

Package leaflet: Information for the user

Losartan Clonmel 50 mg film-coated tablets Losartan Clonmel 100 mg film-coated tablets

losartan potassium

Read all of this leaflet carefully, before you start giving this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What Losartan Clonmel is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you give Losartan Clonmel
3. How to take Losartan Clonmel
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Losartan Clonmel
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Losartan Clonmel is and what it is used for

Losartan Clonmel belongs to a group of medicines known as angiotensin-II receptor antagonists. Angiotensin-II is a substance produced in the body which binds to receptors in blood vessels, causing them to tighten. This results in an increase in blood pressure. Losartan prevents the binding of angiotensin-II to these receptors, causing the blood vessels to relax which in turn lowers the blood pressure. Losartan slows the decrease of kidney function in patients with high blood pressure and type 2 diabetes.

Losartan Clonmel is used

- to treat patients with high blood pressure (hypertension) in adults and in children and adolescents 6 - 18 years of age.
- to protect the kidney in hypertensive type 2 diabetic patients with laboratory evidence of impaired renal function and proteinuria ≥ 0.5 g per day (a condition in which urine contains an abnormal amount of protein).
- to treat patients with chronic heart failure when therapy with specific medicines called angiotensin-converting-enzyme inhibitors (ACE inhibitors, medicine used to lower high blood pressure) is not considered suitable by your doctor. If your heart failure has been stabilised with an ACE inhibitor you should not be switched to losartan.
- in patients with high blood pressure and a thickening of the left ventricle, Losartan Clonmel has been shown to decrease the risk of stroke ("LIFE indication").

2. What you need to know before you take Losartan Clonmel

Do not take Losartan Clonmel

- if you are allergic to losartan or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6),
- if you are more than 3 months pregnant (It is also better to avoid Losartan Clonmel in early pregnancy - see Pregnancy),
- if your liver function is severely impaired,
- if you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse before taking Losartan Clonmel.

You must tell your doctor if you think you are (or might become) pregnant. Losartan Clonmel is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see pregnancy section).

It is important to tell your doctor before taking Losartan Clonmel:

- if you have had a history of angioedema (swelling of the face, lips, throat, and/or tongue) (see also section 4 ‘Possible side effects’),
- if you suffer from excessive vomiting or diarrhoea leading to an extreme loss of fluid and/or salt in your body,
- if you receive diuretics (medicines that increase the amount of water that you pass out through your kidneys) or are under dietary salt restriction leading to an extreme loss of fluid and salt in your body (see section 3 ‘Dosage in special patient groups’),
- if you are known to have narrowing or blockage of the blood vessels leading to your kidneys or if you have received a kidney transplant recently,
- if your liver function is impaired (see sections 2 “**Do not take Losartan Clonmel**” and 3 “**Dosage in special patient groups**”),
- if you suffer from heart failure with or without renal impairment or concomitant severe life threatening cardiac arrhythmias. Special caution is necessary when you are treated with a β -blocker concomitantly,
- if you have problems with your heart valves or heart muscle,
- if you suffer from coronary heart disease (caused by a reduced blood flow in the blood vessels of the heart) or from cerebrovascular disease (caused by a reduced blood circulation in the brain),
- if you suffer from primary hyperaldosteronism (a syndrome associated with increased secretion of the hormone aldosterone by the adrenal gland, caused by an abnormality within the gland),
- if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure:
 - an ACE-inhibitor (for example enalapril, lisinopril, ramipril), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems.
 - aliskiren

Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.

See also information under the heading “**Do not take Losartan Clonmel**”.

- if you are taking other medications that may increase serum potassium (see section 2 “**Other medicines and Losartan Clonmel**”).

Children and adolescents

Losartan has been studied in children. For more information, talk to your doctor.

Losartan Clonmel is not recommended for use in children suffering from kidney or liver problems, as limited data are available in these patient groups. Losartan Clonmel is not recommended for use in children under 6 years old, as it has not been shown to work in this age group.

