Colours Used:

Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva 10 mg/2.5 mg film-coated tablets perindopril

tosilate/indapamide

Package leaflet: Information for the patient

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking using this medicine because it contains important information for you Keep this leaflet. You may

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again. If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist. This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- their signs of illness are the same as yours.

 If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4. What is in this leaflet

- What Perindopril tosilate/
 IndapamideTeva is and what it is
 used for
- used for What you need to know before you take Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva How to take Perindopril tosilate/
- 3.-How to take Perindophil tosilate/ Indapamide Teva
 4. Possible side effects
 5. How to store Perindophil tosilate/ Indapamide Teva
 6. Contents of the pack and other information.
- information What Perindopril tosilate

Pharma

Indapamide Teva is and what it is used for

what it is used for
Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva
is a combination of two active
ingredients, perindopril and
indapamide. It is an anti-hypertensive
and is used in the treatment of high
blood pressure (hypertension).
Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide
Teva is prescribed for patients
already receiving perindopril 10 mg
and indapamide 2.5 mg from
separate tablets, these patients may
instead receive one tablet of
Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva
which contains both ingredients.
Perindopril belongs to a class of

Perindopril belongs to a class of medicines called ACE inhibitors. These work by widening the blood vessels, which makes it easier for your heart to pump blood through them. Indapamide is a diuretic. them. Indapamide is a diuretic. Diuretics increase the amount of urine produced by the kidneys. However, indapamide is different from other diuretics, as it only causes a slight increase in the amount of urine produced. Each of the active ingredients reduces blood pressure and they work together to control your blood pressure. What you need to know before you take Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva 2



o not take Perindopril tosilate/

- Do not take Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva

 if you are allergic to perindopril, indapamide or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6), if you are allergic to any other ACE inhibitor or any other sulfonamide, if you have experienced symptoms such as wheezing, swelling of the face or tongue, intense itching or severe skin rashes with previous ACE inhibitor treatment or if you
- ACE inhibitor treatment or if you or a member of your family have had these symptoms in any other circumstances (a condition called circumstances (a condition called angioedema), if you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren, if you have severe liver disease or suffer from a condition called hepatic_encephalogathy.
- suffer from a condition called hepatic encephalopathy (degenerative disease of the brain), if you have a kidney disease where the blood supply to your kidneys is reduced (renal artery stenosis), if you are receiving dialysis, or any other type of blood filtration. Depending on the machine that is used, Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva may not be suitable for you.
- Indapamide Teva may not be suitable for you. if you have low blood potassium, if you are suspected of having untreated decompensated heart failure (severe water retention, difficulty in breathing), if you are more than 3 months pregnant (It is also better to avoid Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva in early pregnancy see
- Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva in early pregnancy see section "Pregnancy and breast-feeding"), if you have taken or are currently taking sacubitril/valsartan, a medicine used to treat a type of long-term (chronic) heart failure in adults as the risk of
- in adults, as the risk of angioedema (rapid swelling under the skin in an area such as the throat) is increased. Varnings and precautions ramings and precautions
 alk to your doctor or pharmacist
 efore taking Perindopril tosilate/
 dapamide Teva
 if you have aortic stenosis
 (narrowing of the main blood
 vessel leading from the heart) or
 hypertrophic cardiomyonathy.
- hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (heart muscle disease) or renal artery stenosis (narrowing of th artery supplying the kidney with
- anery supplying the kidney with blood), if you have heart failure or any other heart problems, if you have kidney problems or if you are receiving dialysis, if you have muscle disorders including anything transfer or the production.
- if you have muscle disorders including muscle pain, tenderness, weakness or cramps, if you have abnormally increased levels of a hormone called aldosterone in your blood (primary aldosteronism), if you have liver problems, if you suffer from a collagen disease (skin disease) such as systemic luous erythematosus or systemic lupus erythematosus or scleroderma,
- if you have atherosclerosis
- if you have atherosclerosis (hardening of the arteries), if you suffer from hyperparathyroidism (overactive parathyroid gland), if you suffer from gout, if you have diabetes, if you are on a salt restricted diet or use salt substitutes which contain protestium of the substitutes which contains the substitutes which we substitute which was a substitute which which
- contain potassium, if you take lithium or potassium-
- If you take lithium or potassium-sparing drugs (spironolactone, triamterene) or potassium supplements as their use with Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva should be avoided (see section "Other medicines and Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide
- Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva").
- leva").
 if you are elderly,
 if you have had photosensitivity
 reactions,
 if you have a severe allergic
 reaction with swelling of the face,
 lips, mouth, tongue or throat
 which may cause difficulty in
 swellowing or breathing which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing (angioedema). This may occur at any time during treatment. If you develop such symptoms, you should stop taking the treatment and see a doctor immediately, if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure:

 • an angiotensini II receptor
- an angiotensin II receptor an angiotensin II receptor blocker (ARBs) (also known as sartans - for example valsartan, telmisartan, irbesartan), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems.
 aliskiren.
 Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.
 See also information under the
- See also information under the
- See also information under the heading "Do not take Perindopril tosilate/IndapamideTeva". if you are taking any of the following medicines, the risk of angioedema may be increased:

 racecadotril, a medicine used to treat diarthosa.
- treat diarrhoea; medicines used to prevent
- medicines used to prevent organ transplant rejection and for cancer (e.g., temsirolimus, sirolimus, everolimus); linagliptin, saxagliptin, sitagliptin, vildagliptin and other drugs belonging to the class of the also called gliptins (used to treat diabetes)

fixed-dose combination with

(used to treat diabetes) sacubitril (available as

- valsartan), used to treat
- valsartan), used to treat long-term heart failure. if you are of black origin since you may have a higher risk of angioedema and this medicine may be less effective in lowering your blood pressure than in
- (choroidal effusion) or an increase of pressure in your eye and can happen within hours to weeks of taking Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva. This ca lead to permanent vision loss, if not treated. If you earlier have had a penicillin or sulfonamide allergy, you can be at higher risk of developing this. This car

of developing this.

Angioedema
Angioedema (a severe allergic reaction with swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat with difficulty in swallowing or breathing) has been reported in patients treated with ACE inhibitors, including Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva. This may occur at any time during treatment. If you develop such symptoms, you should stop taking Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva and see a doctor immediately. See also section 4. You must tell your doctor if you think

pregnant. Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see section "Pregnancy and breast-feeding"). When you are taking Perindopril

- desensitisation treatment to
- Athletes should be aware that Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva containsan active ingredient

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

tosilate/Indapamide Teva with lithium (used to treat mania or

- lithium (used to treat mania or depression), aliskiren (medicine used to treat hypertension) if you have no diabetes mellitus or kidney problems, potassium supplements (including salt substitutes), potassium-sparing diuretics (e.g. triamterene, amiloride) and other medicines that can increase the amount of potassium in your
- immunosuppressant medicine used to prevent organ transplant rejection; and heparin, a medicine used to thin blood to prevent clots) clots).
 estramustine (used in cancer therapy), other medicines used to treat high blood pressure: angiotensin-converting-enzyme inhibitors and angiotensin-
- inhibitors and angiotensin receptor blockers
- Treatment with Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva can be affected by other medicines. Your doctor may

other medicines. Your doctor may need to change your dose and/or to take other precautions. Make sure t tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following medicines as special care may be required:

- other medicines for treating high blood pressure, including angiotensin II receptor blocker (APR) or aliskiren (see also

- kidneys), potassium-sparing drugs used in the treatment of heart failure: eplerenone and spironolactone at s between 12.5 mg to 50 mg doses between 12.5 mg to 50 mg per day, anaesthetic medicines, iodinated contrast agent, antibiotics used to treat bacterial infections (e.g moxifloxacin, sparfloxacin, erythromycin by injection)
- injection),
- of an irregular heart beat) allopurinol (for the treatm gout), antihistamines used to treat allergic reactions, such as hay
- corticosteroids used to treat various concosteroids used to treat various conditions including severe asthma and rheumatoid arthritis, immunosuppressants used for the treatment of auto-immune disorders or following transplant surgery to prevent rejection (e.g. ciclosporin tacrollimus).
- halofantrine (used to treat certain types of malaria), d to treat
- entamidine (use pentamidine (used to treat pneumonia), injectable gold (used to treat rheumatoid polyarthritis), vincamine (used to treat symptomatic cognitive disorders in elderly including memory loss), bepridil (used to treat angina pectoris)
- pectoris). medicines used for heart rhythm

- stimulant laxatives (e.g. senna), non-steroidal anti-inflammatory
- disorders such as depression,
- disorders such as depression, anxiety, schizophrenia...(e.g. tricyclic antidepressants, neuroleptics (such as amisulpride, sulpride, sultopride, tiapride, haloperidol, droperidol)), tetracosactide (to treat Crohn's disease)

- your blood pressure than in non-black patients, if you are a haemodialysis patient dialysed with high-flux membranes if you experience a decrease in vision or eye pain. These could be symptoms of fluid accumulation in the vascular layer of the eye (choroidal effusion) or an increase of pressure in your eye

also section 4. that you are (or might become) pregnant. Perindopril tosilate/

tosilate/Indapamide Teva, you should also inform your doctor or the medical staff: if you are to undergo anaesthesia

- and/or surgery,
 if you have recently suffered from
 diarrhoea or vomiting, or are
- diarrhoea or vomiting, or are dehydrated, if you are to undergo dialysis or LDL apheresis (which is removal of cholesterol from your blood by a machine), if you are going to have
- If you are going to have desensitisation treatment to reduce the effects of an allergy to bee or wasp stings, if you are to undergo a medical test that requires injection of an iodinated contrast agent (a substance that makes organs like kidney or stomach visible on an X-ray) if you have changes in your vision or pain in one or both of your eyes while taking Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva. This could be a sign that you are developing glaucoma, increased pressure in your eye(s). You should discontinue Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva treatment and seek medical attention.

muapamide) which may give a positive reaction in drug tests. Children and adolescents Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva should not be given children and adolescents.

Other medicines and Perindopril

You should avoid Perindopril

- medicines that can increase the amount of potassium in your blood (e.g. trimethoprim and co-trimoxazole also known as trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole for infections caused by bacteria; ciclosporin, an immunes uppressed medicine.
- angiotensin II receptor blocker (ARB) or aliskiren (see also information under the headings "Do not take Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva" and "Warnings and precautions") or diuretics (medicines which increase the amount of urine produced by the kidneys)
- methadone (used to treat procainamide (for the treatment of an irregular book.)
- fever (e.g mizolastine, terfenadine, astemizole),
- ciclosporin, tacrolimus),
- - medicines used for heart rhythm problems (e.g. quinidine, hydroquinidine, disopyramide, amiodarone, sotalol, ibutilide, dofetilide, digitalis, bretylium), cisapride, diphemanil (used to tre-gastric and digestive problems), digoxin or other cardiac glycosides (for the treatment of heart problems)
- glycosides (for the treatment of heart problems), baclofen (to treat muscle stiffness occurring in diseases such as multiple sclerosis), medicines to treat diabetes such as insulin, metformin or gliptins, calcium including calcium supplements.
- supplements,
- non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (e.g. ibuprofen) or high dose salicylates (e.g. acetylsalicylic acid (a substance presents in many medicines used to relieve pain and lower fever, as well as to prevent blood clotting)), amphotericin B by injection (to treat severe fungal disease), medicines used to treat mental disorders such as depression.
- disease). vasodilators including nitrates (products that make the blood vessels become wider),

medicines used for the treatment of low blood pressure, shock or asthma (e.g. ephedrine, noradrenaline or adrenaline). medicines, which is most often used to treat diarrhea (racecadotril) or avoid rejection of transplanted organs, (circlingue). transplanted organs (sirolimus,

medicines used for the treatment

transplanted organs (sirolimus, everolimus, temsirolimus and other drugs belonging to the class of so-called mTor inhibitors). See section "Varnings and precautions"; sacubitril/valsartan (used to treat long-term heart failure). See sections "Do not take Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva" and "Warnings and precautions". 'Warnings and precautions' regnancy and breast-feeding

Pregnancy and breast-feeding If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

before taking this medicine.

Pregnancy
Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Perindopril tosilate/
Indapamide Teva before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine instead of Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva. Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva is not recommended in early pregnancy, and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy. of pregnancy.

Breast-feeding Perindopril tosilate/IndapamideTeva

is not recommended for moners who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed, especially if your baby is newborn, or was born prematurely. See your doctor immediately. Driving and using machines
Perindopril tosilate/IndapamideTeva
does not usually affect alertness but
different reactions such as dizziness

is not recommended for mothers

afferent reactions such as dizzines or weakness in relation to the decrease in blood pressure may occur in certain patients. If affecte your ability to drive or to operate machinery may be impaired.

Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva contains lactose If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

erindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva ontains sodium contains sodium This medicine contains less than I mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, hat is to say essentially sodium-free'.



How to take Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. The recommended dose is one

tablet daily. Take your tablet preferably in the morning and before a meal. Swallow the tal with a glass of water.

If you take more Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva than you should If you take too many tablets, contact your nearest accident and emergency department or tell your doctor immediately. The most likely doctor immediately. The most likely effect in case of overdose is low blood pressure. If marked low blood pressure occurs (associated with nausea, vomiting, cramps, dizziness, sleepiness, mental confusion, changes in the amount of urine produced by kidneys), lying down with your legs raised can help. If you forget to take Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva

rosuate/indapamide leva It is important to take your medicine every day as regular treatment is more effective. However, if you forget to take a dose of Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva, take the next dose at the usual time. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forrouten dose. forgotten dose. lf you stop taking Perindopril As the treatment for high blood pressure is usually life-long, you should discuss with your doctor before stopping this medicinal product.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist. 4 Possible side effects



Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not

verybody gets them.

everypooy gets tnem. Stop taking the medicinal product and see a doctor immediately, if you experience any of the following side effects that can be serious: Severe dizziness or fainting due to low blood pressure (Common may affect up to 1 in 10 people), Bronchospasm (tightening of the thest, wheeling and shortness of

- Bronchospasm (tightening of the chest, wheezing and shortness of breath (Uncommon) (may affect up to 1 in 100 people), Swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat, difficulty in breathing, (angioedema) (See section 2 "Warning and precaution"), (Uncommon) (may affect up to 1 in 100 people), Severe skin reactions including erythema multiforme (a skin rash
- Severe skin reactions including erythema multiforme (a skin rash which often starts with red itchy patches on your face, arms or legs) or intense skin rash, hives, reddening of the skin over your whole body, severe itching, blistering, peeling and swelling of the skin, inflammation of mucous membranes (Stevens Ichnson the skin, inflammation of mucc membranes (Stevens Johnson Syndrome) or other allergic reactions (Very rare) (may affec up to 1 in 10,000 people), Cardiovascular disorders (irregu affect (irregular
- Cardiovascular disorders (irregular heart beat, angina pectoris (pains to the chest, jaw and back, brought on by physical effort), heart attack) (Very rare) (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people), Weakness of arms or legs, or problems speaking which could be a sign of a possible stroke (Very rare) (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people).
- people), Inflamed pancreas which may cause severe abdominal and back pain accompanied with feeling
- pain accompanied with feeling very unwell (Very rare) (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people), Yellowing of the skin or eyes (jaundice) which could be a sign of hepatitis (Very Rare) (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people), Life-threatening irregular beat (Not known) (Not known), Disease of the brain caused by
- Disease of the brain caused by liver illness (Hepatic encephalopathy) (Not known), Muscle weakness, cramps, tenderness or pain and particularly, if at the same time, you feel unwell or have a high temperature it may be caused by an abnormal muscle breakdown (Not known). (Not known). n decreasing order of frequency,

side effects can include:

Common: (may affect up to 1 in 10

- Common: (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)
 Skin reactions in subjects predisposed to allergic and asthmatic reactions , headache, dizziness, vertigo, pins and needles, vision disturbances, tinnitus (sensation of noises in the agrs), cough, shortness of breath
- tinnitus (sensation of noises in the ears), cough, shortness of breath (dyspnoea), gastro-intestinal disorders (nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, taste disturbances, dyspepsia or difficulty of digestion, diarrhoea, constipation), allergic reactions (such as skin rashes, itching), cramps, feeling of tiredness.
- cramps, feeling of tiredness.

 Uncommon: (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

 Mood swings, sleep disturbances, depression, urticaria, purpura (red pinpoints on skin), blister cluster, kidney problems, impotence, sweating, an excess of eosinophils (a type of white blood cells), change in laboratory parameters: high blood level of potassium reversible on discontinuation, low blood level of sodium, somnolence, fainting, palpitations (awareness of your heartbeat), tachycardia (fast heartbeat), hypoglycaemia (very low blood

hypoglycaemia (very low blood level) in case of diabetic sugar level) in case or diabetic patients, vasculitis (inflammation of blood vessels), dry mouth, photosensitivity reactions (increased sensitivity of the skin to sun), arthralgia (joint pain),

- myalgia (muscle pain), chest pain, malaise, oedema peripheral, fever, increased blood urea, increased blood creatinine, fall. Rare: (may affect up to 1 in 1000
- people) Dark urine, people)
 Dark urine, feeling sick (nausea)
 or being sick (vomiting), muscle
 cramps, confusion and seizures.
 These may be symptoms of a
 condition called SIADH
 (inappropriate antidiuretic
 hormone secretion). Flushing hormone secretion). Flushing, psoriasis worsening, changes in laboratory parameters: increased level of liver enzymes, high level of serum bilirubin, decreased or absent urine output, acute renal failure, fatigue.
- failure, fatigue.

 Very rare: (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people) Confusion, eosinophilic pneumonia (a rare type of pneumonia), rhinitis (blocked up or runny nose), severe kidney problems, changes in blood values such as a lower number of white and red blood cells, lower haemoglobin, lower number of blood platelets, high level of calcium in the blood, abnormal hepatic function.

 Not known: (frequency cannot be
- Not known: (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data) Abnormal ECG heart tracing, Abnormal ECG heart tracing, changes in laboratory parameters: low potassium levels, high uric acid levels and high sugar levels in the blood, decrease in vision or pain in your eyes due to high pressure (possible signs of fluid accumulation in the vascular layer of the eye (choroidal effusion) or acute angle-closure glaucoma), short sightedness (myopia), vision blurred, visual impairment, discoloration, numbness and pain vision buried, visual impairment, discoloration, numbness and pain in fingers or toes (Raynaud's phenomenon). If you suffer from systemic lupus erythematosus (a type of collagen disease), this might get worse.

Disorders of the blood, kidney, liver

or pancreas and changes in laboratory parameters (blood tests) can occur. Your doctor may need to give you blood tests to monitor your condition.

Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects, talk to
your doctor or pharmacist. This
includes any side effects not listed
in this leaflet. You can also report
side effects directly via HPRA
Pharmacovigilance Website:
www.hpra.ie. www.hpra.ie. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.



How to store Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and bottle label EXP.The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Keep the container tightly closed in

order to protect from moisture

This medicine does not require any special temperature storag conditions Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the

environment. Contents of the pack and other information

What Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva contains

- The active substances are perindopril tosilate and indapamide. Each film-coated tablet contains 10 mg perindopril tosilate (corresponding to 6.816 mg perindopril) and 2.5 mg indapamide. indapamide. The other ingredients are lactose
- The other ingredients are lactose monohydrate, maize starch, sodium hydrogen carbonate, pregelatinized starch (maize), povidone, magnesium stearate, polyvinyl alcohol part hydrolized, titanium dioxide E171, macrogol/PEG 3350 and talc. What Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva looks like and contents of the pack

Perindopril tosilate/Indapamide Teva 10 mg/2.5 mg film-coated tablets are white, round and biconvex film-coated tablet of approx. 10 mm diameter, plain on both sides.

nim-coated tablet of approx. To m diameter, plain on both sides. The tablets are available in polypropylene containers with polyethylene stoppers containing 30, 50, 60 (2x30), 90 (3x30) or 100 (2x30). (2x50) tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed. Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Marketing Authorisation Holder Swensweg 5 2031GA Haarlem The Netherlands

Manufacturer

TEVA Gyógyszergyár Zrt. Debrecen, Pallagi út 13, H-4042

Teva B \

Hungary Pharmachemie B.V.

Haarlem 2031 GA The Netherlands Teva Operations Poland Sp. z.o.o ul. Mogilska 80., Krakow 31-546

Swensweg 5,

Poland Merckle GmbH Graf-Arco-Str. 3. Ulm 89079, Germany

Member States of the European Economic Area under the following Coperindo 10 mg/2,5 mg filmomhulde tabletten Belgium

This medicine is authorised in the

/Filmtabletten Czech Republic Perindopril tosilate/Indapamid

Estonia

Lithuania

Romania

/comprimés pelliculés

Teva 10 mg/2,5 mg Perindopril/ Indapamide Teva Périndopril tosilate/

IndapamideTEVA 10/2,5 mg comprimépelliculé Croatia . Co-Articel

10 mg/2,5 mg filmomoblože tablete Perindopril tosilate/

IndapamideTeva 10 mg/2.5 mg Film-coated Tablets Italy

Film-coated lable Perindopril e Indapamide Teva Italia Perindopril/ Indapamide Teva 10 mg/2,5 mg plėvele dengtos

tabletės Latvia Perindopril/ Indapamide Teva 10 mg/2,5 mg apvalkotās tabletes

apvalkotās tablete Perindopril tosilate/ Indapamide Teva Malta

10 mg/2.5 mg Film-coatedTablets The Netherlands Perindopril Tosilaat/

Iosilaat/ IndapamideTeva 10 mg/2,5 mg, filmomhulde tabletten Indix Combi Perindopril + Portugal

TOSILAT/ INDAPAMIDĂTEVA 10 mg/2,5 mg comprimate filmate Perivol Combo 10 mg/2,5 mg Slovenia

Indapamida Mepha PERINDOPRIL

10 mg/2,5 mg filmsko obložene

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