

Package leaflet: Information for the user

Gabapentin 600 mg Film-coated tablets Gabapentin 800 mg Film-coated tablets Gabapentin

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

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2. What you need to know before you take Gabapentin Film-coated tablets
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1. What Gabapentin Film-coated tablets are and what they are used for

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets belong to a group of medicines used to treat epilepsy and peripheral neuropathic pain (long lasting pain caused by damage to the nerves).

The active ingredient in Gabapentin Film-coated tablets is gabapentin.

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets are used to treat:

- Various forms of epilepsy (seizures that are initially limited to certain parts of the brain, whether the seizure spreads to other parts of the brain or not). Your doctor will prescribe Gabapentin Film-coated tablets for you to help treat your epilepsy when your current treatment is not fully controlling your condition. You should take Gabapentin Film-coated tablets in addition to your current treatment unless told otherwise. Gabapentin Film-coated tablets can also be used on its own to treat adults and children over 12 years of age.
- Peripheral neuropathic pain (long lasting pain caused by damage to the nerves). A variety of different diseases can cause peripheral neuropathic pain (primarily occurring in the legs and/or arms), such as diabetes or shingles. Pain sensations may be described as hot, burning, throbbing, shooting, stabbing, sharp, cramping, aching, tingling, numbness, pins and needles etc.

2. What you need to know before you take Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

Do not take Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

if you are allergic to gabapentin or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets:

- if you suffer from kidney problems your doctor may prescribe a different dosing schedule
- if you are on haemodialysis (to remove waste products because of kidney failure), tell your doctor if you develop muscle pain and/or weakness
- if you develop signs such as persistent stomach pain, feeling sick and being sick contact your doctor immediately as these may be symptoms of acute pancreatitis (an inflamed pancreas).

- if you have nervous system disorders, respiratory disorders, or you are more than 65 years old, your doctor may prescribe you a different dosing regimen.

Cases of abuse and dependence have been reported for gabapentin from the post-marketing experience. Talk to your doctor if you have a history of abuse or dependence.

A small number of people being treated with anti-epileptics such as gabapentin have had thoughts of harming or killing themselves. If at any time you have these thoughts, **immediately contact your doctor**.

Important information about potentially serious reactions

A small number of people taking gabapentin get an allergic reaction or potentially serious skin reaction, which may develop into more serious problems if they are not treated. You need to know the symptoms to look out for while you are taking gabapentin.

Read the description of these symptoms in section 4 of this leaflet under ‘Contact your doctor immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms after taking this medicine as they can be serious’

Muscle weakness, tenderness or pain and particularly, if at the same time, you feel unwell or have a high temperature it may be caused by an abnormal muscle breakdown which can be life-threatening and lead to kidney problems. You may also experience discoloration of your urine, and a change in blood test results (notably blood creatine phosphokinase increased). If you experience any of these signs or symptoms, please contact your doctor immediately.

Other medicines and Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken or might take any other medicines. In particular, tell your doctor (or pharmacist) if you are taking or have been recently taking any medicines for convulsions, sleeping disorders, depression, anxiety, or any other neurological or psychiatric problems.

Medicines containing opioids such as morphine

If you are taking any medicines containing opioids (such as morphine), please tell your doctor or pharmacist as opioids may increase the effect of Gabapentin Film-coated tablets. In addition, combination of Gabapentin film-coated tablets with opioids may cause symptoms like sleepiness and/or decrease in breathing.

Antacids for indigestion

If Gabapentin Film-coated tablets and antacids containing aluminium and magnesium are taken at the same time, absorption of Gabapentin Film-coated tablets from the stomach may be reduced. It is therefore recommended that Gabapentin Film-coated tablets is taken at the earliest two hours after taking an antacid.

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets:

- is not expected to interact with other antiepileptic drugs or the oral contraceptive pill.
- may interfere with some laboratory tests, if you require a urine test tell your doctor or hospital what you are taking.

Taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets with food and drink

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets can be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy , breast-feeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breast feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Pregnancy

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets should not be taken during pregnancy, unless you are told otherwise by your doctor. Effective contraception must be used by women of child-bearing potential.

There have been no studies specifically looking at the use of gabapentin in pregnant women, but other medications used to treat seizures have reported an increased risk of harm to the developing baby, particularly when more than

one seizure medication is taken at the same time. Therefore, whenever possible, you should try to take only one seizure medication during pregnancy and only under the advice of your doctor.

Contact your doctor immediately if you become pregnant, think you might be pregnant or are planning to become pregnant while taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets. Do not suddenly discontinue taking this medicine as this may lead to a breakthrough seizure, which could have serious consequences for you and your baby.

