Package leaflet: Information for the patient

FLUCLOXACILLIN 500MG CAPSULES
Flucloxacillin

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.
- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet
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2. What you need to know before you take Flucloxacillin Capsules
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1. WHAT FLUCLOXACILLIN CAPSULES ARE AND WHAT THEY ARE USED FOR

Flucloxacillin is an antibiotic used to treat infections by killing the bacteria that can cause them. It belongs to a group of antibiotics called “penicillins”.

Flucloxacillin Capsules are used in adults and children over the age of 10 years to treat:
• chest infections
• ear infections
• digestive system infections
• kidney, bladder or urethra (the tube which carries urine from the bladder) infections.

2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU TAKE FLUCLOXACILLIN CAPSULES

Do not take Flucloxacillin Capsules if you:
• have ever had an allergic reaction to flucloxacillin or any other penicillin antibiotics (see section 4, Possible side effects)
• have ever had an allergic reaction to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6, Contents of the pack and other information)
• have ever suffered from jaundice or liver problems after taking flucloxacillin

Warnings and precautions
Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Flucloxacillin Capsules if you:
• suffer from kidney problems, as you may require a lower dose than normal
• suffer from liver problems, as this medicine could cause them to worsen
• are 50 years of age or older
• have other serious illnesses (apart from the infection being treated by this medicine)
• are on a sodium restricted diet.
• are taking or will be taking paracetamol
There is a risk of blood and fluid abnormality (high anion gap metabolic acidosis) which occurs when there is an increase in plasma acidity, when flucloxacillin is used concomitantly with paracetamol, particularly in certain groups of patients at risk, e.g. patients with severe renal impairment, sepsis or malnutrition, especially if the maximum daily doses of paracetamol are used. High anion gap metabolic acidosis is a serious disease that must have urgent treatment.

The use of flucloxacillin, especially in high doses, may reduce the potassium levels in the blood (hypokalaemia). Your doctor may measure your potassium levels regularly during the therapy with higher doses of flucloxacillin.

Tests
Regular monitoring of liver and kidney function should be performed whilst taking flucloxacillin for a long period of time. Tell your doctor that you are taking flucloxacillin if you are having urine tests or blood tests because it may affect the results.

Children and adolescents
Flucloxacillin Capsules should not be administered to children under 10 years of age.

Other medicines and Flucloxacillin 500mg Capsules
Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines, especially:

- Probenecid or sulfinpyrazone (used to treat gout)
- Methotrexate (a chemotherapy drug)
- Oral typhoid vaccine (antibiotics can make this less effective)
- Sugammadex (used with general anaesthetics)
- Piperacillin (an antibiotic taken by injection)
- Warfarin (medicine to prevent blood clotting).
- other types of antibacterial treatments such as bacteriostatic agents (e.g. chloramphenicol and tetracyclines).
- Voriconazole (used against fungal infections)

Some medicines may affect the way others work. Always tell your doctor about all the medicines you are taking. This means medicines you have bought yourself as well as medicines on prescription from a doctor.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding
If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines
Flucloxacillin has no or negligible influence on the ability to drive and use machines.

Your medicine contains sodium
This medicine contains 26.4mg of sodium (main component of cooking/table salt) in each 500mg capsule. This is equivalent to 1.32% of the recommended maximum daily dietary intake of sodium for an adult. To be taken into consideration by patients on a controlled sodium diet.

3. HOW TO TAKE FLUCLOXACILLIN CAPSULES

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. Their directions may differ from the information contained in this leaflet. The pharmacist’s label should tell you how much to take and how often. If it does not, or you are not sure, check with your doctor or pharmacist.
When to take Flucloxacillin Capsules
Take your medicine on an empty stomach, at least 1 hour before or 2 hours after meals. It is important that you take your medicine at the right times.
To reduce the risk of pain in your oesophagus (the tube that connects your mouth with your stomach) swallow capsules with a full glass of water (250 ml) and do not lie down immediately after taking your capsules.

How much Flucloxacillin Capsules to take and when to take it
The dose will depend on the patient and will be decided by your doctor. However, the usual dose for adults, including the elderly, and children and adolescents over 10 years of age is 1 to 3 g a day in 3 to 4 equally divided doses.
If you suffer from severe kidney failure your doctor may give you lower or fewer doses.

If you take more Flucloxacillin Capsules than you should
If you (or someone else) accidentally take too much of your medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist immediately. Symptoms of an overdose include feeling or being sick and diarrhoea.

If you forget to take Flucloxacillin Capsules
If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember, then carry on as before. Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose you have missed.

