Package leaflet: Information for the user

Linezolid Teva 600 mg Film-coated Tablets linezolid

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

- 1. What Linezolid Teva is and what it is used for
- 2. What you need to know before you take Linezolid Teva
- 3. How to take Linezolid Teva
- 4. Possible side effects
- 5. How to store Linezolid Teva
- 6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Linezolid Teva is and what it is used for

Linezolid is an antibiotic of the oxazolidinones group that works by stopping the growth of certain bacteria (germs) that cause infections. It is used to treat pneumonia and some infections in the skin or under the skin. Your doctor will have decided if Linezolid Teva is suitable to treat your infection.

2. What you need to know before you take Linezolid Teva

Do not take Linezolid Teva

- if you are allergic to linezolid or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- if you are taking or have taken within the last 2 weeks any medicines known as monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs: for example phenelzine, isocarboxazid, selegiline, moclobemide). These medications may be used to treat depression or Parkinson's disease.
- if you are breast-feeding. This is because linezolid passes into breast milk and could affect the baby.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse before taking Linezolid Teva.

Linezolid Teva may not be suitable for you if you answer **yes** to any of the following questions. In this case tell your doctor as he/she will need to check your general health and your blood pressure before and during your treatment or may decide that another treatment is better for you.

Ask your doctor if you are not sure whether these categories apply to you.

- Do you have high blood pressure, whether or not you are taking medicines for this?
- Have you been diagnosed with an overactive thyroid?
- Do you have a tumour of the adrenal glands (phaeochromocytoma) or carcinoid syndrome (caused by tumours of the hormone system with symptoms of diarrhoea, flushing of the skin, wheezing)?
- Do you suffer from manic depression, schizoaffective disorder, mental confusion or other mental problems?

• Do you take any opioids?

The use of certain medicines, including antidepressants and opioids, together with Linezolid Teva can lead to serotonin syndrome, a potentially life-threatening condition (see section 2 "Other medicines and Linezolid Teva" and section 4).

Take special care with Linezolid Teva

Tell your doctor before you take this medicine if you:

- bruise and bleed easily
- are anaemic (have low red blood cells)
- are prone to getting infections
- have a history of seizures
- have liver problems or kidney problems particularly if you are on dialysis
- have diarrhoea

Tell your doctor immediately if during treatment you suffer from:

- problems with your vision such as blurred vision, changes in colour vision, difficulty in seeing detail or if your field of vision becomes restricted.
- loss of sensitivity in your arms or legs or a sensation of tingling or pricking in your arms or legs.
- you may develop diarrhoea while taking or after taking antibiotics, including Linezolid Teva. If this becomes severe or persistent or you notice that your stool contains blood or mucus, you should stop taking Linezolid Teva immediately and consult your doctor. In this situation, you should not take medicines that stop or slow bowel movement.
- recurrent nausea or vomiting, abdominal pain or rapid breathing

Other medicines and Linezolid Teva

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking/using, have recently taken/used or might take/use any other medicines.

There is a risk that Linezolid Teva may sometimes interact with certain other medicines to cause side effects such as changes in blood pressure, temperature or heart rate.

Tell your doctor if you are taking or have taken within the last 2 weeks the following medicines as Linezolid Teva **must not** be taken if you are already taking these medicines or have taken them recently (see also section 2 above "Do not take Linezolid Teva").

• Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs for example phenelzine, isocarboxazid, selegiline, moclobemide). These may be used to treat depression or Parkinson's disease.

Also tell your doctor if you are taking the following medicines. Your doctor may still decide to give you Linezolid Teva, but will need to check your general health and your blood pressure before and during your treatment. In other cases, your doctor may decide that another treatment is better for you.

- Decongestant cold or flu remedies containing pseudoephedrine or phenylpropanolamine.
- Some medicines used to treat asthma such as salbutamol, terbutaline, fenoterol.
- Certain antidepressants known as tricyclics or SSRIs (selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors). There are many of these, including amitriptyline, citalopram, clomipramine, dosulepin, doxepin, fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, imipramine, lofepramine, paroxetine, sertraline.
- Medicines used to treat migraine such as sumatriptan and zolmitriptan.
- Medicines used to treat sudden, severe allergic reactions such as adrenaline (epinephrine).
- Medicines which increase your blood pressure, such as noradrenaline (norepinephrine), dopamine and dobutamine.
- Opioids, e.g. pethidine used to treat moderate to severe pain.
- Medicines used to treat anxiety disorders, such as buspirone.
- Medicines that stop blood clotting such as warfarin.
- An antibiotic called rifampicin.

