1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Vecoxan 2.5 mg/ml Oral Suspension

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each ml contains

Active substance:

Diclazuril 2.5 mg.

Excipients:

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents	Quantitative composition if that information is essential for proper administration of the veterinary medicinal product
Methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218)	1.8 mg
Propyl parahydroxybenzoate	0.2 mg
Microcrystalline cellulose and carmellose sodium	
Citric acid monohydrate	
Polysorbate 20	
Sodium hydroxide	
Purified water	

White, oral suspension.

3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

3.1 Target species

Sheep (lambs) and cattle (calves).

3.2 Indications for use for each target species

Sheep (lambs):

Prevention of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria crandallis and Eimeria ovinoidalis.

Cattle (calves):

Prevention of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria bovis and Eimeria zuernii.

3.3 Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

3.4 Special warnings

If there is no recent and confirmed history of clinical coccidiosis, the presence of coccidia in the flock or herd should be confirmed by faecal sampling prior to treatment.

Avoid underdosing, which may be due to underestimation of body weight, misadministration of the product or lack of calibration of the dosing device (if any).

Cattle (calves): in certain cases, only a transient reduction of oocyst shedding may be achieved. Suspected clinical cases of resistance to anticoccidials should be further investigated using appropriate tests (e.g. Faecal Egg Count Reduction Test). Where the results of the test(s) strongly suggest resistance to a particular anticoccidial, an anticoccidial belonging to another pharmacological class and having a different mode of action should be used.

3.5 Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

The preferred timing of treatment is directed by the known epidemiology of *Eimeria* spp. and the presence of coccidia in the flock or herd should be confirmed by faecal sampling prior to treatment, if there is no recent and confirmed history of clinical coccidiosis.

Coccidiosis is an indicator of insufficient hygiene in the flock/pen. It is recommended to improve hygiene and to treat all lambs in the flock and all calves in a pen.

Frequent and repeated use of antiprotozoals may lead to the development of resistance in the target parasite.

To alter the course of an established clinical coccidial infection, in individual animals already showing signs of diarrhoea, additional supportive therapy may be required as diclazuril has no antimicrobial activity.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

Wash hands after administration of the veterinary medicinal product.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

3.6 Adverse events

Cattle (calves) and sheep (lambs)

Very rare	Gastrointestinal signs (e.g. Diarrhoea ^{1,2});	
(<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including	Lethargy, Recumbency;	
isolated reports):	Agitation;	
• .	Neurologic signs (e.g. Paresis)	

with possible presence of blood.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

3.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Not applicable.

3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

None known.

3.9 Administration routes and dosage

² in some treated animals, even though oocyst excretion is reduced to a very low level.

Oral use.

Shake well before use.

Single administration of 1 mg diclazuril per kg body weight (i.e. 1 ml of the oral suspension per 2.5 kg body weight).

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible. If animals are to be treated collectively rather than individually, they should be grouped according to their bodyweight and dosed accordingly, in order to avoid under - or overdosing

The use of suitably calibrated measuring equipment is recommended.

3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)

In lambs: no signs of overdose were noted after administration of 5 times the recommended dose. In calves: no signs of overdose were noted after a single administration of 5 times the recommended dose. In case of repeated administration of 3 to 5 times the dose, on 3 consecutive days, a softening and a colour change (dark brown) of the faeces can be observed in some calves. These observations were transient and disappeared without specific treatment.

3.11 Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

3.12 Withdrawal periods

Lambs and calves:

Meat and offal: zero days

4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION

4.1 ATCvet code: QP51BC03

4.2 Pharmacodynamics

Diclazuril is an anticoccidial of the benzeneacetonitrile group without antimicrobial activity and has anticoccidial activity against *Eimeria* species. Depending on the coccidia species, diclazuril has a coccidiocidal effect on the asexual or sexual stages of the development cycle of the parasite. Diclazuril treatment will only have limited effect on the intestinal lesions caused by parasitic stages older than 16 days. Treatment with diclazuril causes interruption of the coccidial cycle and of excretion of oocysts for approximately 2 weeks. This allows the animal to bridge the period of decrease of maternal immunity (observed at approximately 4 weeks of age).

4.3 Pharmacokinetics

The absorption of diclazuril in lambs is poor after administration of the oral suspension. Maximum concentrations in plasma are reached about 24 hours after dosing. The absorption decreases with the animals' age. The elimination half-life is about 30 hours. *In-vitro* studies on sheep hepatocytes demonstrated that metabolic transformation of diclazuril is limited. This was equally observed in other animal species. Excretion occurs almost completely via the faeces.

When diclazuril is administered in oral suspension to calves, its absorption is poor.

5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

5.1 Major incompatibilities

None known.

5.2 Shelf life

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 3 years. Shelf-life after first opening the immediate packaging: 3 months.

5.3 Special precautions for storage

Do not freeze.

5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Nature of the container

HDPE bottle closed with HDPP cap and auxiliary carton box containing HDPP dosing cap and harness. *Pack sizes*

Cardboard box with 1 container of 200 ml with auxiliary carton box containing dosing cap and harness.

1 container of 11 with auxiliary carton box containing dosing cap and harness.

1 container of 2.51 with auxiliary carton box containing dosing cap and harness.

1 container of 51 with auxiliary carton box containing dosing cap and harness.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Intervet Ireland Limited

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

VPA10996/285/001

8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

04/02/2000

9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

31/03/2024

10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the <u>Union Product Database</u> (https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary).