

Infusing HyQvia[®] treatment directly from vials with a peristaltic infusion pump

A step-by-step guide for healthcare professionals to use in educating patients and caregivers

Additional information following training from your healthcare team

Indications

HyQvia, a replacement therapy in adults, children and adolescents (0-18 years) in:

• Primary immunodeficiency syndromes with impaired antibody production.

Secondary immunodeficiencies (SID) in patients who suffer from severe or recurrent infections, ineffective antimicrobial treatment
and either proven specific antibody failure (PSAF)* or serum IgG level of <4 g/l.

*PSAF = failure to mount at least a 2-fold rise in IgG antibody titre to pneumococcal polysaccharide and polypeptide antigen vaccines

Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions. See section 4.8 of the Summary of Product Characteristics for how to report adverse reactions.

This guide is intended for use after a patient has been prescribed HyQvia

This guide is intended to be used by healthcare professionals in educating patients and caregivers. It should not be provided directly to patients. A separate Patient Guide is available.



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How to use this guide

This guide has been developed to help you train patients and caregivers to self-administer **HyQvia** treatment. Before using this guide, consider the following:

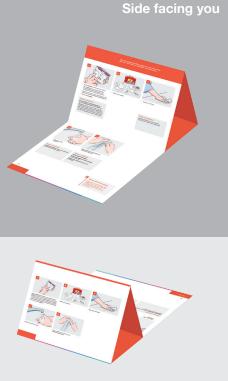
- Begin by familiarising yourself with the content and functionality of this guide before you instruct patients
- Think of this guide as an aid to dialogue, not a script. Use the guide to facilitate your instruction
- Don't skip sections or steps. Use the additional points provided ('Points to emphasise') as suggestions to supplement your instruction

By making this guide an integral part of training, you can help provide a positive **HyQvia** infusion experience for your patients.

Patient considerations

Assessing your patients' knowledge of **HyQvia** treatment and their comfort level with the infusion process is an important part of training. Most of the patients you train will come from one of the categories below.

If you're training this kind of patient	keep these points in mind.
Switching from intravenous IG treatment	 May be unfamiliar with subcutaneous administration May have anxiety about self-infusion (for example, preparation of product and needle insertion) May not be used to aseptic technique May be unfamiliar with operating a pump
Switching from subcutaneous IG treatment	 May be used to smaller volumes infused per site May be unfamiliar with the faster infusion rates of HyQvia May be unfamiliar with pumps that meet the criteria for use with HyQvia (including peristaltic infusion pumps)



Side facing patient

Once you've become familiar with the overview of this guide and how it functions, you're ready to use the remaining pages to train your patients and their caregivers

The 5 steps to infusing HyQvia treatment

Infusion overview

You have received this step-by-step guide because your healthcare professional has prescribed **HyQvia** treatment for you or the person you are caring for. This guide is designed to help you infuse **HyQvia** using a peristaltic infusion pump. Use this guide for the direct-from-vial method. If you have any questions or concerns about how to infuse **HyQvia**, please discuss them with your healthcare professional.

Infuse **HyQvia** only after you or your caregiver have been trained by your healthcare professional and have read the information in the package leaflet.



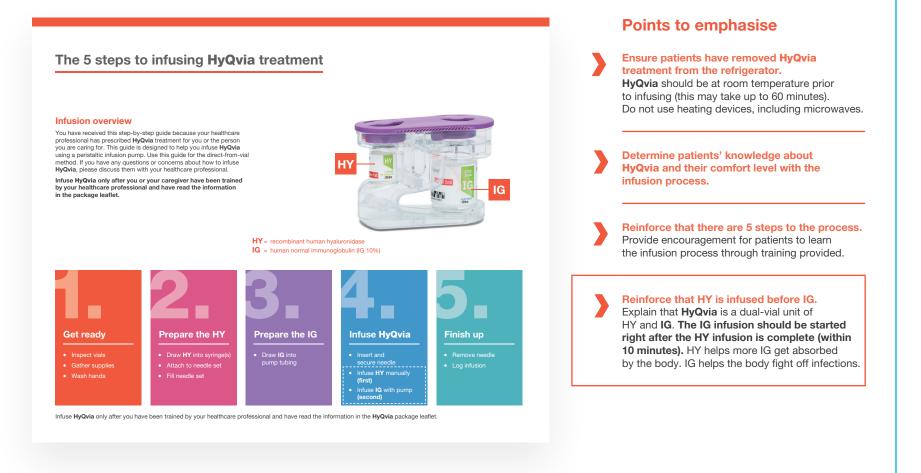
HY = recombinant human hyaluronidase **IG** = human normal immunoglobulin (IG 10%)



Infuse HyQvia only after you have been trained by your healthcare professional and have read the information in the HyQvia package leaflet.

The 5 steps to infusing HyQvia treatment

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise.'



The 5 steps to infusing HyQvia treatment

Infusion overview

You have received this step-by-step guide because your healthcare professional has prescribed **HyQvia** treatment for you or the person you are caring for. This guide is designed to help you infuse **HyQvia** using a peristaltic infusion pump. Use this guide for the direct-from-vial method. If you have any questions or concerns about how to infuse **HyQvia**, please discuss them with your healthcare professional.