Breast feeding

Gabapentin, the active substance of Gabapentin Film-coated tablets, is passed on through human milk. Because the effect on the baby is unknown, it is not recommended to breast-feed while using Gabapentin Film-coated tablets.

Fertility

There is no effect on fertility in animal studies.

Driving and using machines

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets may produce dizziness, drowsiness and tiredness. You should not drive, operate complex machinery or take part in other potentially hazardous activities until you know whether this medication affects your ability to perform these activities.

3. How to take Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Your doctor will determine what dose is appropriate for you.

Epilepsy, the recommended dose is:

Adults and adolescents:

Take the number of tablets as instructed. Your doctor will usually build up your dose gradually.

The **starting dose** will generally be between 300 mg and 900 mg each day. Thereafter, the dose may be increased as instructed by your doctor up to a maximum of 3600 mg each day and your doctor will tell you to take this in 3 separate doses, i.e. once in the morning, once in the afternoon and once in the evening.

Children aged 6 years and above:

The dose to be given to your child will be decided by your doctor as it is calculated against your child's weight.

The treatment is started with a low initial dose which is gradually increased over a period of approximately 3 days.

The usual dose to control epilepsy is 25-35 mg/kg/day.

It is usually given in 3 separate doses, by taking the tablet(s) each day, usually once in the morning, once in the afternoon and once in the evening.

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets is not recommended for use in children below 6 years of age.

Peripheral Neuropathic Pain, the usual dose is:

Adults:

Take the number of tablets as instructed by your doctor. Your doctor will usually build up your dose gradually.

The **starting dose** will generally be between 300 mg and 900 mg each day.

Thereafter, the dose may be increased as instructed by your doctor, up to a maximum of 3600 mg each day and your doctor will tell you to take this in 3 separate doses, i.e. once in the morning, once in the afternoon and once in the evening.

If you have kidney problems or are receiving haemodialysis

Your doctor may prescribe a different dosing schedule and/or dose if you have problems with your kidneys or are undergoing haemodialysis.

If you are an elderly patient (over 65 years of age)

you should take the normal dose of Gabapentin Film-coated tablets unless you have problems with your kidneys. Your doctor may prescribe a different dosing schedule and/or dose if you have problems with your kidneys.

If you have the impression that the effect of Gabapentin Film-coated tablets is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible.

Method of administration

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets is for oral use. Always swallow the capsules or tablets with plenty of water.

Continue taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets until your doctor tells you to stop.

If you take more Gabapentin Film-coated tablets than you should

Higher than recommended doses may result in an increase in side effects including loss of consciousness, dizziness, double vision, slurred speech, drowsiness and diarrhoea. **Call your doctor or go to the nearest hospital emergency unit immediately if you take more Gabapentin Film-coated tablets than your doctor prescribed.**

Take along any tablets that you have not taken, together with the container and the label so that the hospital can easily tell what medicine you have taken.

If you forget to take Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember unless it is time for your next dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

If you stop taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

Do not stop taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets unless your doctor tells you to. If your treatment is stopped it should be done gradually over a minimum of 1 week.

If you stop taking Gabapentin Film-coated tablets suddenly or before your doctor tells you, there is an increased risk of seizures.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Contact your doctor IMMEDIATELY if you experience any of the following symptoms after taking this medicine as they can be serious:

- severe skin reactions that require immediate attention, swelling of the lips and face, skin rash and redness and/or hair loss (these may be symptoms of a serious allergic reaction) persistent stomach pain, feeling sick and being sick as these may be symptoms of acute pancreatitis (an inflamed pancreas) breathing problems, which if severe you may need emergency and intensive care to continue breathing normally
- Gabapentin may cause a serious or life-threatening allergic reaction that may affect your skin or other parts of your body such as your liver or blood cells. You may or may not have rash when you get this type of reaction. It may cause you to be hospitalized or to stop gabapentin. Call your doctor right away if you have any of the following symptoms:
 - o skin rash
 - o hives
 - o fever
 - o swollen glands that do not go away
 - o swelling of your lip and tongue
 - o yellowing of your skin or of the whites of the eyes
 - o unusual bruising or bleeding
 - o severe fatigue or weakness
 - o unexpected muscle pain
 - o frequent infections

These symptoms may be the first signs of a serious reaction. A doctor should examine you to decide if you should

continue taking Gabapentin.