Linezolid Teva with food, drink and alcohol

- You can take Linezolid Teva either before, during or after a meal.
- Avoid eating large amounts of mature cheese, yeast extracts, or soya bean extracts (e.g. soy sauce) and drinking alcohol, especially draught beers and wine. This is because this medicine may react with a substance called tyramine which is naturally present in some foods. This interaction may cause an increase in your blood pressure.
- If you develop a throbbing headache after eating or drinking, **tell your doctor or pharmacist immediately**.

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

The effect of Linezolid Teva in pregnant women is not known. Therefore it should not be taken in pregnancy unless advised by your doctor.

You should not breast-feed when taking Linezolid Teva because it passes into breast milk and could affect the baby.

Driving and using machines

Linezolid Teva may make you feel dizzy or experience problems with your vision. If this happens, do not drive or operate any machinery. Remember that if you are unwell, your ability to drive or operate machinery may be affected.

Linezolid Teva contains lactose

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

Linezolid Teva contains sodium

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per film-coated tablet, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

3. How to take Linezolid Teva

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Adults

The recommended dose is one film-coated tablet (600 mg linezolid) twice daily (every twelve hours). Swallow the film-coated tablet whole with some water.

The tablet has a score line. The score line is only there to help you break the tablet if you have difficulty swallowing it whole.

If you are on kidney dialysis, you should take Linezolid Teva after your dialysis treatment.

A course of treatment usually lasts 10 to 14 days but can last up to 28 days. The safety and effectiveness of this medicine have not been established for treatment periods longer than 28 days. Your doctor will decide how long you should be treated.

While you are taking Linezolid Teva, your doctor should perform regular blood tests to monitor your blood count.

Your doctor should monitor your eyesight if you take Linezolid Teva for more than 28 days.

Use in children and adolescents

Linezolid Teva is not normally used to treat children and adolescents (under 18 years old).

If you take more Linezolid Teva than you should

Tell your doctor or pharmacist immediately.

If you forget to take Linezolid Teva

Take the forgotten tablet as soon as you remember. Take the next tablet 12 hours after this and continue taking your film-coated tablets every 12 hours. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

If you stop taking Linezolid Teva

Unless your doctor instructs you to stop treatment, it is important to continue taking Linezolid Teva. If you stop and your original symptoms come back, **tell your doctor or pharmacist immediately**.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Tell your doctor, nurse or pharmacist immediately if you notice any of these side effects during your treatment with Linezolid Teva.

The serious side effects (with frequency in brackets) of Linezolid Teva are:

- Severe skin disorder (uncommon), swelling, particularly around the face and neck (uncommon), wheezing and/or difficulty breathing (rare). This may be the sign of an allergic reaction and it may be necessary for you to stop taking Linezolid Teva. Skin reactions such as a raised purple rash due to inflammation of the blood vessels (rare), red sore skin and flaking (dermatitis) (uncommon), rash (common), itching (common).
- Problems with your vision such as blurred vision (uncommon), changes in colour vision (not known), difficulty in seeing detail (not known) or if your field of vision becomes restricted (rare).
- Severe diarrhoea containing blood and/or mucus (antibiotic-associated colitis including pseudomembranous colitis), which in rare circumstances may develop into complications that are life-threatening (uncommon).
- Recurrent nausea or vomiting, abdominal pain or rapid breathing (rare).
- Fits or seizures (uncommon) have been reported with Linezolid Teva.
- Serotonin syndrome (not known): You should let your doctor know if you experience agitation, confusion, delirium, rigidity, tremor, incoordination seizure, rapid heartbeat, severe breathing problems and diarrhoea (suggestive of serotonin syndrome) while also taking antidepressants known as SSRIs or opioids (see section 2).
- Unexplained bleeding or bruising, which may be due to changes in the numbers of certain cells in the blood which may affect blood clotting or lead to anaemia (common).
- Changes in numbers of certain cells in the blood which may affect your ability to fight infection (uncommon) some signs of infection include: any fever (common), sore throat (uncommon), mouth ulcers (uncommon) and tiredness (uncommon).
- Inflammation of the pancreas (uncommon).
- Convulsions (uncommon).
- Transient ischaemic attacks (temporary disturbance of blood flow to the brain causing short term symptoms such as loss of vision, leg and arm weakness, slurring of speech and loss of consciousness) (uncommon).
- "Ringing" in the ears (tinnitus) (uncommon).