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HY= recombinant human hya

IG = human normal immunoglobulin (IG 10%)



- Inspect vials
- Gather supplies
- Wash hands



- Draw **HY** into syringe(s)
- Attach to needle set
- Fill needle set



Draw **IG** into pump tubing



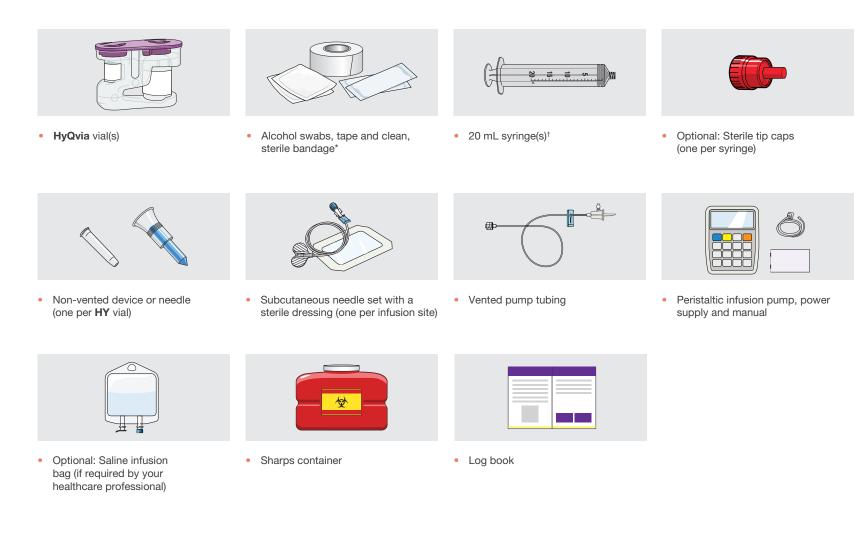
- secure needle
- Infuse HY manually (first)
- Infuse IG with pump (second)



- Version Number: 1.0 Date of Approval: 21-Dec-2022

What you'll need

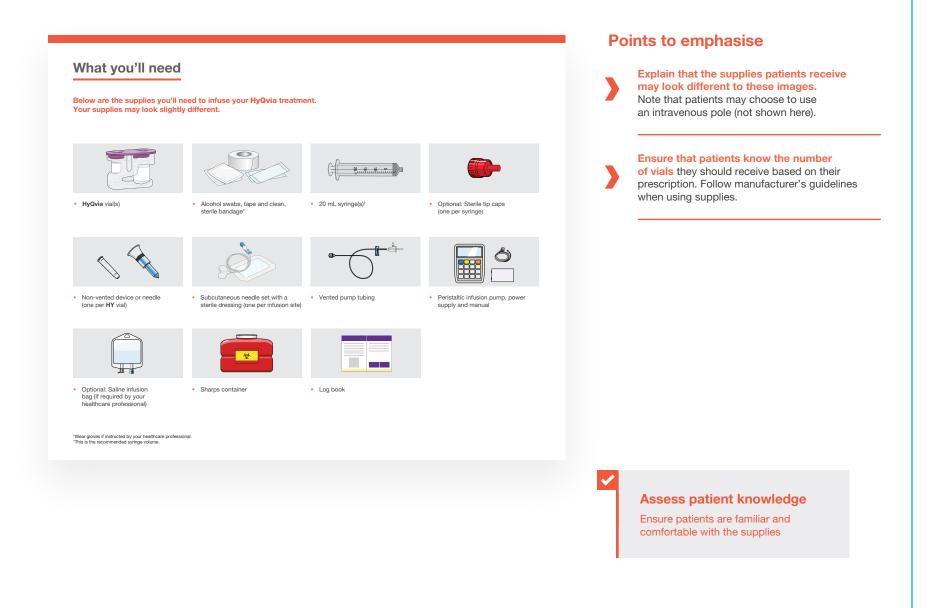
Below are the supplies you'll need to infuse your **HyQvia** treatment. Your supplies may look slightly different.



*Wear gloves if instructed by your healthcare professional. *This is the recommended syringe volume.

What you'll need

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise.'



What you'll need

Below are the supplies you'll need to infuse your HyQvia treatment. Your supplies may look slightly different.

•



• HyQvia vial(s)



• Non-vented device or needle (one per HY vial)



• Optional: Saline infusion bag (if required by your healthcare professional)

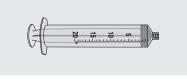
- Alcohol swabs, tape and clean, sterile bandage*



Subcutaneous needle set with a sterile dressing (one per infusion site)



Sharps container



20 mL syringe(s)[†]

ØÞ

Vented pump tubing



Optional: Sterile tip caps • (one per syringe)

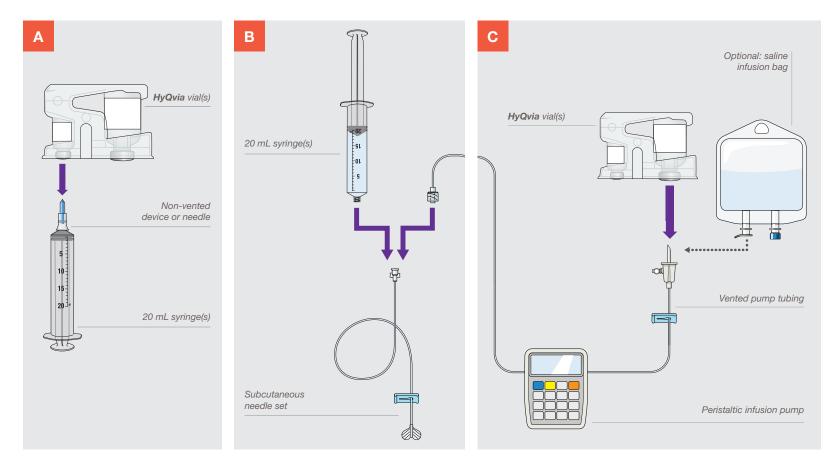


Peristaltic infusion pump, power supply and manual





How they fit together

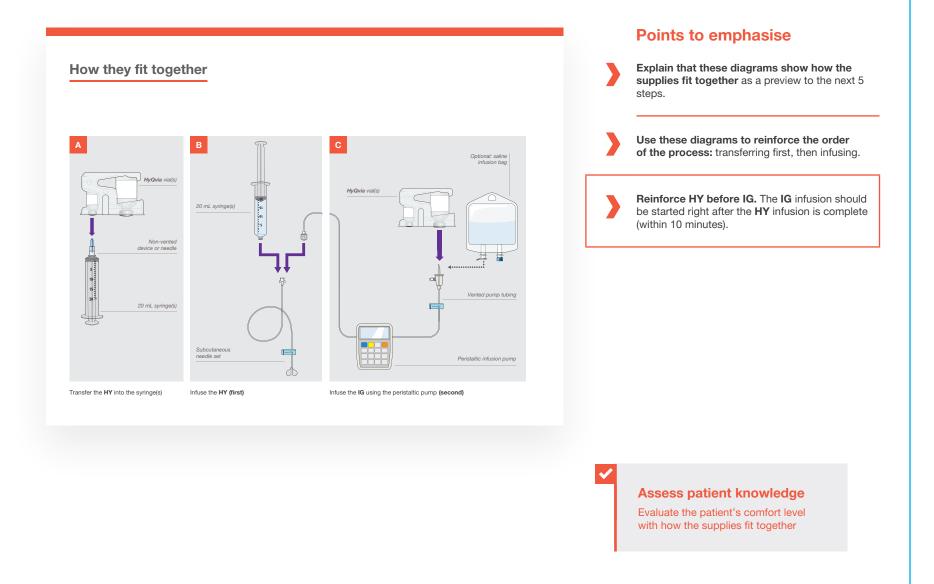


Transfer the $\boldsymbol{H}\boldsymbol{Y}$ into the syringe(s)

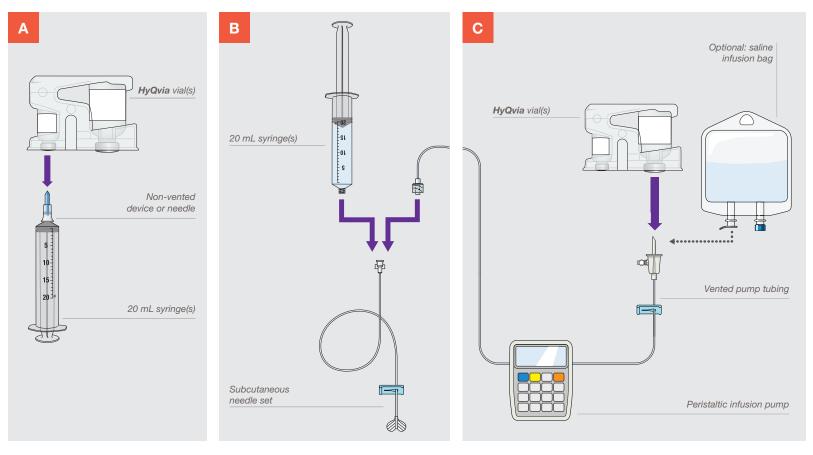
Infuse the HY (first)

Infuse the IG using the peristaltic pump (second)

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise.'



Administration at a glance



Transfer the **HY** into the syringe(s)

Infuse the **HY (first)**

Infuse the IG using the peristaltic pump (second)

STEP 1 Get ready



Remove HyQvia from the box and inspect it. A purple

protective cap is on the dual vial unit. Do not use the product if it does not have the cap. Allow **HyQvia** to reach room temperature (this may take up to 60 minutes). Do not use heating devices, including microwaves. Check the colour and expiry date. Make

sure the liquid isn't cloudy and doesn't have particles in it. Do not shake **HyQvia**.

B



Gather your supplies.

Clean your work area.



Wash your hands thoroughly.



Open supplies as instructed by your healthcare professional.

1 Get ready

STEP 1 Get ready

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.



- Remove **HyQvia** from the box and inspect it
- A purple protective cap is on the dual vial unit. Do not use the product if it does not have the cap.
- Allow HyQvia to reach room temperature. (This may take up to 60 minutes). Do not use heating devices, including microwaves
- Check the colour and expiry date. Make sure the liquid isn't cloudy and doesn't have particles in it
- Do not shake **HyQvia**

Points to emphasise

Ensure HyQvia is at room temperature - do not use heating devices to achieve this.

Check the vials for clarity and colour. The **HY** should be clear and colourless. The **IG** should be clear and colourless or pale yellow. Point out the removable label with the expiry date, lot number, and date of manufacture for use in the log book.



• Gather your supplies



Clean your work area

Points to emphasise

Prepare work area. Instruct patients to find a quiet work area with enough space.



Wash your hands thoroughly

Points to emphasise

Consider use of gloves. Follow your institution's guidelines about the use of gloves.



Open supplies as instructed by your healthcare professional

Points to emphasise

Explain aseptic techniques. Keep sterile supplies in open packages near the work area. Untangle the needle set before using the syringes.

Assess patient knowledge

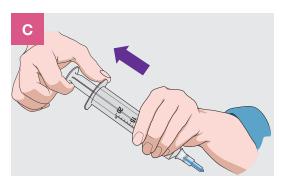
Ask patients to explain '**Step 1: Get Ready**' in their own words. Provide encouragement, and correct any misunderstandings before moving to the next step.



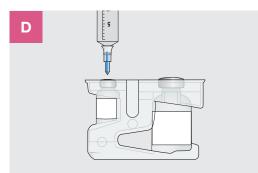
Remove the cap. Clean each vial of **HY** by wiping the stopper with an alcohol swab and allow to dry for at least 30 seconds.



