

Summary of Product Characteristics

1 NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Sedastop 5 mg/ml solution for injection for cats and dogs

2 QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

1 ml solution for injection contains:

Active substance:

Atipamezole hydrochloride 5.0 mg
(Equivalent to 4.27 mg of atipamezole)

Excipients:

Methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E 218) 1.0 mg

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

3 PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Solution for injection.

A clear colourless, sterile aqueous solution.

4 CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Target Species

Dogs and cats

4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

Atipamezole hydrochloride is indicated for reversal of the sedative effects and cardiovascular effects after use of alpha-2-agonists like medetomidine and dexmedetomidine in dogs and cats.

4.3 Contraindications

Do not use in:

- Breeding animals
- Animals suffering from liver-, renal or cardiac diseases

See also section 4.7

4.4 Special warnings for each target species

Make sure the animal has regained a normal swallowing reflex before any food or drink is offered.

4.5 Special precautions for use

Special precautions for use in animals

After administration of the product, the animals should be allowed to rest in a quiet place. During recovery time animals should not be left unattended.

Due to different dosing recommendations caution should be taken if using the product off-label in animals other than the target species.

If other sedatives than medetomidine are given it must be kept in mind that the effects of those other agents may persist after reversal of (dex)medetomidine.

Atipamezole does not reverse the effect of ketamine, which may cause seizures in dogs and elicit cramps in cats when used alone. Do not use atipamezole earlier than 30 - 40 minutes after concomitant administration of ketamine.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

Due to the potent pharmacological activity of atipamezole, skin-, eye- and mucous membrane-contact with this product should be avoided. In case of accidental spillage wash the affected area immediately with clean running water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Remove contaminated clothes that are in direct contact with the skin.

Care should be taken to avoid accidental ingestion or self-injection. In case of accidental ingestion or self-injection occurs, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet to the physician.

4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

A transient hypotensive effect has been observed during the first 10 minutes post-injection of atipamezole hydrochloride. In rare cases hyperactivity, tachycardia, salivation, atypical vocalization, muscle tremor, vomiting, increased respiratory rate, uncontrolled urination and uncontrolled defecation may occur.

In very rare cases recurrence of sedation may occur or the recovery time may not be shortened after administration of atipamezole.

In cats, when using low doses to partially reverse the effects of medetomidine or dexmedetomidine, the possibility of hypothermia (even when aroused from sedation) should be guarded against.

The frequency of adverse reactions is defined using the following convention:

- very common (more than 1 in 10 animals displaying adverse reaction(s) during the course of one treatment)
- common (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 100 animals)
- uncommon (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 1,000 animals)
- rare (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 10,000 animals)
- very rare (less than 1 animal in 10,000 animals, including isolated reports).

4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy and lactation. The product should not be administered to pregnant and lactating bitches and queens.

4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interactions

A simultaneous administration of atipamezole with other centrally acting medicinal products such as diazepam, acepromazine or opiates is not recommended.

4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

For single intramuscular use.

Atipamezole hydrochloride is administered 15-60 min after medetomidine or dexmedetomidine hydrochloride administration.

Dogs: the intramuscular atipamezole hydrochloride dose [in µg] is five times that of the previous medetomidine hydrochloride dose or ten times that of the dexmedetomidine hydrochloride dose. Due to the 5-fold higher concentration of the active ingredient (atipamezole hydrochloride) in this product compared to that of preparations containing 1 mg medetomidine hydrochloride per ml and the 10-fold higher concentration compared to that of preparations containing 0.5 mg dexmedetomidine hydrochloride, an equal volume of each preparation is required.