Other medicines and Losartan Clonmel

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken, or might take any other medicines.

Tell your doctor if you are taking potassium supplements, potassium-containing salt substitutes, potassium-sparing medicines such as certain diuretics (amiloride, triamteren, spironolactone), or other medicines that may increase serum potassium (e.g., heparin, trimethoprim-containing medicines), as the combination with Losartan Clonmel is not advisable.

Take particular care if you are taking the following medicines while under treatment with Losartan Clonmel:

- other blood pressure lowering medicines as they may additionally reduce your blood pressure. Blood pressure may also be lowered by one of the following medicines/ class of medicines: tricyclic antidepressants, antipsychotics, baclofen, amifostine;
- non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) such as indomethacin, including Cox-2-inhibitors (medicines that reduce inflammation, and can be used to help relieve pain) as they may reduce the blood pressure lowering effect of losartan.

Your doctor may need to change your dose and/or to take other precautions:

If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings “**Do not take Losartan Clonmel**” and “**Warnings and precautions**”).

If your kidney function is impaired, the concomitant use of these medicines may lead to a worsening of the kidney function.

Lithium containing medicines should not be taken in combination with losartan without close supervision by your doctor. Special precautionary measures (e.g. blood tests) may be appropriate.

Losartan Clonmel with food and drink

Losartan Clonmel may be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before using this medicine.

Pregnancy

You must tell your doctor if you think you are (or might become) pregnant. Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Losartan Clonmel before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine instead of Losartan Clonmel. Losartan Clonmel is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy.

Breast-feeding

Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding or about to start breast-feeding. Losartan Clonmel is not recommended for mothers who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed, especially if your baby is a new-born, or born prematurely.

Driving and using machines

No studies on the effects on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.

Losartan Clonmel is unlikely to affect your ability to drive or use machines. However, as with many other medicines used to treat high blood pressure, losartan may cause dizziness or drowsiness in some people. If you experience dizziness or drowsiness, you should consult your doctor before attempting such activities.

Losartan Clonmel contains lactose.

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

3. How to take Losartan Clonmel

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. Your doctor will decide on the appropriate dose of Losartan Clonmel, depending on your condition and whether you are taking other medicines. It is important to continue taking Losartan Clonmel for as long as your doctor prescribes it in order to maintain smooth control of your blood pressure.

Adult patients with High Blood Pressure

Treatment usually starts with 50 mg losartan (one tablet Losartan Clonmel 50 mg) once a day. The maximal blood pressure lowering effect should be reached 3-6 weeks after beginning treatment. In some patients the dose may later be increased to 100 mg losartan (two tablets Losartan Clonmel 50 mg or one tablet of Losartan Clonmel 100 mg) once daily.

If you have the impression that the effect of losartan is too strong or too weak, please talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

Use in children and adolescents

Children below 6 years of age

Losartan Clonmel is not recommended for use in children under 6 years old, as it has not been shown to work in this age group.

Children aged 6 - 18 years old

The recommended starting dose in patients who weigh between 20 and 50 kg is 0.7 mg of losartan per kg of body weight administered once a day (up to 25 mg of Losartan Clonmel). The doctor may increase the dose if blood pressure is not controlled.

Other form(s) of this medicine may be more suitable for children; ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Adult patients with high blood pressure and Type 2 diabetes

Treatment usually starts with 50 mg losartan (one tablet Losartan Clonmel 50 mg) once a day. The dose may later be increased to 100 mg losartan (two tablets Losartan Clonmel 50 mg or one tablet of Losartan Clonmel 100 mg) once daily depending on your blood pressure response.

Losartan may be administered with other blood pressure lowering medicines (e.g. diuretics, calcium channel blockers, alpha- or beta-blockers, and centrally acting agents) as well as with insulin and other commonly used medicines that decrease the level of glucose in the blood (e.g. sulfonylureas, glitazones and glucosidase inhibitors).