Numbness, tingling or blurred vision have been reported by patients who have been given Linezolid Teva for more than 28 days. If you experience difficulties with your vision you should consult your doctor as soon as possible.

Other side effects include:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- Fungal infections, especially vaginal or oral "thrush"
- Headache
- Metallic taste in the mouth
- Diarrhoea, nausea or vomiting
- Changes in some blood test results including those measuring proteins, salts or enzymes which measure your kidney or liver function or blood sugar levels
- Difficulty in sleeping
- Increased blood pressure
- Anaemia (low red blood cell)
- Dizziness
- Localised or general abdominal pain
- Constipation
- Indigestion
- Localised pain
- Reduction in platelets

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- Inflammation of the vagina or genital area in women
- Sensations such as tingling or feeling numb
- Swollen, sore or discoloured tongue
- Dry mouth
- A need to urinate more often
- Chills
- Feeling thirsty
- Increased sweating
- Hyponatraemia (low blood sodium levels)
- Kidney failure
- Abdominal bloating
- Increase in creatinine
- Stomach pain
- Changes in heart rate (e.g. increase rate)
- Decrease of the blood cell count
- Weakness and/or sensory changes

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

• Superficial tooth discolouration, removable with professional dental cleaning (manual descaling)

The following side effects have also been reported (Not known: frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

• Alopecia (hair loss)

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via HPRA Pharmacovigilance, Website: www.hpra.ie. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Linezolid Teva

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton after 'EXP'. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Linezolid Teva contains

- The active substance is linezolid. Each film-coated tablet contains 600 mg linezolid.
- The other ingredients are lactose monohydrate, lactose monohydrate spray-dried, maize starch, crospovidone (E1202), hydroxypropylcellulose (E463), crosscarmellose sodium (E468), magnesium stearate (E470b), hypromellose 2910 5cP (E464), macrogol 400 and titanium dioxide (E171).

What Linezolid Teva looks like and contents of the pack

White, film coated modified capsule shaped tablet, debossed with "600" on one side. The other side is scored. Available in blister packs of 10, 10x1, 20, 20x1, 28, 30, 60, 90 and 100 film-coated tablets and hospital pack of 50x1 film-coated tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Teva Pharma B.V. Swensweg 5 2031GA Haarlem The Netherlands

Manufacturer(s)

TEVA Gyógyszergyár Zrt. TEVA Pharmaceutical Works Private Limited Company Debrecen Pallagi út 13, H-4042 Hungary

Teva Operations Poland Sp. z.o.o. ul. Mogilska 80. , Krakow 31-546 Poland

Merckle GmbH Graf-Arco-Str. 3, Ulm 89079 Germany

PLIVA Hrvatska d.o.o. (PLIVA Croatia Ltd.) Prilaz baruna Filipovica 25, Zagreb 10000 Croatia Merckle GmbH Ludwig-Merckle-Straße 3, Blaubeuren 89143 Germany

Teva Pharma B.V. Swensweg 5, 2031GA Haarlem The Netherlands

This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

Austria	Linezolid ratiopharm 600 mg Filmtabletten
Germany	Linezolid-ratiopharm 600 mg Filmtabletten
Denmark	Linezolid "Teva"
Spain	Linezolid Teva Pharma 600 mg comprimidos
	recubiertos con película EFG
Croatia	Linezolid Pliva 600 mg filmom obložene tablete
Ireland	Linezolid Teva 600 mg Film-coated Tablets
Italy	LINEZOLID TEVA
Netherlands	Linezolid Teva 600mg, filmomhulde tabletten
Portugal	Linezolida Teva
Sweden	Linezolid Teva

This leaflet was last revised in April 2022.