If you are on haemodialysis, tell your doctor if you develop muscle pain and/or weakness

Other side effects include:

Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people):

- viral infection
- dizziness
- lack of coordination
- viral infection
- feeling drowsy
- feeling tired
- fever

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- convulsions
- jerky movements
- difficulty with speaking
- loss of memory
- tremor
- difficulty sleeping
- headache
- sensitive skin
- decreased sensation (numbness)
- difficulty with coordination
- unusual eye movement
- increased, decreased or absent reflexes
- pneumonia, respiratory infections, urinary tract infection, inflammation of the ear or other infections
- low white blood cell counts
- anorexia
- increased appetite
- anger towards others
- confusion
- mood changes
- depression
- anxiety
- nervousness
- difficulty with thinking
- blurred vision, double vision
- vertigo
- high blood pressure
- flushing or dilation of blood vessels
- difficulty breathing, bronchitis, cough
- sore throat
- dry nose
- vomiting (being sick), nausea (feeling sick)
- problems with teeth, inflamed gums
- diarrhoea
- stomach pain
- indigestion
- constipation
- dry mouth or throat
- flatulence
- facial swelling
- bruises

- rash, itch
- acne
- joint pain, muscle pain, back pain
- twitching
- difficulties with erection (impotence)
- swelling in the legs and arms
- difficulty with walking
- weakness, pain
- feeling unwell
- flu-like symptoms
- decrease in white blood cells
- increase in weight
- accidental injury, fracture, abrasion

Additionally in clinical studies in children, aggressive behaviour and jerky movements were reported.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- agitation (a state of chronic restlessness and unintentional and purposeless motions)
- allergic reactions such as hives
- decreased movement
- racing heartbeat
- swelling that may involve the face, trunk and limbs
- abnormal blood test results suggesting problems with the liver
- mental impairment
- fall
- high blood sugar (most often observed in patients with diabetes)
- Difficulty swallowing

Rare (which may affect up to 1, 000 people):

- low blood sugar (most often observed in patients with diabetes)
- loss of consciousness
- Trouble breathing, shallow breaths (respiratory depression)

Side-effects for which the frequency cannot be estimated based on the available data:

- hyponatraemia

Since introduction to the market the following side-effects have been reported:

- acute kidney failure, incontinence
- inflammation of the liver, yellowing of the skin and eyes (jaundice);
- hallucinations
- problems with abnormal movements such as writhing, jerking movements and stiffness
- adverse events following the abrupt discontinuation of gabapentin (anxiety, difficulty sleeping, feeling sick, pain, sweating), chest pain
- increased breast tissue, breast enlargement
- decreased platelets (blood clotting cells)
- ringing in the ears
- a group of side effects that could include swollen lymph nodes (isolated small raised lumps under the skin), fever, rash, and inflammation of liver occurring together
- blood glucose fluctuations in patients with diabetes
- breakdown of muscle fibers (rhabdomyolysis)
- change in blood test results (creatinine phosphokinase increased)
- problems with sexual functioning including inability to achieve a sexual climax, delayed ejaculation
- low blood sodium level

- anaphylaxis (serious, potentially life threatening allergic reaction including difficulty breathing, swelling of the lips, throat, and tongue, and hypotension requiring emergency treatment)

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via HPRA Pharmacovigilance

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Website: www.hpra.ie

e-mail: medsafety@hpra.ie. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Gabapentin Film-coated tablets

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.
- Do not store above 30°C.
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton after 'EXP'. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Content of the pack and other information

What Gabapentin Film-coated tablets contain:

The active substance is Gabapentin. Each film-coated tablet has either 600 mg or 800 mg Gabapentin.

The other ingredients are:

Core tablet:

Maize starch, Copovidone, Poloxamer 407, Hydroxypropyl cellulose (E463), Magnesium Stearate(E572)

Coating:

Hydroxypropyl cellulose (E463), talc

Printing ink composition

Propylene glycol, Shellac glaze, Iron oxide black (E172), Ammonium hydroxide

What Gabapentin Film-coated tablets look like and contents of the pack:

600 mg Tablets are available as Approximately 17.25 mm X 10.15 mm white to off-white, Oval shaped, film coated tablets imprinted G1 on one side with black ink and plain on other side.

800 mg Tablets are available as Approximately 19.5 mm x 10 mm white to off-white, Capsule shaped, film coated tablets imprinted G2 on one side with black ink and plain on other side.

Gabapentin Film-coated tablets are packed in PVC/PVdC -aluminum blister packs of 20, 30, 50, 60, 90, 100, 200 and 500 tablets

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Accord Healthcare Ireland Ltd,

Euro House,

Euro Business Park,

Little Island,

Cork T45 K857,

Ireland

Manufacturer

Accord Healthcare Limited,
Sage house, 319, Pinner Road,
North Harrow, Middlesex HA1 4HF,
United Kingdom

This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

Member States	Invented Names
United Kingdom	Gabapentin 600/800 mg Film-coated Tablets
Ireland	Gabapentin 600/800 mg Film-coated Tablets
Portugal	Gabapentina Accord
Sweden	Gabapentin Accord 600/800 mg Filmdragerad Tabletter

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