Remove the 20 mL sterile syringe from its package.* Attach a non-vented device or needle to the syringe.



Pull back on the plunger to fill the syringe with air (an amount equal to the full amount of **HY**).



Insert the non-vented device or needle into the centre of the ${\bf HY}$ vial stopper. Push the air into the vial.



Turn the vial upside down. Pull back on the plunger to withdraw all of the **HY** into the syringe. Repeat steps C to E if more than one vial of **HY** is needed for your dose. **Use the same syringe, if possible.**

TIP

Cover each syringe with a sterile tip cap when drawing up multiple syringes.



*This is the recommended syringe volume.

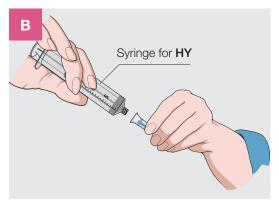
2 Prepare the HY

STEP 2 Prepare the **HY**

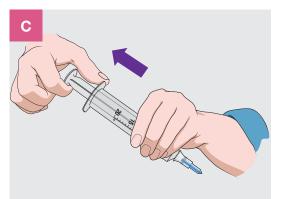
Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.



- Remove the cap
- Clean each vial of HY by wiping the stopper with an alcohol swab and allow to dry for at least 30 seconds



- Remove the sterile syringe from its package
- Attach a non-vented device or needle to the syringe



 Pull back on the plunger to fill the syringe with air (an amount equal to the full amount of HY)

Points to emphasise

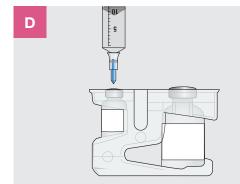
Help identify vials. In addition to vial size differences, point out that the HY vial is silver at the top and the IG vial is crimped.

Reinforce that it could take 30 seconds for the alcohol to dry.

Points to emphasise

Reinforce aseptic techniques, especially when patients naive to subcutaneous infusion draw up medications.

Use only a non-vented device or needle. A vented spike could cause stopper push through.



- Insert the non-vented device or needle into the centre of the HY vial stopper
- Push the air into the vial

E

- Turn the vial upside down
- Pull back on the plunger to withdraw all of the **HY** into the syringe
- Repeat steps C to E if more than one vial of **HY** is needed for your dose. Use the same syringe, if possible

Points to emphasise

Insert the non-vented device or needle in the centre of the vial to prevent stopper coring or stopper push through.

Points to emphasise

Draw the full vial of HY into the syringe.

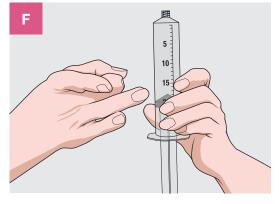
TIP

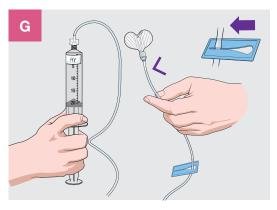
Cover each syringe with a sterile tip cap when drawing up multiple syringes.

Access

Assess patient knowledge Ask patients to explain 'Step 2: Prepare the HY' in their own words. Provide encouragement, and correct any misunderstandings before moving to the next step.







Gently tap it to remove air bubbles. Then slowly push the plunger until the HY reaches the tip of the barrel.

Attach the subcutaneous needle set to the **HY** syringe. Slowly push the plunger to fill the needle set tubing to the needle wings. Close the clamp on the needle set tubing. Label the syringe **HY**.

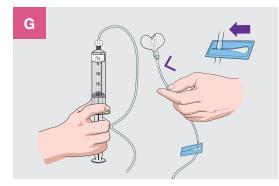
2 Prepare the HY

STEP 2 Prepare the **HY**

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.



- Gently tap it to remove air bubbles
- Then slowly push the plunger until the **HY** reaches the tip of the barrel



- Attach the subcutaneous needle set to the HY syringe
- Slowly push the plunger to fill the needle set tubing to the needle wings
- Close the clamp on the needle set tubing
- Label the syringe HY

Points to emphasise

Remove air bubbles. Reinforce the importance of tapping the syringe to remove air bubbles.

Points to emphasise

Discuss viscosity. Remind patients experienced with subcutaneous infusion that they may not be used to the low viscosity of the **HY**. Pushing the plunger too hard can shoot the **HY** out of the needle.

Stop at needle hub. Remind patients to fill the needle set tubing with **HY** only to the needle hub.

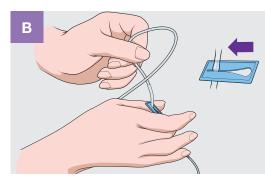
Close the clamp as shown when transfer of the **HY** is completed.

Label the syringe. Reinforce that patients should attach the **HY** label to the syringe after clamping the needle set tubing. Labels can be found in the log book.

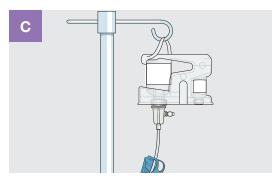
STEP 3 Prepare the IG



Clean each vial of **IG** by wiping the stopper with an alcohol swab and allow to dry for at least 30 seconds.



Close the clamp on the vented pump tubing.



Insert the spike of the vented pump tubing straight down into the **IG** vial stopper. Turn the vial upside down and hang it from an intravenous pole or hook.



Fill the vented pump tubing with **IG**, as instructed by your healthcare professional.

E

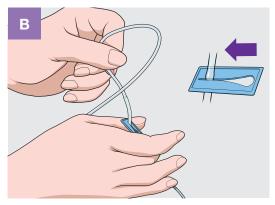
Following the manufacturer's instructions, programme the pump for the prescribed infusion flow rates. Turn off the pump.

