMOPTIN TABLETS 100mg TRIMOPTIN TABLETS 200mg

(Trimethoprim)

Read all of this leaflet carefully because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet, you may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.
- If any of these side effects get serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

In this leaflet:

- 1. What Trimoptin Tablets are and what they are used for
- 2. What you need to know before you take Trimoptin Tablets
- 3. How to take Trimoptin Tablets
- 4. Possible side effects
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- 6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. WHAT TRIMOPTIN TABLETS ARE AND WHAT THEY ARE USED FOR

Trimoptin Tablets belong to a group of medicines known as antibacterials and they contain Trimethoprim as the antibiotic. They are used to treat infections in your body, primarily urinary and respiratory tract infections and for the prevention of recurrent urinary tract infections.

2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU TAKE TRIMOPTIN TABLETS

Do not take Trimoptin Tablets if you:

- are allergic to trimethoprim, or to any of the other ingredients mentioned in Section 6 (consult your doctor if you think you might be)
- suffer from severe kidney or liverimpairment
- suffer with fragile X chromosome (an inherited physical and intellectual impairment)
- suffer with porphyria (a disorder that may cause skin sensitivity to the sun, pain attacks and muscle weakness)
- suffer from anaemia or other blood disorders
- are pregnant

Trimethoprim is not suitable for babies less than 6 weeks old.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Trimoptin Tablets:

- if you suffer from kidney or liver impairment or are having dialysis treatment
- if you are receiving long-term treatment or are prone to anaemia, as your doctor may wish to do regular blood tests
- if you have a deficiency (are low) in folic acid if you are elderly, you may be more likely to be low in folic acid
- if you are taking other types of medicine, such as potassium conserving water tablets as your doctor may wish to check your blood levels of potassium

- if you are taking the medicine repaglinide (to treat diabetes)
- if you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, as this medicine contains lactose

Trimoptin Tablets can interfere with some diagnostic kidney function and blood tests.

Concomitant administration of Trimoptin with certain medicines such as potassium-sparing diuretics, potassium supplements, potassium-containing salt substitutes, renin angiotensin system inhibitors (e.g.: ACE inhibitors or renin angiotensin receptor blockers), or those patients taking other drugs associated with increases in serum potassium (e.g. heparin) and food rich in potassium may lead to severe hyperkalaemia (increased potassium blood level). Also patients with poorly controlled diabetes mellitus can also lead to increase in potassium levels. The symptoms of severe hyperkalaemia might include muscle cramps, irregular heart rhythm, diarrhoea, nausea, dizziness or headache.

Children

Trimethoprim is NOT recommended for use in infants under 6 weeks of age.

Trimoptin Tablets are not recommended for use in children under 12 years of age – other forms of medicine may be more suitable for children: please ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Other medicines and Trimoptin Tablets

Your medicine may interfere with other medicines that you are taking. Please inform your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, or have recently taken any other medicines, even those not prescribed. Take care with the following medicines:

- Immunosuppressant drugs used in cancer treatment (e.g. methotrexate) or to treat organ rejection after transplant or depress bone marrow (e.g. azathioprine or ciclosporin)
- Mercaptopurine (used to treat leukaemia)
- Warfarin and other anticoagulant drugs (used to prevent clots from forming in the blood)
- Diuretics (water tablets), e.g. furosemide, eplerenone
- Medicines likely to increase the amount of potassium in your blood (e.g. potassium supplements), used to treat high blood pressure such as ACE inhibitors e.g. ramipril, lisinopril, angiotensin II antagonists and heparin
- Medicines used to treat irregular heartbeat and heart failure, e.g. digoxin, procainamide, dofetilide and amiodarone
- Anticonvulsants (medicines used to treat epilepsy) such as phenytoin
- Repaglinide (to treat diabetes)
- Pyrimethamine, used to treat malaria
- Rifampicin and dapsone (used to treat TB)
- Oral contraceptives (the pill) other forms of contraception, such as condoms, should be used during treatment and for the following 7 days
- Lamivudine, a medicine used to treat HIV
- Oral typhoid vaccine
- Spironolactone

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

DO NOT take Trimoptin Tablets if you are pregnant. If you are breast-feeding, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines

This medicine may cause side-effects such as dizziness, difficulty with movement control, fainting or eye pain (for more information see 'Possible Side Effects' below). Do not drive or operate machinery until you know how this medicine affects you.

Trimoptin Tablets contain lactose

These tablets contain lactose monohydrate. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

3. HOW TO TAKE TRIMOPTINTABLETS

Trimoptin Tablets should be taken orally according to your doctor's instructions. They can be swallowed with a glass of water but not chewed.

Dosage

Adults and children over 12 years:

Treatment of Respiratory and Urinary Tract Infections: usually your doctor will prescribe 200mg, taken twice daily for 7 to 10 days.

Prevention of Recurrent Urinary Tract Infections: 100mg at night is the usual dose.

Elderly

Elderly patients with kidney problems will usually be prescribed a reduced dose. Elderly patients should be monitored carefully because of the increased risk of side effects, which can be fatal.

