

## 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Milaxyn Plus XL Tablets For Dogs (IE)

## 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each tablet contains:

### Active substance:

Praziquantel	175 mg
Pyrantel Embonate	504 mg (equivalent to 175 mg pyrantel)
Febantel	525 mg

### Excipients:

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents
Lactose monohydrate,
Microcrystalline cellulose,
Magnesium stearate,
Colloidal anhydrous silica,
Croscarmellose sodium,
Sodium laurilsulfate
Pork flavour

A yellow-coloured oblong tablet with a breakline on both sides.  
The tablets can be divided into equal halves.

## 3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

### 3.1 Target species

Dogs.

### 3.2 Indications for use for each target species

Treatment of mixed infections by nematodes and cestodes of the following species

#### Nematodes:

**Ascarids:** *Toxocara canis*, *Toxascaris leonina* (adult and late immature forms).

**Hookworms:** *Uncinaria stenocephala*, *Ancylostoma caninum* (adults).

**Whipworms:** *Trichuris vulpis* (adults).

#### Cestodes:

**Tapeworms:** *Echinococcus* species (*E. granulosus*, *E. multilocularis*), *Taenia* species (*T. hydatigena*, *T. pisiformis*, *T. taeniformis*), *Dipylidium caninum* (adult and immature forms).

### 3.3 Contraindications

Do not use simultaneously with piperazine compounds.

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substances or to any of the excipients.

Do not use during the 1st and 2nd trimester of pregnancy (Refer to section 3.7).

### 3.4 Special warnings

Fleas serve as intermediate hosts for one common type of tapeworm – *Dipylidium caninum*. Tapeworm infestation is certain to reoccur unless control of intermediate hosts such as fleas, mice, etc. is undertaken.

To minimise the risk of reinfestation and new infestation, excreta should be collected and properly disposed of for 24 hours following treatment.

Parasite resistance to any particular class of anthelmintic may develop following frequent, repeated use of an anthelmintic of that class.

Unnecessary use of antiparasitics or use deviating from the instructions given in the SPC may increase the resistance selection pressure and lead to reduced efficacy. The decision to use the product should be based on confirmation of the parasitic species and burden, or of the risk of infection based on its epidemiological features, for each individual animal”.

In the absence of risk of co-infection with nematodes or cestodes, a narrow spectrum product should be used.

The possibility that other animals in the same household can be a source of re-infection with nematodes and cestodes should be considered, and these should be treated as necessary with an appropriate product.

### 3.5 Special precautions for use

#### Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Not applicable.

#### Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

In the interests of good hygiene, persons administering the tablets directly to the dog, or by adding them to the dog’s food, should wash their hands afterwards.

#### Other precautions:

The product is effective against *Echinococcus* spp. which does not occur in all EU member states but are becoming more common in some. Echinococcosis represents a hazard for humans. As Echinococcosis is a notifiable disease to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), specific guidelines on the treatment and follow-up, and on the safeguard of persons, need to be obtained from the relevant competent authority.

#### Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not Applicable.

### 3.6 Adverse events

Dogs:

Very rare (<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	Digestive tract disorders (diarrhoea, emesis)
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Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See also the last section of the package leaflet for respective contact details.

### 3.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

#### Pregnancy:

Teratogenic effects attributed to high doses of febantel administered during early pregnancy have been reported in rats, sheep and dogs.

The safety of the product has not been investigated during the 1st and 2nd trimester of pregnancy. Do not use in pregnant dogs during the 1st and 2nd trimester of pregnancy (Refer to section 3.3).

A single treatment during the last trimester of pregnancy or during lactation has been demonstrated safe.

### 3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Do not use simultaneously with piperazine compounds as the anthelmintic effects of pyrantel and piperazine may be antagonised.

Concurrent use with other cholinergic compounds can lead to toxicity.

### 3.9 Administration routes and dosage

Oral use.

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

#### Dosage:

For treatment of dogs, 1 tablet per 35 kg body weight (15 mg febantel, 14.4 mg pyrantel embonate and 5 mg praziquantel/kg body weight).

Dosages are as follows:

<b>Bodyweight (kg)</b>	<b>Tablets</b>
Approx 17.5 kg	½ Milaxyn Plus/Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet
31-35 kg	1 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet
>35-40 kg	1 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet plus ½ Milaxyn/ Frontcontrol Wormer Plus tablet
>40-45 kg	1 Milaxyn/ Frontcontrol Wormer Plus XL tablet plus 1 Milaxyn / Frontcontrol Wormer Plus tablet
>45-50 kg	1 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet plus 1½ Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer tablets
>50-55 kg	1 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet plus 2 Milaxyn/ Frontcontrol Wormer Plus tablets
>55-60 kg	1 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet plus 2½ Milaxyn/ Frontcontrol Wormer Plus tablets
>60-65 kg	1 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablet plus 3 Milaxyn/ Frontcontrol Wormer Plus tablets
>65-70 kg	2 Milaxyn Plus/ Frontcontrol Wormer XL tablets

The tablets can be given directly to the dog or disguised in food. No starvation is needed before or after

treatment.

Tablets should be given as a single administration.

Part tablets should be discarded immediately or returned to the open blister until used. If there is a risk for re-infestation, the advice of a veterinarian should be sought regarding the need for and the frequency of repeat administration.

### **3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)**

In safety studies, a single dose of 5 times the recommended dose of the combination of praziquantel, pyrantel embonate or greater gave rise to occasional vomiting.

### **3.11 Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance**

Not applicable.

### **3.12 Withdrawal periods**

Not applicable.

## **4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **4.1 ATCvet code**

QP52AA51

### **4.2 Pharmacodynamics**

This veterinary medicinal product contains anthelmintics active against gastrointestinal roundworms and tapeworms. The veterinary medicinal product contains three active substances, as follows:

- 1.** Febantel, a probenzimidazole
- 2.** Pyrantel embonate (pamoate), a tetrahydropyrimidine derivative
- 3.** Praziquantel, a partially hydrogenated pyrazinoisoquinoline derivative

In this fixed combination, pyrantel and febantel act against all relevant nematodes (ascarids, hookworms, and whipworms) in dogs. In particular, the activity spectrum covers *Toxocara canis*, *Toxascaris leonina*, *Uncinaria stenocephala*, *Ancylostoma caninum* and *Trichuris vulpis*.

This combination shows synergistic activity in the case of hookworms and febantel is effective against *T. vulpis*.

The spectrum of activity of praziquantel covers all important cestode species in dogs, in particular *Taenia* spp., *Dipylidium caninum*, *Echinococcus granulosus* and *Echinococcus multilocularis*. Praziquantel acts against all adult and immature forms of these parasites.

Praziquantel is very rapidly absorbed through the parasite's surface and distributed throughout the parasite. Both in vitro and in vivo studies have shown that praziquantel causes severe damage to the parasite integument, resulting in the contraction and paralysis of the parasites. There is an almost instantaneous tetanic contraction of the parasite musculature and a rapid vacuolisation of the syncytial tegument. This rapid contraction has been explained by changes in divalent cation fluxes, especially calcium.

Pyrantel acts as a cholinergic agonist. Its mode of action is to stimulate nicotinic cholinergic receptors of

the parasite, induce spastic paralysis of the nematodes and thereby allow removal from the gastrointestinal system by peristalsis.

Within the mammalian system, febantel undergoes ring closure, forming fenbendazole and oxfendazole. It is these chemical entities which exert the anthelmintic effect by inhibition of tubulin polymerisation. Formation of microtubules is thereby prevented, resulting in disruption of structures vital to the normal functioning of the helminth. Glucose uptake in particular is affected, leading to a depletion in cell ATP. The parasite dies upon exhaustion of its energy reserves, which occurs 2 – 3 days later.

### **4.3 Pharmacokinetics**

Perorally administered praziquantel is absorbed almost completely from the intestinal tract. After absorption, the drug is distributed to all organs. Praziquantel is metabolised into inactive forms in the liver and secreted in bile. It is excreted within 24 hours to more than 95% of the administered dosage. Only traces of non-metabolised praziquantel are excreted.

Following administration of the product to dogs, peak plasma concentrations of praziquantel were achieved by approximately 2.5 hours.

The pamoate salt of pyrantel has low aqueous solubility, an attribute that reduces absorption from the gut and allows the drug to reach and be effective against parasites in the large intestine. Following absorption, pyrantel pamoate is quickly and almost completely metabolised into inactive metabolites that are excreted rapidly in the urine.

Febantel is absorbed relatively rapidly and metabolised to a number of metabolites including fenbendazole and oxfendazole, which have anthelmintic activity.

Following administration of the product to dogs, peak plasma concentrations of fenbendazole and oxfendazole were achieved by approximately 7-9 hours.

## **5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **5.1 Major incompatibilities**

Not Applicable

### **5.2 Shelf life**

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 5 years  
Unused half tablet must be used within 14 days.

### **5.3 Special precautions for storage**

This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Each time an unused half tablet is stored, it should be returned to the open blister space and inserted back into the cardboard box.

Insert the blister in the carton box.

### **5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging**

The veterinary medicinal product is presented in:

Blister packs made up of PVC/PE/PCTFE with 20µ hard tempered aluminium foil with 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 or 20 tablets per blister.

The Blisters are packed into cartons containing either 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 24, 28, 30, 32, 36, 40, 42, 44, 48, 50, 52, 56, 60, 64, 68, 70, 72, 76, 80, 84, 88, 92, 96, 98, 100, 104, 106, 108, 112, 116, 120, 140, 150, 180, 200, 204, 206, 208, 250, 280, 300, 500 or 1000 tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

**5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products**

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

**6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Chanelle Pharmaceuticals Manufacturing Ltd

**7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)**

VPA10987/083/002

**8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION**

12/04/2013

**9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

**10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS**

Veterinary medicinal product not subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database. (<https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary>).