STEP 3 Prepare the IG

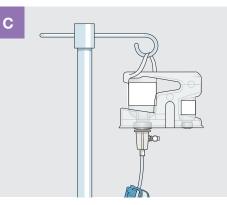
Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.



• Clean each vial of **IG** by wiping the stopper with an alcohol swab and allow to dry



• Close the clamp on the vented pump tubing



- Insert the spike of the vented pump tubing straight down into the **IG** vial stopper
- Turn the vial upside down and hang it from an intravenous pole or hook

Points to emphasise

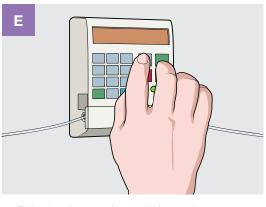
Reinforce that it could take 30 seconds for the alcohol to dry.

Points to emphasise

Reinforce that patients need to open the vent on the pump tubing.



• Fill the vented pump tubing with **IG**, as instructed by your healthcare professional



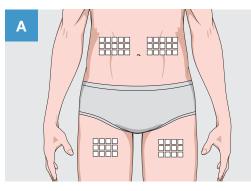
- Following the manufacturer's instructions, programme the pump for the prescribed infusion flow rates
- Turn off the pump

Points to emphasise

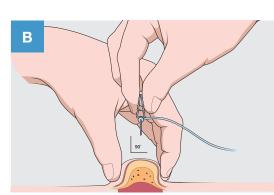
Reinforce that patients will need to open the clamp on the vented pump tubing to fill it. When the tubing is full, close the vent.

Assess patient knowledge

Ask patients to explain '**Step 3: Prepare the IG**' in their own words. Provide encouragement, and correct any misunderstandings before moving to the next step.



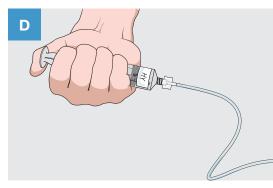
Choose an infusion site (or sites) in either the abdomen or thigh. Avoid bony areas, visible blood vessels, scars, and any areas of inflammation or infection. Rotate your infusion sites to opposite sides of the body between infusions.* Clean the infusion site(s) with an alcohol swab, as instructed by your healthcare professional. Allow to dry for at least 30 seconds.



Remove the subcutaneous needle cover. Pinch at least 2.0 to 2.5 cm of your skin. Insert the needle with a rapid motion straight into the skin at a 90-degree angle. Open the needle set wings and secure the needle in place with a sterile dressing.



If more than one infusion site is used, repeat steps A to C. Open the clamp on the needle set. Check for proper needle placement before starting the infusion as instructed by your healthcare professional.

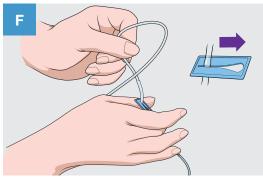


Slowly push the plunger of the smaller syringe with the recombinant **HY** at an initial rate of 1 to 2 mL per minute and increase as tolerated. If more than one site is used, divide the **HY** equally between sites. Check infusion site(s) occasionally throughout the infusion for dislodgement or leaking.

*For patients with a body weight of <40kg, select sites on opposite sides of body if instructed to infuse in 2 sites for doses above 300 mL. For patients with a body weight of >40kg, select sites on opposite sides of body if instructed to infuse in 2 sites for doses above 600 mL.



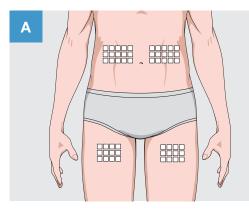
When all of the HY has been infused, remove the
syringe and attach the same subcutaneous needle set
to the vented pump tubing. Do not remove the needle
from your infusion site(s).Oper
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Open the clamp on the vented pump tubing and start the pump to infuse the **IG** at the rate prescribed by your doctor. **The IG infusion should be started within 10 minutes after completing the HY infusion.**



4 Infuse HyQvia



- Choose an infusion site (or sites) in either the abdomen or thigh
- Avoid bony areas, visible blood vessels, scars, and any areas of inflammation or infection
- Rotate your infusion sites to opposite sides of the body between infusions*
- Clean the infusion site(s) with an alcohol swab, if instructed by your healthcare professional
- Allow to dry for at least 30 seconds

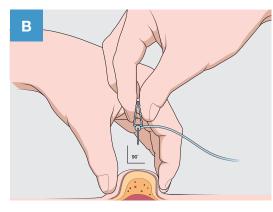
Points to emphasise

Remember HY before IG.

Use opposite sides of the body if multiple infusion sites are required.

Avoid certain areas. HyQvia treatment should not be infused into or around an infected or red, swollen area due to potential risk of spreading a localised infection.

Clean the site. Start at the centre of the infusion site and work outward in a circular motion. Allow to dry for at least 30 seconds.



Remove the subcutaneous needle cover

Points to emphasise

with the needle set.

Pinch at least 2.0 to 2.5 cm of your skinInsert the needle with a rapid motion straight

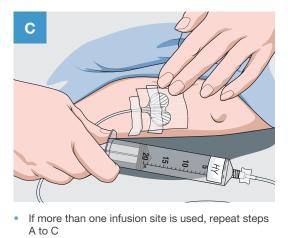
Assess patient knowledge. Ask patients

Point out the sterile tape. Show patients

the sterile tape on the dressing that comes

to demonstrate what 90 degrees means.

- into the skin at a 90-degree angle
- Open the needle set wings and secure the needle in place with a sterile dressing



- Open the clamp on the needle set
- Check for proper needle placement before starting the infusion, as instructed by your healthcare professional

Points to emphasise

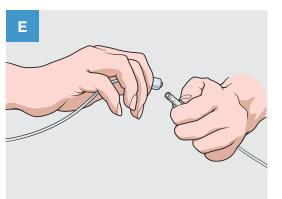
Repeat steps if needed. Remind patients to repeat steps A to C if they use more than one infusion site.