Dosage example Dogs:

Medetomidine 1 mg/ml solution for injection dosage	Sedastop 5 mg/ml solution for injection for dogs dosage
0.04 ml/kg body weight (bw), i.e. 40 microgram/kg bw	0.04 ml/kg bw, i.e. 200 microgram/kg bw
Dexmedetomidine 0.5 mg/ml solution for injection dosage	Sedastop 5 mg/ml solution for injection for dogs dosage

0.04 ml/kg body weight (bw), i.e. 20 microgram/kg bw	0.04 ml/kg bw, i.e. 200 microgram/kg bw

Cats: the intramuscular atipamezole hydrochloride dose [in µg] is two-and-a-half times that of the previous medetomidine hydrochloride dose or five times that of the dexmedetomidine hydrochloride dose. Due to the 5-fold higher concentration of the active ingredient (atipamezole hydrochloride) in this product compared to that of preparations containing 1 mg medetomidine hydrochloride per ml and the 10-fold higher concentration compared to that of preparations containing 0.5 mg dexmedetomidine hydrochloride, half the volume of the product to that of the previously administered medetomidine or dexmedetomidine should be given.

Dosage example Cats:

Medetomidine 1 mg/ml solution for injection dosage	Sedastop 5 mg/ml solution for injection for cats dosage
0.08 ml/kg body weight (bw), i.e. 80 microgram/kg bw	0.04 ml/kg bw, i.e. 200 microgram/kg bw
Dexmedetomidine 0.5 mg/ml solution for injection dosage	Sedastop 5 mg/ml solution for injection for cats dosage
0.08 ml/kg body weight (bw), i.e. 40 microgram/kg bw	0.04 ml/kg bw, i.e. 200 microgram/kg bw

The recovery time is shortened to approximately 5 minutes. The animal becomes mobile after approximately 10 minutes after administration of the product.

4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

Overdose of atipamezole hydrochloride may result in transient tachycardia and over-alertness (hyperactivity, muscle tremor). If necessary, these symptoms may be reversed by a (dex)medetomidine hydrochloride dose which is lower than the usually used clinical dose.

If atipamezole hydrochloride is inadvertently administered to an animal not previously treated with (dex)medetomidine hydrochloride, hyperactivity and muscle tremor may occur. These effects may persist for about 15 minutes. Over-alertness in the cat is best handled by minimizing external stimuli.

4.11 Withdrawal period(s)

Not applicable.

5 PHARMACOLOGICAL or IMMUNOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

ATCvet code: QV03AB90

Pharmacotherapeutic group: α 2-receptor antagonist (Antidote)

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Atipamezole is a potent and selective α_2 -receptor blocking agent (α_2 -antagonist), which promotes the release of the neurotransmitter noradrenaline in the central as well as in the peripheral nervous systems. This leads to activation of the central nervous system due to sympathetic activation. Other pharmacodynamic effects as for example influence of the cardiovascular system are only mild – but a transient decrease of blood pressure may be seen with the first 10 minutes after injection of atipamezole hydrochloride.

As a α_2 -antagonist, atipamezole is capable of eliminating (or inhibiting) the effects of the α_2 -receptor agonist, medetomidine or dexmedetomidine. Thus atipamezole reverses the sedative effects of (dex)medetomidine hydrochloride in dogs and cats to normal and may lead to a transient increase in heart rate.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars

Atipamezole hydrochloride is rapidly absorbed after intramuscular injection. The maximal concentration in the central nervous system is reached in 10-15 minutes. Volume of distribution (V_d) is about 1 – 2.5 l/kg. The half-life of atipamezole hydrochloride is reported to be approximately 1 hour. Atipamezole hydrochloride is rapidly and completely metabolized. The metabolites are mainly excreted in urine and in a small amount in faeces.

6 PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E 218)
Sodium chloride
Hydrochloric acid (for pH-adjustment)
Sodium hydroxide (for pH-adjustment)
Water for injections

6.2 Major incompatibilities

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

6.3 Shelf-life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 3 years. Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 28 days

6.4 Special precautions for storage

Keep the vial in the outer carton in order to protect from light.
Do not freeze.

6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Clear glass (type I) vial with bromobutylrubber stopper (type I) containing 10 ml solution for injection.
Cardboard box with 1 vial containing 10 ml.
Cardboard box with 5 vials containing 10 ml.
Cardboard box with 10 vials containing 10 ml.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

7 MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Le Vet BV
Wilgenweg 7
3421 TV Oudewater
Netherlands

8 MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

VPA10816/009/001

9 DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION

Date of first authorisation: 28 May 2010

Date of last renewal: 27 May 2015

10 DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT