

Package Leaflet - Information for the user

MAXIDEX® 0.1 % w / w eye ointment Dexamethasone

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine

- **Keep this leaflet.** You may need to read it again.
- **If you have any further questions,** ask your doctor or your pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you. **Do not pass it on to others.** It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.
- **If any of the side effects get serious,** or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

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1. WHAT MAXIDEX IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

MAXIDEX belongs to a group of medicines called corticosteroids.

It is used to treat allergy and inflammation of the eye.

It helps to relieve the symptoms of allergy and inflammation such as redness, soreness and swelling.

2. BEFORE YOU USE MAXIDEX

Do not use MAXIDEX...

- If you think that you have any type of infection, including viral, fungal, untreated parasitic eye infections and tuberculosis of the eye.
- If you are **allergic** to dexamethasone or any of the other ingredients listed in section 6.

If any of these apply, ask your doctor for advice.

Take special care...

- Only use MAXIDEX in your eye (s).
- MAXIDEX is not recommended for use **in children under 2 years**.
- MAXIDEX should not be used for **more than one week**, unless advised by your doctor. Use of MAXIDEX **for long periods of time**, may cause:
 - **Increased pressure** in your eye(s). If you already have high pressure in your eye(s) or an eye disease such as **glaucoma**. You should have your eye pressure checked regularly while using MAXIDEX. Ask your doctor for advice. This is especially important in paediatric patients, as the risk of corticosteroid-induced increased pressure in the eye may be greater in children and may occur earlier than in adults. The risk of increase in eye pressure and/or cataract formation is higher in susceptible patients (e.g. patients with diabetes) using steroids.
 - The development of **Cataracts**. You should see your doctor regularly if using on a long term basis.

- Talk to your doctor if you experience swelling and weight gain around the trunk and in the face as these are usually the first manifestations of a syndrome called Cushing's syndrome. Suppression of the adrenal gland function may develop after stopping a long-term or intensive treatment with MAXIDEX. Talk to your doctor before stopping the treatment by yourself. These risks are especially important in children and patients treated with a drug called ritonavir or cobicistat.
- Use of steroids **may make eye infections worse** and **delay healing** of an eye wound. Topical NSAIDs (Non-Steroidal Anti Inflammatory Drugs-Medications) are also known to slow or delay healing. Using topical NSAIDs at the same time as topical steroids may increase corneal healing problems. If you are being treated or have been treated for **viral herpes** or any other eye infection, your eyes should be regularly examined by your doctor. If you have an infection, your doctor will prescribe another medicine to treat it.
- If you have a disorder causing a **thinning of the eye tissues**. Steroids may cause further thinning and possible perforation.
- Contact your doctor if you experience blurred vision or other visual disturbances.
- Contact lens wear is not recommended during treatment of an ocular inflammation.

If any of these apply, you may still be able to use MAXIDEX, but **discuss it with your doctor** first.

Contains methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218) and propyl parahydroxybenzoate (E216) which may cause allergic reactions (possibly delayed).

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or might get pregnant or are breast feeding a baby, **talk to your doctor** before you use MAXIDEX. MAXIDEX **should not be used** during pregnancy or breast-feeding unless your doctor considers it necessary.

Driving and using machines

Ointments in particular can cause blurry vision and should not be used prior to when you expect to drive or operate machinery.

Using other medicines

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription.

Tell your doctor if you are using topical NSAIDs (Non-Steroidal Anti Inflammatory Drugs-Medications). Using topical NSAIDs at the same time as topical steroids may increase corneal healing problems.

Tell your doctor if you are using ritonavir or cobicistat, as this may increase the amount of dexamethasone in the blood.

If you are using more than one type of eye medicine, the medicines must be used at least **5 minutes** apart. Eye ointments should be used last.

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3. HOW TO USE MAXIDEX

The usual dose

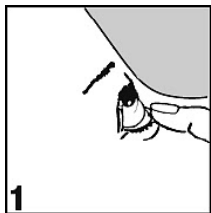
The usual dose for adults and children aged 2 years and above is to apply a small amount of MAXIDEX 3-4 times daily for 3-4 days or until a satisfactory response occurs.

If your symptoms get worse or suddenly return, please consult your doctor. You may be more likely to develop eye infections whilst using MAXIDEX.

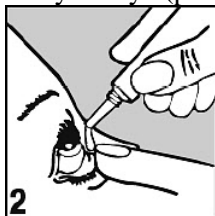
Always use MAXIDEX exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

How to use

- Wash your hands before you start.
- Remove the cap from the tube.
- Tilt your head back.
- Pull down your lower eyelid with a clean finger, until there is a 'pocket' between the eyelid and your eye. The ointment will go in here (picture 1).



- Bring the ointment tube close to the eye. Do this in front of a mirror if it helps.
- **Do not touch your eye or eyelid**, surrounding areas or other surfaces with the tip of the tube. It could infect the ointment.
- **Gently squeeze** a small ribbon of ointment into the pocket formed between your lower eyelid and your eye (picture 2).



- **Release the lower eyelid** and blink a few times.
- If you use ointment in both eyes, repeat the steps for your other eye. Replace and tightly close the cap on the tube.
- **If the ointment misses your eye**, try again.
- **If you forget to use MAXIDEX** do not worry, just use it as soon as possible. However, if it is nearly time for your next dose, skip the missed dose and go back to your normal dosing schedule. **Do not use a double dose to make up.**
- **If you use more MAXIDEX than you should** it can be washed out of your eye with warm water.

If you have any further questions on the use of MAXIDEX, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, MAXIDEX can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

- **You may experience some or all of the following effects in your eye(s):**

Common (affects 1 to 10 users in 100): discomfort.

Uncommon (affects 1 to 10 users in 1,000): swelling, dry eyes, corneal eye staining, sensitivity to light, blurred vision, abnormal sensation, increased tear production, eyelid crusting, itching, irritation, redness, foreign body sensation in the eye.

Not known (cannot be estimated from the available data): glaucoma, corneal ulcer, increased pressure in your eye (s), reduced vision, corneal disorder, drooping of eyelid, pain, increase in pupil size, cataract, perforation.

- **You may experience effects in other areas of your body including:**

Uncommon: taste disturbance.

Not known: allergy, dizziness, headache, hormone problems: growth of extra body hair (particularly in women), muscle weakness and wasting, purple stretch marks on body skin, increased blood pressure, irregular or missing periods, changes in the levels of protein and calcium in your body, stunted growth

in children and teenagers and swelling and weight gain of the body and face (called 'Cushing's syndrome') (see section 2, "Warnings and precautions").

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

You can also report side effects directly via

HPRA Pharmacovigilance,

Earlsfort Terrace,

IRL - Dublin 2

Tel : + 353 1 6764971

Fax : + 353 1 6762517

Website : www.hpra.ie

Email : medsafety@hpra.ie

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. HOW TO STORE MAXIDEX

- Keep out of the reach and sight of children.
- Do not refrigerate or freeze or store above 25°C.
- Do not use the ointment after the expiry date (marked 'Exp') on the tube and the carton. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- **Throw away the tube 4 weeks after first opening**, to prevent infections.
- Medicines should not be disposed of via waste water or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.
- **Do not pass this medicine on to others.** It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

6. FURTHER INFORMATION

What MAXIDEX contains

- The active substance is dexamethasone 1 mg/g (0.1 % w/w).
- The other ingredients are anhydrous liquid lanolin, methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218), propyl parahydroxybenzoate (E216) and white soft paraffin.

What MAXIDEX looks like and contents of the pack

MAXIDEX is a colourless to slightly strawcoloured, slightly transparent ointment supplied in a pack containing a 3.5 g metal tube with a screw cap.

Marketing authorisation holder :

Alcon Laboratories (UK) Ltd.

Frimley Business Park, Frimley,

Camberley, Surrey, GU16 7SR,

United Kingdom.

Manufacturer :

SA Alcon-Couvreur NV

Rijksweg 14, B-2870 Puurs, Belgium.

This leaflet was last revised in 06/2017.

Alcon a Novartis company