If you stop taking Flucloxacillin Capsules
Keep taking your medicine until your doctor tells you to stop. Do not stop taking it just because you feel better. If you stop taking the medicine, your infection may return or get worse. If you are still unwell after taking all the medicine, go and see your doctor.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS
Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. If they occur, they are likely to be temporary, and not serious. However, some may be serious and may need medical attention.

STOP taking flucloxacillin and contact your doctor if you experience:
• Allergy or hypersensitivity including itchy rash, itching, sore mouth or eyes, swelling of the face, lips, throat or tongue or breathing problems
• Severe, bloody diarrhoea (pseudomembranous colitis). If bloody diarrhoea develops, flucloxacillin treatment should be discontinued and appropriate therapy, e.g. oral vancomycin should be initiated.
• Skin rash with circular, red patches (Erythema multiforme).
• Severe skin rash with flushing, fever, blisters or ulcers (Stevens-Johnson syndrome)
• Blistering or peeling of the skin, severe rash with reddening and swelling of the skin that resembles burns (toxic epidermal necrolysis)
• Jaundice (yellow colour in the skin and whites of the eyes) - can develop some weeks after taking this medicine. If this happens tell your doctor immediately.
Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following effects:

**Common** (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):
- Diarrhoea, stomach ache and feeling sick. This should be mild and wear off after a few days. If severe or longer lasting, tell your doctor.

**Uncommon** (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):
- Rash, itching, red/purple discolourations on the skin.

**Very rare** (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
- Kidney problems (may result in difficulty passing urine or blood in urine)
- Blood and lymphatic system disorders neutropenia (reduction in white blood cells) including agranulocytosis (serious low level of white blood cells). People with this condition are at very high risk of serious infections due to their suppressed immune system. Patients are advised to report any signs and symptoms of infection to their doctor.
- Unexplained bleeding, bruising or skin discolouration (may be caused by changes in the numbers of blood cells)
- Abnormal breakdown of red blood cells (haemolytic anaemia)
- Joint or muscle pain or fever (may develop 2 days after starting treatment)
- Seizures (convulsions)
- Changes in liver function test results (reversible when treatment is discontinued).
- Cases of blood and fluid abnormality (high anion gap metabolic acidosis) which occurs when there is an increase in plasma acidity, when flucloxacillin is used concomitantly with paracetamol, generally in the presence of risk factors (see section 2).

**Not known** (cannot be estimated from the available data): Serious skin reactions
- A red, scaly rash with bumps under the skin and blisters (exanthematous pustulosis).
- Low potassium levels in the blood (hypokalaemia), which can cause muscle weakness, twitching or abnormal heart rhythm.
- Pain in oesophagus (the tube that connects mouth with stomach) and other related symptoms, such as difficulties in swallowing, heartburn, throat irritation or chest pain.

Contact a doctor immediately if you get any of these symptoms.

**Some of these reactions to flucloxacillin can be delayed for up to 2 months after finishing the treatment.**

**Reporting of side effects**
If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system: HPRA Pharmacovigilance
Website: www.hpра.ie.
By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. **HOW TO STORE FLULOXACILLIN CAPSULES**

**Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.**
Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
Do not store above 25°C. Keep the blister in the outer carton in order to protect from light and moisture. Do not open the foil pouch until ready to use the product. Once opened the foil pouch may be discarded. Use within 3 months of opening the foil pouch.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. CONTENTS OF THE PACK AND OTHER INFORMATION

What Flucloxacillin Capsules contain
The active ingredient is flucloxacillin sodium. The 500mg capsules contain 500mg flucloxacillin as flucloxacillin sodium. The other ingredients are sodium starch glycolate (type A), magnesium stearate, red iron oxide (E172), yellow iron oxide (E172), black iron oxide (E172), titanium dioxide (E171) and gelatin; printing ink contains shellac, propylene glycol and black iron oxide (E172). Please see further information on sodium in section 2, What you need to know before you take your medicine.

What Flucloxacillin Capsules look like and contents of the pack
The 500mg capsules are elongated hard gelatin capsules approximately 2 cm in length with an opaque caramel body and opaque grey cap each printed ‘FXN 500’ in black ink. The capsules contain a granular off white powder.

Flucloxacillin 500mg Capsules are available in opaque blisters in an aluminium pouch containing 10, 16, 20, 24 or 28 capsules. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Manufacturer
Athlone Laboratories Limited, Ballymurray, Co. Roscommon, Ireland

Marketing Authorisation holder
Athlone Laboratories Limited
Ballymurray
Co. Roscommon
Ireland

Distributor: Clonmel Healthcare, Waterford Road, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary

This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:
IE: Flucloxacillin 500mg Capsules
DE: Flucloxacillin Altamedics 500mg Hartkapseln
SI: Flukloksacilin Altamedics 500mg trde Kapsule

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