Show patients how to check for blood in the tubing and reinforce that the needle should be removed and replaced.

*For patients with a body weight of <40kg, select sites on opposite sides of body if instructed to infuse in 2 sites for doses above 300mL. For patients with a body weight of >40kg, select sites on opposite sides of body if instructed to infuse in 2 sites for doses above 600mL.



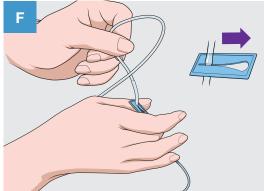
- Push the plunger on the **HY** syringe to infuse the **HY** at a rate of 1 to 2 ml per minute per infusion site
- If more than one site is used, divide the HY equally between sites
- Check infusion site(s) occasionally throughout the infusion for dislodgement or leaking



- When all of the HY has been infused, remove the syringe and attach the same subcutaneous needle set to the vented pump tubing
- Do not remove the needle from your infusion site(s)

Points to emphasise

Leave the needle in. Emphasise that patients should not remove the needle from the infusion site after the **HY** infusion.



- Open the clamp on the vented pump tubing and start the pump to infuse the **IG** at the rate prescribed by your healthcare professional.
- The IG infusion should be started within 10 minutes after completing the HY infusion.

Points to emphasise

Discuss pump considerations. Refer patients to their pump manufacturer's guide or their pharmacy.

Take advantage of downtime during IG infusion. Discuss resources available. Reinforce when and how to use the emergency kit if prescribed. Assess patient's confidence with the infusion process and determine how to enhance the next infusion experience.

Check for leaking at the infusion site. If leaking occurs, direct patients to check if the needle is secured improperly, the needle length is too short, too much volume is being infused, or the needle is placed at an incorrect angle.

Reinforce HY before IG. Remind patients to start the IG infusion within 10 minutes after completing the HY infusion.

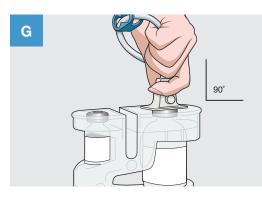
4 Infuse HyQvia



When the vial is empty, pause the pump and reprogramme if needed. Insert the spike of the vented pump tubing into the next cleansed **IG** vial at a 90 degree angle. Then restart the pump. Repeat for each remaining **IG** vial.

4 Infuse HyQvia

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.



- When the vial is empty, pause the pump and reprogramme if needed
- Insert the spike of the vented pump tubing into the next cleansed **IG** vial at a 90 degree angle
- Then restart the pump
- Repeat for each remaining IG vial

Points to emphasise

Reinforce aseptic technique when changing multiple vials. Ask patients to demonstrate what 90 degrees means.

Managing the infusion: considerations

Please check manufacturer's instructions, but for pump occlusion alarms, consider advising patients and their caregivers to:

- Check for kinks in the pump tubing or if clamps are open
- Verify that the occlusion alarm is set to maximum
- Confirm that the subcutaneous needle is 24 gauge and labeled for high flow rates
- Check that the pump is qualified for use with **HyQvia** treatment

If the occlusion alarm persists, reduce the flow rate to complete the infusion.



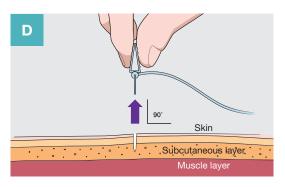
Assess patient knowledge

Ask patients to explain '**Step 4: Infuse HyQvia**' in their own words. Provide encouragement, and correct any misunderstandings before moving to the next step.



B

If instructed by your healthcare professional, when the last **IG** vial is empty, remove it and attach the saline infusion bag to the vented pump tubing. Restart the pump to flush the **IG** up to the needle wings.



Remove the subcutaneous needle set by loosening the sterile dressing on all edges. Pull the needle wings straight up and out. Gently place the clean sterile bandage over the infusion site.



Dispose of the needle set in the sharps container and throw away any unused product in the vial and disposable supplies, as recommended by your healthcare professional.



Turn off the pump and close the clamp on the vented pump tubing. Remove the tubing from the pump.



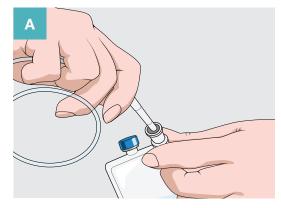
Record the infusion details in your log book.



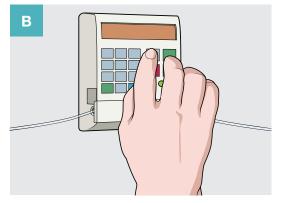
Version Number: 1.0 Date of Approval: 21-Dec-2022

5 Finish up

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.



 If instructed by your healthcare professional, when the last IG vial is empty, remove it and attach the saline infusion bag to the vented pump tubing



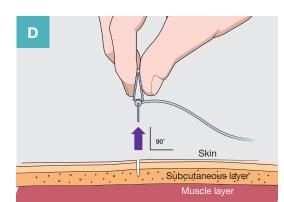
• Restart the pump to flush the **IG** up to the needle wings



- Turn off the pump and close the clamp on the vented pump tubing
- Remove the tubing from the pump

Points to emphasise

Reinforce aseptic technique when switching from the **IG** 10% vial to the optional saline infusion bag.



- Remove the subcutaneous needle set by loosening the sterile dressing on all edges
- Pull the needle wings straight up and out
- Gently place the clean sterile bandage over the infusion site



 Dispose of the needle set in the sharps container and throw away any unused product in the vial and disposable supplies, as recommended by your healthcare professional.