Adult patients with Heart Failure

Treatment usually starts with 12.5 mg losartan (one tablet Losartan Clonmel 12.5 mg) once a day.

Generally, the dose should be increased weekly step-by-step (i.e., 12.5 mg daily during the first week, 25 mg daily during the second week, 50 mg daily during the third week, 100 mg daily during the fourth week, 150 mg daily during the fifth week) up to the maintenance dose as determined by your physician. A maximum dose of 150 mg losartan (for example, three tablets of Losartan Clonmel 50 mg or one tablet each of Losartan Clonmel 100 mg and Losartan Clonmel 50 mg) once daily may be used.

In the treatment of heart failure, losartan is usually combined with a diuretic (medicine that increases the amount of water that you pass out through your kidneys) and/or digitalis (medicine that helps to make the heart stronger and more efficient) and/or a beta-blocker.

Dosage in special patient groups

The doctor may advise a lower dose, especially when starting treatment in certain patients such as those treated with diuretics in high doses, in patients with liver impairment, or in patients over the age of 75 years. The use of losartan is not recommended in patients with severe hepatic impairment (see section "Do not take Losartan Clonmel").

Administration

The tablets should be swallowed whole with a glass of water. You should try to take your daily dose at about the same time each day. It is important that you continue to take Losartan Clonmel until your doctor tells you otherwise.

Losartan Clonmel 50 mg film-coated tablets can be divided into equal doses.

If you take more Losartan Clonmel than you should

If you accidentally take too many tablets, contact your doctor immediately. Symptoms of overdose are low blood pressure, increased heartbeat, possibly decreased heartbeat.

If you forget to take Losartan Clonmel

If you accidentally miss a daily dose, just take the next dose as normal. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet. If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

If you experience the following, stop taking Losartan Clonmel tablets and tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department of your nearest hospital.

A severe allergic reaction (rash, itching, swelling of the face, lips, mouth or throat that may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing).

This is a serious but rare side effect, which affects more than 1 out of 10,000 patients but fewer than 1 out of 1,000 patients. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.

The following side effects have been reported with losartan:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- dizziness,
- low blood pressure (especially after excessive loss of water from the body within blood vessels e.g. in patients with severe heart failure or under treatment with high dose diuretics),
- dose-related orthostatic effects such as lowering of blood pressure appearing when rising from a lying or sitting position,
- debility,
- fatigue,
- too little sugar in the blood (hypoglycaemia),
- too much potassium in the blood (hyperkalaemia),
- changes in kidney function including kidney failure,
- reduced number of red blood cells (anaemia),
- increase in blood urea, serum creatinine and serum potassium in patients with heart failure.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- somnolence,
- headache,
- sleep disorders,
- feeling of increased heart rate (palpitations),
- severe chest pain (angina pectoris),
- shortness of breath (dyspnoea),
- abdominal pain,
- obstipation,
- diarrhoea,
- nausea,
- vomiting,
- hives (urticaria),
- itching (pruritus),
- rash,
- localised swelling (oedema),
- cough.

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

- hypersensitivity,
- angioedema,
- inflammation of blood vessels (vasculitis including Henoch-Schönlein purpura),
- numbness or tingling sensation (paraesthesia),
- fainting (syncope),
- very rapid and irregular heartbeat (atrial fibrillation),
- brain attack (stroke),
- inflammation of the liver (hepatitis),
- elevated blood alanine aminotransferase (ALT) levels, usually resolved upon discontinuation of treatment.

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

- reduced number of thrombocytes,

- migraine,
- liver function abnormalities,
- muscle and joint pain,
- flu-like symptoms,
- back pain and urinary tract infection,
- increased sensitivity to the sun (photosensitivity),
- unexplained muscle pain with dark (tea-coloured) urine (rhabdomyolysis),
- impotence,
- inflammation of the pancreas (pancreatitis),
- low levels of sodium in the blood (hyponatraemia),
- depression,
- generally feeling unwell (malaise),
- ringing, buzzing, roaring, or clicking in the ears (tinnitus),
- disturbed taste (dysgeusia).

