

Project Name / Design IE_Calpol Six Plus Oral Suspension_60ml_PIL (SNAS 2210)

New Component / Item Code LNS13805 ArtWorks ID EMEA_2022_00030118_001

Old Component / Item Code LNS13804 Languages English

Product / Eurocode / Mat. ID Code 7715408 Job / Version No. 402698222_r2 Date 05-04-2022

Black	PANTONE 485 U

REPRESENTATION: Colours represented with a diagonal line have been modified to aid PDF approval.

MANUFACTURING SITE

Reference NOTC010 Security Code / ICFP ZD: LNS13805

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Component Leaflet Plant Delpharm Orléans
 Dimensions 160 x 210 mm Master Dieline JJDEL_00043_V1 Date 14-05-2020

Profile	Text Limit	Bleed	Fold/Technical	Perforation	Stamping Area
Coding (Silent Zone)	Print & Varnish Free	Print Free	Varnish Free	Seal Area	Tamper Evident Label Area
Braille Grid					

Fonts used	Helvetica Neue LT Std-57 Condensed	Smallest Text Size
	Helvetica Neue LT Std-57 Condensed Oblique	6.0pt
	Helvetica Neue LT Std-77 Bold Condensed	Ave. Text Size
	Helvetica Neue LT Std-77 Bold Condensed Oblique	8.0pt
	Helvetica Neue-Condensed Bold	Largest Text Size
Helvetica Neue-Regular	14.0pt	
Zapf Dingbats-Regular		

CHILD

Package leaflet: Information for the user



Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you. Always take this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist have told you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- Ask your pharmacist if you need more information or advice.
- If your child gets any side-effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side-effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.
- You must talk to a doctor if your child does not feel better or feels worse after 3 days.

What is in this leaflet

- What CALPOL® is and what it is used for
- What you need to know before you use CALPOL®
- How to use CALPOL®
- Possible side-effects
- How to store CALPOL®
- Contents of the pack and other information

1 What Calpol® is and what it is used for

The paracetamol in CALPOL SIXPLUS® Suspension is used to relieve pain such as teething pain and toothache, headache, migraine, neuralgia, sore throat and aches and pains that come with colds and flu. It also brings down fever (high temperature).

2 What you need to know before you use Calpol®

- Do not give your child this medicine...**
 - If s/he has ever had a bad reaction to paracetamol or any of the other ingredients in this medicine (see section 6).
 - If s/he is taking anything else with paracetamol in it.
- If any of these apply, get advice from a doctor or pharmacist without using CALPOL®.



Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist...

- If your child has serious kidney or liver problems.
- If your child has an inherited intolerance to fructose or been diagnosed with an intolerance to some other sugars.
- If your child has Gilbert's syndrome (familial non-haemolytic jaundice).
- If your child has a condition called Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency.
- If your child has haemolytic anaemia.
- If your child has glutathione deficiency.
- If your child is dehydrated or chronically malnourished.

Other medicines and Calpol®

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you or your child is taking any other medicines including:

- metoclopramide or domperidone (used to treat nausea and vomiting)
- cholestyramine (used to treat high cholesterol)
- anticoagulants (drugs that thin the blood, such as warfarin)
- anticonvulsants (drugs to treat epilepsy)
- flucloxacillin (an antibiotic) due to a serious risk of blood and fluid abnormality (high anion gap metabolic acidosis) that must have urgent treatment and which may occur particularly in case of severe kidney impairment, sepsis (when bacteria and their toxins circulate in the blood leading to organ damage), malnutrition, chronic alcoholism, and if the maximum daily doses of paracetamol are used.
- medicines that can affect liver function.

If you are not sure about the medicine your child is taking, show the bottle or pack to your pharmacist.

If any of these bullet points apply, talk to a doctor or pharmacist.

If adults take this medicine:

The following additional warnings are included in case an adult takes this product:

- You can use this medicine while you are taking oral contraceptives ('the pill'), but it may not work so well on your pain or fever.
- If you drink large amounts of alcohol, you may be more open to the side-effects of paracetamol.
- If necessary, the medicine can be used during pregnancy. You should use the lowest possible dose that reduces your pain and/or your fever and use it for the shortest time possible. Contact your doctor or pharmacist if the pain and/or fever are not reduced or if you need to take the medicine more often.

- If you are breastfeeding, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.
- If you weigh less than 50 kg, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.
- If you are elderly and are frail or immobile or you have kidney or liver problems, you should ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this product, as you may need to take a reduced dose.

CALPOL SIXPLUS® contains methyl parahydroxybenzoate, sucrose, sorbitol and sunset yellow.

- Methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218) may cause allergic reactions which could possibly be delayed.
- This medicine contains 1894.7 mg sorbitol in each 5 ml which is equivalent to 378.9 mg/ml. Sorbitol is a source of fructose. If your doctor has told you that you (or your child) have an intolerance to some sugars or if you (or your child) have been diagnosed with hereditary fructose intolerance (HFI), a rare genetic disorder in which a person cannot break down fructose, talk to your doctor before you (or your child) take or receive this medicine. Sorbitol may cause gastrointestinal discomfort and have a mild laxative effect.
- This product contains sucrose. If you have been told by your doctor that you (or your child) have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before you or your child takes this medicine. This medicine contains 2.1 g of sucrose per 5 ml dose. This should be taken into account in patients with diabetes mellitus. May be harmful to the teeth.
- Sunset Yellow (E110) may cause allergic reactions.
- This medicine contains less than 1mmol sodium (23mg) per 5ml, that's is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.
- This medicine contains 9.72 mg propylene glycol (E1520) in each 5ml dose, which is equivalent to 1.94 mg/ml.
- This medicine contains 0.0749 mg of alcohol (ethanol) in each 5ml which is equivalent to 0.01498 mg/ml. The amount in 5 ml is equivalent to less than 1ml beer or 1 ml wine. The small amount of alcohol in this medicine will not have any noticeable effects.

3 How to use Calpol®

Always use this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Check the tables below to see how much medicine to use.

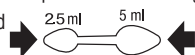
- For oral use only

turn over ►

3 How to use Calpol® (continued)

- It is important to **shake the bottle** for at least 10 seconds before use
- Never give more medicine than shown in the table
- Do not overfill the spoon.
- Always use the spoon supplied with the pack.
- Do not give with any other paracetamol-containing products

There is a double-ended spoon in the pack.



i Children under 6 years

Not recommended for children under 6 years old. Ask your pharmacist to recommend a suitable product.

i Children from 6 years

Child's age	How much	How often (in 24 hours)
6 – 8 years	One 5 ml spoonful (large end)	4 times
8 – 10 years	One 5 ml spoonful (large end) and one 2.5 ml spoonful (small end)	4 times
10 – 12 years	Two 5 ml spoonfuls (large end)	4 times

- Do not give more than 4 doses in any 24 hour period.
- Leave at least 4 hours between doses.
- Do not give this medicine to your child for more than 3 days without speaking to your doctor or pharmacist.
- Do not give to children under the age of 6 years.

Children aged 12 – 16 years:

Two – three 5 ml spoonfuls (large end) up to 4 times a day.

Adults and children over 16 years:

Two – four 5 ml spoonfuls (large end) up to 4 times a day.

! Speak to your doctor:

- If your child needs more than the doses shown in the table, or if fever doesn't go away, speak to your doctor as soon as possible.
- If you are not sure of the cause of your child's illness or it is accompanied by a rash, breathing difficulties, diarrhoea or

excessive tiredness or lethargy, speak to your doctor straight away. Do not give CALPOL® until you get medical advice.

! If anyone has too much

Immediate medical advice should be sought in the event of an overdose, even if the child seems well, because of the risk of delayed, serious liver damage.

! If you forget to give Calpol®

Give the next dose when needed, provided that the last dose was given at least 4 hours ago. **Do not** give a double dose.

4 Possible side-effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side-effects although not everybody gets them.

! Stop using this medicine and contact your doctor immediately if you experience:

- Severe skin reactions. Symptoms may include, skin reddening, blisters, rash.

! Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of these:

- allergic reactions including unexplained wheezing, shortness of breath, passing out or swelling of face and throat.
- skin rashes or other signs of allergy.
- becoming unusually tired, unexpected bruising or bleeding and getting more infections (such as colds) than usual. These are very rare effects in people taking paracetamol and are due to changes in blood cells.

If your child shows any of these signs, **stop giving paracetamol and talk to a doctor.**

Long term use: People who use medicines containing paracetamol every day for a long time (several months or more) could get certain side-effects, including liver and kidney damage. People taking paracetamol in the usual way for shorter periods have not had these problems.

Reporting of side-effects

If you get any side-effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side-effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side-effects directly via HPRA Pharmacovigilance,

Website: www.hpra.ie.

By reporting side-effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5 How to store Calpol®

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25°C.

Store in the original package to protect from light.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and label after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away any medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6 Contents of the pack and other information

What Calpol® contains

The active substance is paracetamol. Each 5 ml of oral suspension contains 250 mg paracetamol.

The other ingredients are: Sucrose, sorbitol liquid (E420), glycerol, dispersible cellulose, polysorbate 80, methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218), sunset yellow (E110) and purified water. The flavouring is orange and imitation white sugar (containing propylene glycol (E1520) and ethanol).

What Calpol® looks like and contents of the pack

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Suspension is an orange coloured and flavoured liquid, available in 60 ml and 70 ml bottles. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

A spoon with a 2.5 ml and 5 ml measure is supplied with all packs of this product.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer.

The Marketing Authorisation holder is Johnson & Johnson (Ireland) Ltd, Airton Road, Tallaght, Dublin 24, Ireland.

The manufacturer is Delpharm Orleans, 5 avenue de Concy, 45071 Orléans, Cedex 2, France.

This leaflet was last revised in April 2022

CALPOL® and CALPOL SIXPLUS® are registered trade marks.

LN513805