Record the infusion details in your log book

Points to emphasise

Explain proper needle handling. Use extra caution when handling an unprotected needle. Have a sharps container ready.

Points to emphasise

Review the log book. Explain the importance of completing each section and recording the date, time, dose, site(s) of infusion, and any side effects.

Discuss how and where to attach the peel-off labels from the HyQvia vial(s) into the log book.



Follow up with your healthcare professional, as directed.

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5 Finish up

Train your patients and their caregivers on the steps below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise' in the grey boxes.

G

 Follow up with your healthcare professional, as directed

Points to emphasise

Encourage and inform. Ask if patients have questions and discuss when to contact their healthcare professional.

Ensure supplies for the next infusion. Verify that patients understand how and when to reorder supplies.

V

Assess patient knowledge

Ask patients to explain '**Step 5: Finish up**' in their own words. Consider using the Patient Skills Checklist to document their training. Determine their comfort level with the infusion process.



What it looks like when you infuse HyQvia treatment

Following your infusion with **HyQvia**, you may experience swelling at the infusion site. This is due to the volume of fluid infused and should only last for a few days.

Before, during and after HyQvia treatment

Example of a patient on HyQvia. Your body may react to your HyQvia infusion in the same way, or differently.



Before HyQvia infusion



Right after HyQvia infusion

HyQvia infused: 235 mL (volume infused as per the healthcare professional's guidance based on this patient's specific clinical condition; it may be different for you).



24 hours after infusion

What are the possible side effects of HyQvia treatment?

Local site reactions occur at the infusion site. These reactions usually go away within a few days. The most common local side effects include: infusion site pain, including mild-to-moderate discomfort and tenderness, redness, swelling, itching, hardening and rash.

In clinical studies, there were no long-term changes to the skin. Any long-term inflammation, lumps (nodules), or inflammation that occurs at the infusion site and lasts more than a few days should be reported to your healthcare professional. Do not infuse **HyQvia** into or around an infected or red swollen area of skin because it may cause the infection to spread.

Generalised side effects are not limited to the infusion site and can occur throughout the body. The most common generalised side effects include: headache, tiredness, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, muscle or joint pain, chest pain, fever and feeling weak or unwell.

Serious side effects

Infusions of medicines like **HyQvia** can occasionally result in serious, but rare, allergic reactions. You may experience a sudden fall in blood pressure and, in isolated cases, anaphylactic shock. Healthcare professionals are aware of these possible side effects and will monitor you during and after the initial infusions.

Typical signs or symptoms include: feeling light-headed, dizzy or faint, skin rash and itchiness, swelling in the mouth or throat, difficulty breathing, wheezing, abnormal heart rate, chest pain, blueness of lips or fingers and toes and blurred vision.

Tell your healthcare professional immediately if you notice any of these signs during the infusion. Please refer to the package leaflet for the full list of side effects associated with HyQvia.

What it looks like when you infuse HyQvia treatment

Train your patients and their caregivers on the information below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise.'

What it looks like when you infuse HyQvia treatment

Following your infusion with HyQvia, you may experience swelling at the infusion site.

Before, during and after HyQvia treatment

Example of a patient on HyQvia. Your body may react to your HyQvia infusion in the same way, or differently

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Tell your healthcare professional immediately if you notice any of these signs during the infusion. Please refer to the package leaflet for the full list of side effects associated with HvQvia.

Points to emphasise

Explain why temporary swelling occurs at, or around, the infusion site.

Refer to the 'Managing possible side effects of **HyQvia** treatment' section for tips on managing local site reactions and other side effects.

Remind patients/caregivers to not infuse HyQvia into an infected or red swollen area of skin.

Please refer to the SmPC for a full list of side effects.

Assess patient knowledge Ensure that patients have a general

understanding of local site reactions that may occur with treatment.

What it looks like when you infuse HyQvia treatment

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Before, during and after HyQvia treatment

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Local side effects

The following local reactions may occur at the site of infusion and usually go away within a few days. You should be observed for at least 20 minutes after the administration. When **HyQvia** is given at home, support from another responsible person should be available for treating adverse reactions or to summon help should a serious side effect occur. Always contact your healthcare professional to find out how best to manage any local reaction that increases in severity or persists for more than a few days.

Discomfort or pain at the infusion site when inserting the subcutaneous needle

- Remove the needle because it may be in your muscle
- Contact your healthcare professional if severe pain does not fade when you remove the needle or if it happens each time you infuse
- Talk to your healthcare professional or speciality pharmacy about changing the length of your needle; it may be too long for you. The thickness of subcutaneous tissue can be different from person to person depending on age, gender, body mass index, and the site of infusion.
- Note in your log book that this site may not work for you

Discomfort, pain, or redness at the infusion site during or after your infusion

- Please talk to your healthcare professional, who may slow or stop the infusion
- Place a clean, warm or cold washcloth as directed by your healthcare professional for short periods (no longer than 10 minutes) on your irritated site
- Talk to your healthcare professional about a possible allergy to your tape or dressing or the possible use of a mild pain reliever

Swelling at or around the infusion site

After **HyQvia** infusion, a temporary swelling can occur due to the volume of fluid infused.