Children under 12 years

Trimethoprim is NOT recommended for use in infants under 6 weeks of age.

Trimoptin Tablets are not recommended for use in children under 12 years of age – other forms of medicine may be more suitable for children: please ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Kidney Problems

Patients suffering from kidney problems will usually be prescribed a reduced dose.

Your doctor has carefully chosen the correct dosage for you taking into account the severity of your condition, your age and any other particular reasons special to you. Instructions of how many tablets to take and when to take them will be printed on the dispensing label on the pack. Never change the dose of your medicine without talking to your doctor first.

If you take more Trimoptin Tablets than you should

If you take too much medicine, contact your doctor or pharmacist or nearest hospital casualty department who will recommend what action you should take. Remember to take the Trimoptin Tablets packaging with you.

If you forget to take Trimoptin Tablets

If you forget to take a dose of your medicine at the correct time, take it as soon as you remember, then carry on as before. Do not take a double dose.

If you stop taking Trimoptin Tablets

Keep taking this medicine until your doctor tells you to stop. Do not stop taking it just because you feel better. If you stop taking this medicine, your condition may re-occur or get worse. If you experience symptoms on stopping treatment, contact your doctor.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, Trimoptin Tablets can have side effects although not everybody gets them. Rarely, serious allergic reactions have occurred known as anaphylactic or anaphylactoid reactions.

Serious allergic skin reactions known as Stevens-Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis also occur rarely.

Should you notice any of the following symptoms, STOP taking Trimoptin Tablets and contact your doctor immediately or go to your nearest hospital casualty department:

- Allergic reaction signs may include swelling of the face, lips, tongue, or throat, difficulty breathing, shortness of breath, wheezing, shock or collapse, skin eruptions or lesions, deep swelling of the skin (angioedema)
- Blistering/peeling of the skin
- Severe diarrhoea, possibly with bleeding
- Jaundice (skin and whites of your eyes may turn yellow), which may be fatal

Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of the following side effects: Common side effects (occurs in more than 1 in 10 and less than 1 in 100 people)

- Hyperkalaemia (high levels of potassium in the blood): symptoms include pins and needles in the fingers and toes, muscle weakness, paralysis
- Thrush
- Headache
- Feeling sick (nausea), vomiting, diarrhoea, gastrointestinal upset
- Skin rashes including itching (pruritis), hives and 'nettle rash' (urticaria)

Very rare side effects (occurs in less than 1 in 10,000 people)

- Blood disorders. If you notice increased sore throats or infections; nosebleeds or unusual bruising; or anaemia (causes skin to be pale, weakness and breathlessness), you should consult your doctor.
- Sore mouth or tongue
- Hypoglycaemia (low blood sugar)
- Hyponatraemia (low blood sodium) can cause tiredness, confusion, muscle twitching and coma
- Disturbances in Liver enzymes
- Constipation
- Depression, confusion, agitation, anxiety, abnormal behaviour
- Hallucinations, nightmares, difficulty in sleeping
- Kidney problems (you may notice difficulty in passing urine or presence of blood in the urine)
- Tremors, difficulty in controlling movements
- Vertigo, tinnitus (ringing in the ears)
- Painful, red eyes (uveitis)
- Dizziness, fainting, weakness
- Very severe abdominal pain (which may indicate inflammation of the pancreas)
- Sensitivity of skin to light (photosensitivity)
- Muscle or joint pain
- Convulsions
- Loss of appetite
- Cough, shortness of breath, wheeze
- Lupus erythematosus (an auto-immune disorder)
- Aseptic meningitis symptoms may include, headache, fever, stiff neck, tiredness, feeling ill and sensitivity to light (reversible on discontinuation of treatment)

If you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system: HPRA Pharmacovigilance Website: www.hpra.ie

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. HOW TO STORE TRIMOPTIN TABLETS

Do not use Trimoptin Tablets after the 'Expiry' date printed on the box. The expiry date refers to the last day of the month.

KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN.

Store your tablets below 25°C (room temperature) and protect from light. Store in the original package. If your doctor tells you to stop taking your medicine you should return any leftover tablets to the pharmacist, unless your doctor tells you to keep them.

6. CONTENTS OF THE PACK AND OTHER INFORMATION

What Trimoptin Tablets contain

The active ingredient is trimethoprim, 100mg or 200mg, which is an antibiotic. Other ingredients are lactose monohydrate, povidone, crospovidone, sodium starch glycolate and magnesium stearate.

What Trimoptin Tablets look like and contents of the pack

Trimoptin Tablets are available in two strengths, 100mg and 200mg. Trimoptin Tablets 100mg and 200mg are available in securitainer packs of 100 and 500.

Trimoptin Tablets 100mg and 200mg are available in blister packs of 28.

The tablets are flat white tablets and contain the marking TR 100 on the 100mg strength tablet and TR 200 on the 200mg strength.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Athlone Pharmaceuticals Limited, Connaught House, 1 Burlington Road, Dublin 4, Ireland.

Manufacturer Responsible for Batch Release

Athlone Pharmaceuticals Limited, Maple House, South County Business Park, Dublin 18, Ireland.

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