Side effects in children are similar to those seen in adults.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via

HPRAs Pharmacovigilance

Website: www.hpra.ie

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

How to store Losartan Clonmel

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicine does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste.

Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

5. Contents of the pack and other information

What Losartan Clonmel contains

The active substance is losartan potassium.

Losartan Clonmel 12.5 mg film-coated tablet: each tablet contains 12.5 mg losartan potassium.

The other ingredients are microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate, pregelatinised maize starch, magnesium stearate, hypromellose, titanium dioxide (E171), macrogol and Indigo carmine aluminium lake.

Losartan Clonmel 25 mg film-coated tablet: each film-coated tablet contains 25 mg of losartan potassium.

Losartan Clonmel 50 mg film-coated tablet: each film-coated tablet contains 50 mg of losartan potassium.

Losartan Clonmel 100 mg film-coated tablet: each film-coated tablet contains 100 mg of losartan potassium.

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core: microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate, pregelatinised maize starch, magnesium stearate.

Film-coating: hypromellose, titanium dioxide (E171) and macrogol.

What Losartan Clonmel looks like and contents of the pack

Losartan Clonmel 50 mg are white, round film-coated tablets with a scored line on one side.

Losartan Clonmel 100 mg are white, round film-coated tablets.

Losartan Clonmel 50 mg and 100 mg are available in blisters containing 28, 30, 56, 90, 98 or 100 film-coated tablets or perforated unit dose blisters containing 28 x 1, 30 x 1, 56 x 1, 90 x 1, 98 x 1 or 100 x 1 film-coated tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Clonmel Healthcare Ltd, Waterford Road, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary, Ireland

Manufacturer

Laboratorios Liconsa S.A., Avda. Miralcampo, N°7, Pol. Ind. Miralcampo, 19200 Azuqueca de Henares (Guadalajara), Spain

STADA Arzneimittel AG, Stadastrasse 2-18, 61118 Bad Vilbel, Germany

Clonmel Healthcare Ltd, Waterford Road, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary, Ireland

This medicine is authorised in the Member States of the European Economic Area under the following names:

| <u>Member State</u> | <u>Marketing Name</u> |
|----------------------------|--|
| Lithuania | Losartan potassium STADA 12,5/25/50/100 mg plėvele dengtos tabletės |
| Austria | Losartan Aliud 50/100 mg Filmtabletten |
| Belgium | Losartan Eurogenerics 12,5/25/50/100 mg filmomhulde tabletten |
| Luxembourg | Losartan Eurogenerics 12.5/25/50/100 mg comprimés pelliculés |
| Germany | Losartan STADA 12,5/25/50/100 mg Filmtabletten |
| Denmark | Losartan STADA |
| Spain | Losartan STADAFARMA 25 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película Losartan STADAFARMA 50/100 mg comprimidos recubiertos con película EFG |
| Finland | Losartan STADA 12,5/25/50/100 mg kalvopäällysteiset tabletit |
| France | LOSARTAN EG LABO 50/100 mg, comprimé pelliculé |
| Ireland | Losartan Clonmel 50/100 mg film-coated tablets |
| Iceland | Losartan STADA 12,5/25/50/100 mg filmuhúðaðar töflur |
| Italy | LOSARTAN EG STADA ITALIA |
| Sweden | Losartan STADA 12,5/25/50/100 mg filmdragerade tabletter |
| Slovakia | Losartan STADA Arzneimittel 50 mg filmom obalené tablety |
| Norway | Losartan STADA 12.5/25/50/100 mg filmdrasjerte tabletter |
| Estonia | Losartan STADA |
| Latvia | Losartan STADA 12.5/25/50/100 mg apvalkotās tabletes |

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