- Place a clean, warm washcloth for short periods (no longer than 5 to 10 minutes) on the swelling
- Your healthcare professional may advise you to walk around or gently massage the swelling

Itching or rash at or around the infusion site

- Slow or stop the infusion
- Place a clean, cold washcloth for short periods (no longer than 10 minutes) on your itchy site
- When priming the subcutaneous needle, avoid coating the needle with drops of the **HyQvia** treatment
- Talk to your healthcare professional about the possible use of an antihistamine, if recommended
- If you experience uncontrollable itching or rash/hives, stop your infusion immediately and contact your healthcare professional or emergency services; these could be signs of a serious allergic reaction

Generalised (systemic) side effects

Generalised side effects affect the whole body rather than a specific part. The most common generalised side effects include:

Headache

- Talk to your healthcare professional about using an over-the-counter pain reliever
- Contact your healthcare professional if the headache persists or worsens

Tiredness

- Rest quietly after the infusion
- Go to bed early the day of the infusion

Fever

- Talk to your healthcare professional about using an over-the-counter medicine to reduce the fever
- Contact your healthcare professional if the fever persists or worsens

Other less frequent side effects are listed in the **HyQvia** package leaflet including serious but rare allergic reactions. It's also possible that you may experience side effects that are not discussed in the **HyQvia** package leaflet. Please talk to your healthcare professional if you experience any side effects, particularly those that are not listed in the package leaflet, are severe, or last longer than a couple of days.

Please note: the suggestions above should not replace your healthcare professional's direction/advice.

You can also report side effects directly via HPRA Pharmacovigilance, website: www.hpra.ie. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Managing possible side effects of HyQvia treatment

Train your patients and their caregivers on the information below. Also cover the 'Points to emphasise.'

Managing possible side effects of HyQvia treatment

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Version Number: 1.0 Date of Approval: MM/YYYY

Points to emphasise

Consider reading this page with your patients to help ensure they have a broad understanding of potential local and generalised side effects.

Assess patient knowledge

Ensure that patients have a broad understanding of potential local and generalised side effects.

What it looks like when you infuse HyQvia treatment

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Resources

Helpful PID communities and support organisations

Joining community groups and patient advocacy organisations is another way you can take control of your primary immunodeficiency (PID). You may find these organisations helpful.

International Patient Organisation for Primary Immunodeficiencies (IPOPI) http://www.ipopi.org/

Jeffrey Modell Foundation

http://info4pi.org/

European Society for Immunodeficiencies (ESID)

http://esid.org/



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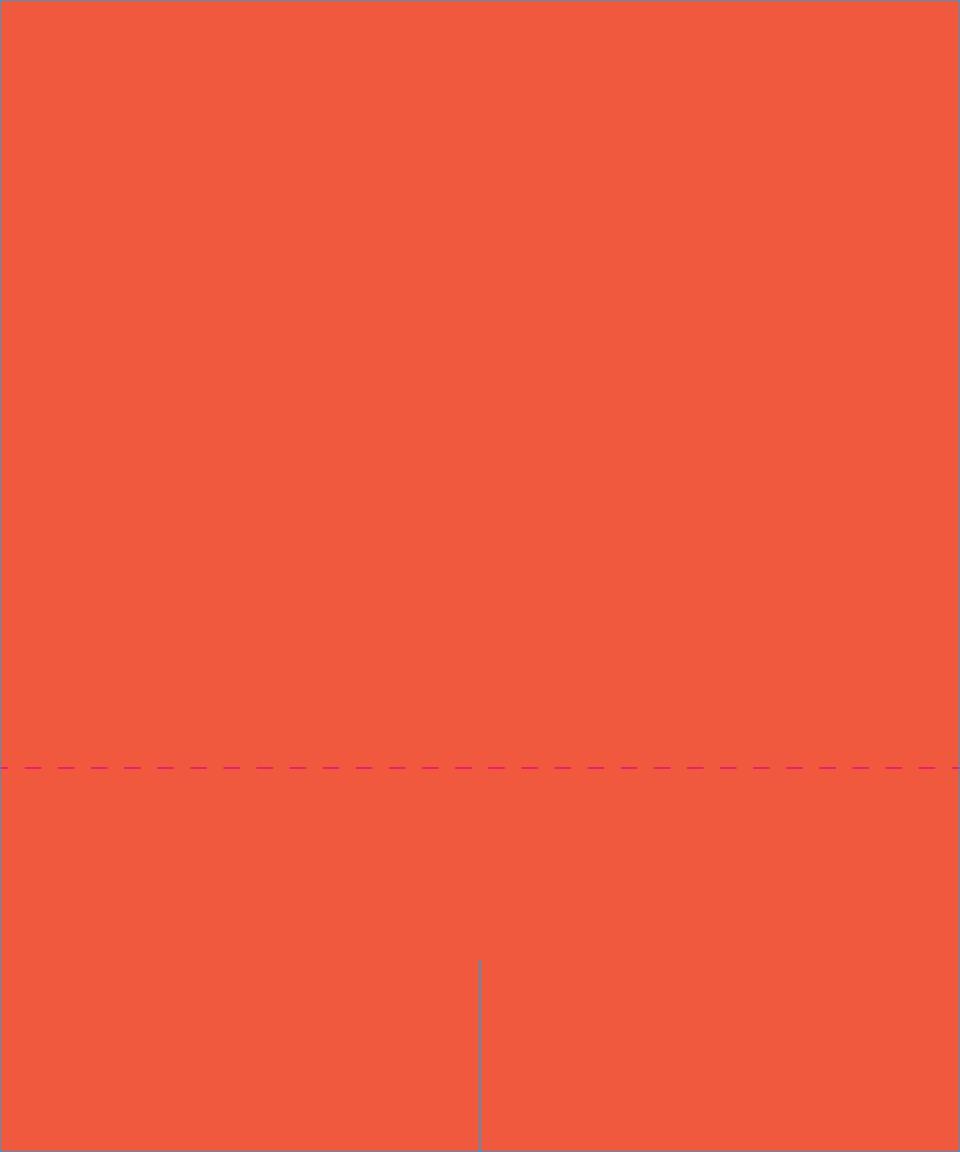
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www.takeda.com

